THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION.

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GROVER FOR IT.

He Favors an Extra Session of Congress,

BUT WANTS IT TO BE A SHORT ONE

His Views Are Those of Speaker Crisp and Other Leaders.

NO PROMISES OF ADJOURNMENT

Are Forthcoming, the Indications Are That the Extra Session Will Be Called—The Press Club.

Washington, December 16.—(Special.)—Mr. Cleveland wants to call an extra session of congress immediately after the 4th of March, but has not yet definitely decided upon it.

A prominent member of the house was in New York this morning and talked the matter over with Mr. Cleveland. The president-elect stated that he was desirous of calling an extra session immediately after the 4th of March for the purpose of organizing the house in order that the ways and means committee could begin work preparing a tariff bill. He, however, does not want the extra session to continue longer than four weeks at the outside. If he knew that the house would organize and then both branches would pass an adjournment resolution, he would call an extra session; but he is afraid that congress would not adjourn if once called together and naturally he realizes that it is not to the best interests of the democratic party to have congress remain in session six or seven months immediately after his inauguration.

Mr. Cleveland stated that if he could receive assurances of adjournment within thirty days or less, he would call congress together immediately upon his inauguration. He wants the ways and means committee to be given authority to sit during the recess and to go to all parts of the country for the purpose of giving hearings on various articles affected by the tariff. He believes that if this could be done the democrats could formulate and pass a tariff bill that would be satisfactory to the people. If Mr. Cleveland can receive assurances that the called session will simply be for the purpose of organization, he will order it. It is believed these assurances can be given [illegible]

The Press Club Benefit.

The Press Club benefit at Albaugh's opera house, this afternoon, was a remarkable success. Nearly 200 prominent actors and actresses took part in the performance, and perhaps nothing like it has ever been seen on the American stage. The house realized to the Press Club over $8,000.

While many good hits were made, Colonel John R. Fellows, of New York, made one of the most popular turns of the afternoon with the audience. He closed the performance with a characteristic little speech and brought the audience down by stating that "Private" John Allen, of Mississippi, who was on the programme for a speech, had escaped and that therefore he was compelled to consume the time of both.

"When the Press Club," he said, "invited a speaker to speak, it expected him to speak, and would have a speech."

Speaker Crisp happened to be sitting in the center of the audience. Immediately every eye was turned upon him and the great audience went into thunderous applause, thereby evidencing the popularity of the speaker with all classes of people in Washington, and especially with the newspaper men.

Mr. Blaine's Condition.

While the condition of Mr. Blaine is not such as to cause immediate alarm, the ex-premier's condition is very serious. Indeed, his friends have but little hope of his recovery. He may last several months and it may only be a few days.

ON THE RIGHT LINE.

No More Steerage Passengers Will the Red Star Bring Over.

Washington, December 16.—Agents of the principal steamship lines appeared before the joint committee of immigration today in connection with the proposition to suspend immigration. Gustav H. Schwab, representing various trans-Atlantic steamship companies, made a general statement on behalf of the companies. He suggested that the examination of emigrants be left to European agents of steamship companies, the agents being under bonds. Senator Hill asked him how the United States could enforce these penalties this side of the Atlantic when they are operative on the other side. The United States could have no jurisdiction over European agents.

Mr. Schwab said the steamship companies are willing to be held responsible for their foreign agents.

At the conclusion of Mr. Schwab's address Senator Pfeffer asked if the companies would be willing to allow United States officers to assist in the examination of immigrants before leaving Europe. Mr. Schwab stated that the companies would not only permit but welcome such assistance and supervision by United States agents. In saying this, he represented all continental lines but not English lines.

Mr. Hale—What is the condition under which you propose to cease carrying steerage passengers?

Mr. Schwab—After the 1st of January we propose of our own motion to discontinue carrying steerage passengers without any reference to legislation.

At the close of the examination James A. Wright, Jr., of New York, second vice president of the International Navigation Company, addressed the committee in further explanation of the reasons which had led the Red Star line to discontinue the carrying of steerage passengers.

A NAVY SCANDAL.

Lieutenant Albert Dillingham, of the U. S. Navy, Sued for Divorce.

Washington, December 16.—Since the sensational Dickson scandal, and the still more sensational Todd scandal, a few days intervened before the appearance of No. 3, which became public yesterday, when Mrs. Mary L. Dillingham applied to the divorce court for a release from her husband, Lieutenant Albert C. Dillingham, of the United States navy.

Both parties to the suit are well known in Washington. A well-defined rumor of disagreement between them was afloat two years ago, and this has been confirmed by the fact that their paths have diverged for some time.

The bill for divorce was filed in court yesterday morning by Mrs. Dillingham's lawyer, but, under the precedent established in the Dickson case, which seems to have encouraged divorces in high life, the papers were kept from the inspection of any one but the attorneys interested. Mrs. Dillingham is at present with friends in Virginia, while Lieutenant Dillingham is aboard ship. He started six months ago, on a cruise with the training ship Portsmouth, to which he was assigned, and which is now in port in New York harbor.

Friends of the family say that their separation had been agreed upon more than a year ago by the husband and wife, and that they lived apart by mutual consent. They believed that the bill for divorce had been planned for when the tatutory time necessary to sue on the ground of desertion, which is two years in this jurisdiction, had expired, but that the charge of desertion concealed something graver behind it. The scandal had been much in evidence in the past. In 1890 Lieutenant Dillingham kept house with his family at 2024 N street, in the most fashionable section.

Since he gave up the house and the strained relations between the couple became a matter of general comment, neither the Lieutenant nor Mrs. Dillingham has moved so much in society as before the separation.

Lieutenant Dillingham has been in the navy since the war, although he is not so old as that term of service would imply, having began his career when very young. He is a member of the Metropolitan and the Army and Navy clubs.

Mrs. Dillingham is a handsome and highly cultured lady, who has always been popular in society. They have one son, who is about seventeen years old.

WASHINGTON GOSSIP.

General Rosecrans Improving—The Cabinet Meeting, Etc.

Washington, December 16.—General Rosecrans continues to improve. He asked to go driving today and was only dissuaded because of the inclemency of the weather.

The president this morning received the actors who participated in the benefit to the National Capital Press Club. He presented each of the ladies with flowers.

The cabinet meeting was attended today by all members except Secretaries Tracy and Rusk. The former is in New York, the latter is on his way home from Florida.

General Rosecrans has improved so much of late that the family has determined to take him to California within a few weeks.

Secretary Foster this afternoon dismissed twenty-five immigrant and contract labor inspectors. He directed Commissioner Weber to make reductions and dismissals at New York among the immigrant force.

The youngest man in the next house will be Thomas Settle, the only republican elected to congress from North Carolina, last fall. He is in his twenty-eighth year. He was on the floor of the house yesterday, and was introduced to a number of members by Representative Houk.

A DECIDED SUCCESS

Was the Benefit to the National Capital Press Club Yesterday.

Washington, December 16.—The benefit to the National Capital Press Club was given at Albaugh's opera house this afternoon and proved as great a success as even the newspaper men could desire. The two houses of congress, the supreme court, and army and navy each contributed towards making the most brilliant audience which ever witnessed a theatrical performance. Many New York favorites came down in a special train in order to participate, returning to that city in time for the evening performance. About $7,000 was realized.

COLONEL FRENCH IS DEAD.

The Proprietor of a Large Stock Farm in Tennessee.

Nashville, Tenn., December 16.—(Special.)—Colonel John H. French, of McMinnville, died here today at the age of seventy-five years of pneumonia contracted at his farm "Jolly Island," a farm containing 1,000 acres of land and situated on the Tennessee river forty miles above Chattanooga. This farm Colonel French inherited from his uncle, Thomas Hopkins, one of the pioneers of Tennessee. This land was involved in a law suit for fifty years and the case is now considered one of the most interesting litigations in the history of the courts of this state. Finally Colonel French won the suit and took possession. Since he has improved it, and it is one of the finest stock farms in the state.

Colonel French was, during his life, a breeder of fine horses and at one time owned the celebrated mare Belle Key. He came to Tennessee when quite young from Virginia. He leaves three children—Mrs. E. T. Neel, Miss L. Virginia French of this city, and Mr. W. T. French, the iron manufacturer of Chattanooga. His wife, Mrs. L. Virginia French, the poet and author, died several years ago.

THE REPORT IS ABSURD.

That Is What Archbishop Ireland Says About the Rumor of Satolli's Recall.

St. Paul, Minn., December 16.—Archbishop Ireland today said the report that Monsignor Satolli has been recalled was absurd. He said it had been circulated by those who suffered defeat by his presence and would be delighted to create public opinion adverse to his influence. The archbishop said those who were sincere in regard to the school question should now be satisfied after hearing the pope's views through Monsignor Satolli on such a burning question.

Archbishop Ireland added that Monsignor Satolli's address at the conference of archbishops in New York had received the pope's approval and that the controversy was finally settled. He said Monsignor Satolli had also received ample power to settle all disputes between the bishops and priests. He is to have two assistants from the eminent clergy and his decision will be final.

NO LABOR CONGRESS

Will Be Held During the World's Fair—The Proposition Defeated.

Philadelphia, December 16.—The Federation of Labor this morning resumed discussion of the proposition to hold a labor congress during the world's fair, and it was defeated by an overwhelming vote. The following are the resolutions:

"That the American Federation of Labor and affiliated bodies demand of their respective legislatures the enactment of laws embracing one of the following propositions:

"1. Shall create a board commissioners to be selected by the people and to consist of as many members as there are congressional districts in the state. The committee only shall have power to call out the militia, after an investigation of the labor difficulties, in conjunction with the governor.

"2. That in case of labor difficulties it shall be unlawful for the governor to call out the militia for the suppression of the same, except upon a petition signed by at least one-fourth of the qualified voters of the county wherein the trouble may exist.

"We further recommend as a remedy for the employment of Pinkerton and other armed forces, that we demand the enactment of laws by the several states of the union, prohibiting non-residents from serving as peace officers."

It was also recommended that the Federation refuse, under any circumstances, to permit any member to enlist, under any circumstances, in the National Guard and that the members now enlisted withdraw as soon as they can lawfully do so, unless one or the other propositions herein proposed be embodied in the state laws.

He Has Millions.

Spokane, Wash., December 16.—Arthur S. Higgins, better known as Spokane's "Monte Christo," sold an interest in his Cascade property to S. S. St. John, of Great Northern, for $25,000, which was paid to him in $20 gold pieces. He claims he has several properties in Cascade including his big cave, which will net him over $3,000,000.

He Was "Long" of Stocks.

New York, December 16.—The failure of Broker J. C. Morris, 60 Broadway, was announced at the consolidated exchange this morning. He was "long" of financial stocks which within a few days have suffered a sharp decline.

LOWER AND LOWER

Come the Estimates on the Cotton Crop of This Year.

BRADSTREETS GIVES INVESTIGATION

And Correspondents Promptly Send Answers to Queries,

SHOWING A VERY GREAT REDUCTION

In Acreage and a Loss in Yield—Bradstreets Places the Total Crop at Not More Than 6,460,000 Bales.

New York, December 16.—Bradstreets' report on the cotton crop of 1892, '93 says the cotton crop of 1892 will be short. On this point there is unanimity of opinion quite unsurpassed. Our advices as to decreased cotton acreage, published last spring, are fully corroborated.

The report of Bradstreets contains the substance results from 1,985 correspondents in 671 cotton-growing counties, averaging nearly three replies to each county, in all covering about ninety-five per cent of the cotton-growing area in the United States.

Though the weather during the pickings this year on the whole was not as good as last year; it still was so favorable for gathering the crop throughout the large area as to be worthy of notice. The fine showing made by the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida is worthy of note. In Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and Texas the showing in this respect is good to fair. Tennessee enjoyed fair weather. Starting with the southern Atlantic states and following the coast west we find most favorable answers to questions as to the top crop, closely agreeing with the reports regarding picking weather. The same is naturally true as to the quality of the crop. The best reports to those questions come from the Carolinas, Georgia and Florida where the crop has been gathered in excellent condition with the staple white and clean, though a little short in places and the lint dry and light, thus affecting the weight of bales; with little complaint of frost damage, though the lateness of the season is naturally affected unfavorably by late growth.

From Alabama, Mississippi and the southwest, there is more talk of damage from frost, with naturally fewer advices as to a good top crop and quality, particularly in Alabama and Mississippi. The showing made by Arkansas, due to a late wet fall and frosts, is a poor one. The question on the crop movement brings out the statement that the crop is moving faster than usual. The large decrease in acreage planted with cotton this year is conceded the most powerful influence towards reducing the yield. This was aided by the lateness of the planting season, by excessive rains in June and July in most of the states, by overflows in the Mississippi valley and by damage from worms in the lower Mississippi valley.

The heaviest percentage of decrease comes from Arkansas and Florida, the former's decrease in acreage being emphasized by bad weather, while the enlarged area put into other crops amply explains the latter's decrease. Mississippi, Louisiana and Tennessee report heavy decreases in yield, also due to the causes already mentioned. The Alabama decrease is also large. In the Atlantic states this tendency is rather less pronounced. The smallest decrease is naturally looked for in Texas, but even there a falling off, judged by correspondents' replies, is pronounced.

The summary of returns received indicates that the probable total yield will not exceed 6,460,000 bales.

WILL SEND ALL THE NEWS.

The Southern Associated Press Will Be Above All Others.

New York, December 16.—The directors of the Southern Associated Press have been in session here for three days. All arrangements for the Southern Associated Press service have been completed. A contract has been made with the Western Union Telegraph Company. Several additional southern newspapers have been given the privilege of entering the southern report, and now there is virtually no newspaper in the south, receiving telegraph news, that does not receive it from the Southern Associated Press—which is now the successor in Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Mississippi, Louisiana and East Tennessee, of the United, New York and Western Associated Press.

Mr. O. C. Hatlon, who has for many years so satisfactorially made up the report for southern newspapers, while being served by the New York Associated Press, has been elected and accepted the Washington agency of the Southern Associated Press.

The news reports are to be much improved and every facility to make it the best report ever sent south, has been acquired.

Grover Cleveland will receive the Southern Press representatives tomorrow at noon, Directors attending the meeting here are Evan P. Howell, T. T. Stockton, J. H. Estill, Adolph S. Oachs, and J. C. Hemphill, and Treasurer P. Walsh. Representatives are also here from New Orleans, Richmond, Norfolk and Savannah.

ROBERTS WAS CAUGHT

And He Will Have a Hard Row to Hoe—He Killed Landon Croswhite.

Bristol, Tenn, December 16.—(Special.) Special Officers Charles Robertson, "Bart" Moore, F. M. Davidson and J. D. Carter, of Scott county, Va., arrived here over the South Atlantic and Ohio railroad this afternoon, having in charge the notorious Irvin Roberts, who shot old man Landon Croswhite from ambush December 1st as the latter was returning from Mountain City to his home in Shady Valley.

The officers captured Roberts in the mountains of Hancock county, Tenn. They have been on his trail since last week. He first went to Wallace, where he scouted for two days in the woods and in a cave, where his brother carried food to him. He went from there to Duffield, Va., and then struck the main road for Sneedville.

The officers left here this afternoon with the prisoner for Mountain City, which is a day's drive from here. When the son of Mr. Croswhite was here last week in search of Roberts, he intimated that the murderer would not be hard to manage when he had done with him, and it is now feared that Roberts will never reach Mountain City alive, as he must go near the Croswhite residence.

The feud that has existed between the two families for years is now at fever heat and there is no telling what will happen.

IS PROHIBITION DOOMED?

Indications That South Carolina Will No Have It.

Columbia, S. C., December 16.—(Special.)—One more effort was made in the house today to prevent the passage of the railroad coercion bill, but the reformers put it through to the tune of eighty-six to thirty-seven and it was sent to the clerks to be enrolled for ratification. Four of the reformers who voted against the bill asked to have it recorded that they did so, because they thought it ought to be amended and the house had refused to accept the amendments offered by its friends. I have heard it stated by a person who claims to be informed that Governor Tillman will veto the measure passed by his closest adherents.

The bill to redistrict the state and put Charleston in the black district was continued until next session. Whether or not it will be brought up will depend probably upon who is put forward against Brawley of Charleston, for congress.

Prohibition Knocked Out.

The proceedings in the senate today indicate that the bottom has been knocked out of prohibition, notwithstanding the large vote by which the Childs bill passed the house. A motion was made to require the judiciary committee to report the bill at once. In supporting this Senator Findley declared that if it were not reported today it would not be passed. The motion was overwhelmingly defeated and the bill will not be reported before Monday.

Senator John Gary Evans' scheme to change the system of county government seems to be dead.

TO EFFECT A RECONCILIATION

Between the Younger Blaine and His Wife the Object of Father Ducey.

Baltimore, December 16.—The recent report that Hon. James G. Blaine was about to become a Catholic, is revived here through the visit of Father Ducey, of New York. The story that Mr. Blaine would change his faith originated from a visit paid by Cardinal Gibbons and Father Ducey to the ex-secretary on Monday. The statesman is said to have expressed a wish to see the churchmen and talk with them on religious matters, as he feared his lease of life was rapidly growing less.

A new theory as to the visit of his eminence and Father Ducey to Mr. Blaine, is advanced by a well informed Catholic of this city, who says: "The assistance of these churchmen is being invoked to secure a reconciliation between James G. Blaine, Jr., and his divorced wife. It will be remembered that Father Ducey played a conspicuous part in this unhappy matrimonial alliance. He married the couple and the ex-secretary has held him responsible for the trouble resulting. A few months ago the statesman wrote a long letter scoring Father Ducey for his part in the marriage, and dividing the blame between the priest and the bride. This unfortunate marriage has been a source of constant sorrow to the Plumed Knight, and the closing act in the matrimonial drama which saw the legal separation of his son, brought increased pain.

"Father Ducey has been the clerical adviser of Mrs. James G. Blaine, Jr., who is a Catholic. He was opposed to the divorce proceedings and Mrs. Blaine, Jr., was not entirely in sympathy with the idea of violating the rule of her church.

"My theory of the matter is that a reconciliation is possible between the estranged parties. The senior Blaine, I have reason to believe, would prefer before he dies to see his only son reconciled to his wife and for that reason has asked the intercession of Cardinal Gibbons and Father Ducey."

Card from James G., Jr.

The following card was issued from Mr. Blaine's residence at 10 o'clock tonight:

"17 Madison Place, Washington, D. C., December 16, 1892.—Mrs. Blaine in reply to the many letters of anxious inquiry sent her on this subject, asks me to state that there is not the slightest truth in the report that Mr. Blaine has entered the Roman Catholic church, and that nothing could be further from his thoughts or intention. It should be needless to state that Father Ducey has never been in the house.

"JAMES G. BLAINE, JR."

At a late hour tonight James G. Blaine, Jr., was authority for the statement that the condition of his father had improved.

WANTS A DIVORCE.

Perry C. Collins, of Cleveland, Sues for a Separation from His Wife.

Lima, O., December 16.—An immense sensation was created here today by the summons received from Cleveland in a divorce suit filed there by Perry C. Collins against his wife, Catherine Collins, who is at present living here in a house of bad reputation. Collins is at present transfer agent at the Hollenden hotel, Cleveland, and is the son of Samuel Collins, one of our prominent and wealthy citizens. Mrs. Collins was formerly Miss Catherine Fenelon, of Dayton, where she is well connected. The couple were married in Dayton nine years ago, and resided here until four years ago, when they moved to Cleveland. Mrs. Collins deserted her husband to lead a life of shame. She came here several weeks ago, and first stopped at the house of Mme. Clara Kellogg, but afterwards went to Jennie Snyder's, on North Tanner street, where she is at present, and where the summons reached her today. The matter became public and created great surprise among her former acquaintances. She is a handsome woman, and several years ago was regarded as one of the belles of Dayton society.

HERE'S DIRECT TRADE.

Steamers of the Prince Line Plying Between Charleston and the Mediterranean.

Cmarleston, S. C., December 16.—(Special.)—The steamship Spanish Prince, of the new Charleston, Barcelona and Genoa line left New York for this city Wednesday and is expected here Sunday. She will take on a cargo of cotton for Barcelona. The Merchant Prince will follow her and will make the second trip in about ten days. Her cargo has been engaged for Genoa. The Merchant Prince is now at Boston.

These two vessels are the pioneers of a direct line of steamships to be run by Knott, the owner of the Prince steamship line, between this port and Barcelona and Genoa. Knott is said to be one of the wealthiest ship owners in the world and has vessels plying between all the important ports on the globe. He has established a fortnightly service between Charleston and the Mediteranean. The vessels have not only the finest freight capacity but also accommodation for a number of passengers and to this department of the business sepcial attention will be directed.

PECULIAR COMPLICATIONS

Growing Out of the Eight Hour Law Among Government Employees.

Florence, Ala., December 16.—(Special.)—The eight hour law which is enforced on all government work on the upper Tennessee river is the cause of vigorous complaint from all steamboat men whose boats have to pass through the Muscle Shoals canal.

Under the present arrangement, the men at the canal are not allowed to work longer than the allotted eight hours, and boats arriving at the canal in the interval are compelled to tie up and wait until the canal men go to work again.

Unless a change is soon made, the trade of the upper river will be seriously affected as the captains of several boats that occasionally go above Florence, are thinking of abandoning the upper trade entirely.

The men at the canal are paid by the hour and many of them would like to work longer than eight hours for the additional pay, but under the law they are not allowed to do so.

JACK IN HAVANA.

Manager Kelley Showing the Cubans How to Play Ball.

Mobile, Ala., December 16.—The All-American baseball team, now in Cuba under the management of John F. Kelly, of Mobile, has played five games with the Cubans and won four, having been defeated in the first game only. A letter today announced that the last victory for the Americans was won by a score of 13 to 1. The games were played before large crowds, the attendance at the last game being 5,000. The team will stay in Havana until January next. Another team, under the management of George Burbridge, of Macon, Ga., is organizing and will visit Cuba and play with the American team there.

A Preacher Charged with Wife Murder.

Wellington, O., December 16.—Rev. John Arnold has been arrested here, charged with murdering Eliza Arnold, his wife, by stabbing her in the throat with a penknife. Arnold is an ordained minister of the United Brethren church.

A HORRIBLE SIGHT,

But the Toughs of Paris Enjoyed It Heartily.

EXECUTION OF CRAMPTON YESTERDAY

He Died Like a Coward, and Resisted the Officers,

BUT THE AX SOON CUT OFF HIS HEAD.

On a Drunken Spree He Broke Into a Wine Shop and Killed Two Men Who Tried to Arrest Him.

Paris, December 16.—Eugene Crampton, the murderer of two men, was guillotined this morning and the canille that gathered to see the execution greately enjoyed the spectacle afforded by the miserable, cowardly wretch, as he was literally carried to the guillotine.

At 7 p. m. the prison doors swung inward, and the procession could be seen approaching. Crampton, who was in the agony of fear was supported by warders and accompanied by a priest, who as he walked, read the services for the dying. The grim and awful red guillotine loomed up directly ahead of the little party. It was only a few steps from the prison. After walking a few feet Crampton raised his eyes and saw it. With a terrible shriek he threw himself backwards and fell to the ground. All efforts to induce him to rise were fruitless and he grovelled on the flagstones, begging most piteously for his life. To a person of any sensibility the scene was one of the deepest horror, but the crowd of roughs and abandoned women took the keenest delight in witnessing the abject fear and listening to the frantic appeals of the murderer. It became necessary for the executioner's assistants to lift Crampton to his feet, but even then he hung limp in their arms, and they were compelled to carry him to the guillotine. While some of the assistants supported him others quickly bound him and threw him against the bascule. Even then he did not cease his struggles. His contortions were terrible but they did not last long.

The bascule was dropped into place and the assistants shoved it forward until Crampton's neck rested in the lunette. Then "Monseur de Paris," attired, as usual, in a conventional frock coat, and silk hat, touched the spring holding the knife. Silently and like a streak of light the blade fell and Crampton's head dropped into the open basket awaiting it.

The execution was the most horrible one that has been witnessed in Paris in many years. The crowd, highly pleased with the entertainment the state had afforded them, dispersed, laughing and joking with each other.

Crampton was an old offender against the law. On the night of March 3rd, last, he, in company with two accomplices, went to a billiard room of the wine shop in the Rue St. Denis. They broke into an adjoining room and were plundering it when the landlady of the place entered and surprised them. The woman gave a signal of the presence of thieves and a number of men followed and were gaining when Crampton turned and shot two, wounding the third.

"GOODBY, GENTLEMEN,"

Sang Out James Slavin as He Dropped Through the Trap.

Cornwall, Ont., December 16.—James Slavin, alias MacMahon, was executed here this morning for the murder of Captian Davey. He met death coolly. Before he dropped he sung out "Goodby gentlemen." The crime for which he was executed was the killing of Constable J. R. Davey on September 5th last. Slavin was twenty-four years old and was a native of this town, his father being a pensioner of the British government, having been through the Crimean and Chinese wars.

Hanging at Mount Pleasant.

Charleston, S. C., December 16.—Joseph Jenkins, colored, was hanged at Mt. Pleasant, Berkley county, today for the murder and robbery of Mr. John Morgan, a Johns island store keeper.

HAVE BEEN ARRESTED.

DeLesseps and Other Directors of the Panama Canal Company Nabbed.

Paris, December 16.—Charles de Lesseps and Marius Etienne Fontane and San Leroy have been arrested for their alleged connection with the Panama canal frauds. Henri Loqus Felix Cotteau has fled to Vienna.

News of the arrest of the Panama directors caused a sensation in the chamber of deputies and much excitement in the lobbies. The police have been making a wholesale descent today in search of documents and other evidence for use in the prosecution of the Panama canal directors and others accused.

The penalties to which the heads of the Panama Company have made themselves liable, should prosecution be established, are one year's imprisonment at least, and five at most, and a fine of from two pounds to 120 pounds. A convict may also be deprived of his civil rights from the day on which he leaves the prison for five years at least, and ten years at most, and be, moreover, forbidden to vote at legislative, municipal or other elections; to carry arms or to act as guardian.

THEY FORGED CHECKS

In Order to Raise Money to Speculate in Cotton.

London, December 16.—The firm of Reynolds & Gibson, cotton brokers, Liverpool, is being sued at the Liverpool assizes on a claim of £520,000 by the bank of Liverpool, being money obtained from the bank on forged checks by Parry Lunt and John Wilson, manager and cashier of the firm. The bank claims that Lunt and Wilson had the authority to sign checks for the firm, while Reynolds & Co. claim that the check bore evidence of tampering, and should have not been paid by the bank. Lunt and Wilson were convicted of embezzelment and sentenced to imprisonment. They had been endeavoring to bolster up a cotton syndicate, and detection of their operations nearly caused a panic in the market.

THEY WORK THE BANKS,

But Just Now Are Under Arrest at Huntsville, Ala.

Huntsville, Ala., December 16.—(Special.) E. A. Wolfe and Mrs. M. A. Earle, who seem to be professional forgers of bank drafts, are under arrest here and everything points to their being the same parties who figured in Knoxville, Tenn., two days ago with a third party by the name of Hoyte and also in Tocoma, Wash., about the 27th of October, where they got two banks there to cash drafts on the Chase National bank, of New York, for about fifteen hundred dollars.

Wednesday afternoon just before the banks closed at 3 o'clock Wolfe went to the Farmers and Merchants' National bank with a draft for $295, No. 2917, payable to him, drawn by W. Wallace, cashier of the Commercial National bank of Tacoma on the Chase bank of New York. The Tacoma bank having been heard from that the draft was a forgery, the cashier refused to cash it and as Wolfe turned to go out the chief of police took him in charge and placed him in jail. Mrs. Earle is under guard at the Huntsville hotel.

Hoyte was sending cipher dispatches to Wolfe yesterday from Savannah or Augusta, Ga., and his pals are being held here in order to try and get him, for which purpose the matter has been kept silent for several days.

SAFE BLOWING

At King's Mountain, N. C.—What the Robbers Got.

Charlotte, N. C., December 16.—(Special.)—Safeblowers got in some successful work at Kings mountain last night. They blew a safe open with dynamite and got away with $2,000 in cash.

Carpenter Brothers conduct quite an extensive business in general merchandise at King's Mountain and on the 15th of each month, the day the railroad hands are paid off, they generally have a good deposit of cash in the safe in their store so as to be able to cash the checks of the railroad hands.

When they closed their store last night they had $2,000 in cash in their safe. The bulk of the money belonged to the firm, but a small portion of it was deposited by customers for safe keeping.

Shortly after midnight a man who slept in a building adjoining Carpenter Brothers' store, was awakened by an explosion that fairly shook the building. He could not divine the cause, but located the explosion in Carpenter's store. He spent some time in getting a light and when he eventually got into the store the safeblowers had secured the money and vanished with it. The storeroom was filled with smoke and smelled strongly with the fumes of dynamite.

The safe door had been torn from its hinges and hurled entirely across the room by the force of the explosion. A large hole had been drilled in the door just above the combination knob and dynamite was poured through into the interior of the door in liberal quantities.

The burglars effected an entrance to the store by boring a hole in the door a removing a bolt.

The town was alarmed and on the move within ten minutes after the explosion, but no trace of the burglars could be found. They had vanished as into the air. Besides the $2,000 in cash they carried off a lot of valuable papers, including land deeds. The papers and money were in a drawer and they simply pulled out the drawer and carried it and its contents away.

HE PULLED DOWN THE BLINDS.

And His Prisoner Made His Escape—A Girl's Strategy.

New York, December 16.—With the assistance of his sweetheart, Isabelle Sheffield, a young bookkeeper named Richard Kyle this afternoon succeeded in escaping from the Tombs prison keeper. Kyle was arrested last November charged with forgery and held for trial. The bail was considered excessive and Kyle was brought from the prison to the supreme court chamber where a motion was made to reduce his bail. The argument was postponed and Kyle remanded. In addition to the officer Kyle was accompanied by his sweetheart. The trio on the way to the Tombs stopped at a saloon and entered a private room. Then the girl asked the officer to pull down the blinds and while doing so Kyle escaped. The young woman threw her arms around the officer's neck and prevented him from giving chase.

Crushed Spiders as a Fever Remedy.

San Luis Potosi, Mexico, December 16.—The terrible ravages of typhus fever in this city are becoming more alarming every day. There was a large increase in the death rate during the past week over that of the previous seven days. A cure for the fever, which was described by Father Jose Ortis, of the City of Mexico, is being used with remarkable success on those who can be induced to take it. This remedy is a drink made by pounding spiders of a certain species in a pulp, a little pure water being added to the paste. Convalescence sets in within six hours, and the patient's recovery is very rapid. Father Ortis obtained this remedy from the Indians of Oaxaca. The spiders used are of the variety known here as the Aranas capulitas.

Dress Reform in Mexico.

City of Mexico, December 16.—One of the things most notable to a stranger to Mexico upon his visit to the country is the scant and peculiar garb worn by the lower classes of men. The dress is a pair of white drawers and a loose-fitting blouse. The present national congress is agitating seriously the Mexicans and Indians throughout the republic to wear trousers. Several of the larger cities of Mexico had had a municipal law prohibiting the wearing of drawers, but the lower classes protested so vigorously against its enforcement that the old custom still prevails. This white cotton garb is very cheap and comfortable, and if the proposed national measure is passed by congress much trouble will be experienced by the authorities in placing it into effect.

Was the Judge's Touch Down.

New Haven, December 16.—A fine of $100, the extreme penalty, was inflicted by Judge R. S. Pickett, at the city court this afternoon upon James A. McCrea, of Pittsburg, and J. M. Wyrehause, of St. Paul, Minn., the Yale students, who were charged with breach of the peace, on December 3d, during the celebration of the successful football season by the Freshman class.

Recommended Their Prosecution.

London, December 16.—The receiver in London charged with the liquidation of the affairs of the Mercantile bank, of Australia, which recently failed, has advised the government of Victoria to prosecute the managers, directors and auditors at Melbourne for issuing fraudulent balance sheets.

Murdered His Wife.

Bridgeton, N. J., December 16.—At Greenwich, a small hamlet near here, George Bowers was murdered by his wife early this morning, while the woman was suffering from a temporary fit of insanity.

In His Father's Place.

Boston, December 16.—George Gould was today elected a director of the Union Pacific railroad, vice his father, deceased. Sydney Dillon Ripley was also appointed director in place of Sydney Dillon.

A Cool but Brilliant Proceeding.

Louisville, December 16.—A stranger walked into Joseph Mandel's pawnshop, on East Market street, yesterday afternoon, pointed a pistol at the proprietor, picked up $1,500 worth of diamonds, stepped out, boarded a car and escaped.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES.

Two fresh cases of cholera were reported in Hamburg yesterday.

George Scarrett, head of the well-known publishing house in Vienna, is dead.

Henry W. Gould, president of the Gould Car Coupler Company, died in Buffalo, N. Y., yesterday.

Ex-Governor Person C. Cheny, of New Hampshire, recently appointed minister to Skitzerland, arrived in New York yesterday. He will leave for Switzerland January 7th.

Bishop Spalding, of Peora, will be coadjutor to Archbishop Kendrick, of the St. Louis diocese. The conclusion of the suffrage bishop.

Emanuel Brunswick, a wealthy manufacturer of San Francisco, was killed in Chicago Thursday night while attempting to board a cable train.

Jean Georges Hachette, the well-known French publisher, is dead. He was the second son of the celebrated editor, Louis Hachette, founder of the publishing house which bears his name.

AT BREAKFAST

The Good People of Macon Can Now Read Their Constitutions.

EARLY TRAINS TO SOUTH GEORGIA

Bear the Greatest Paper in the South to Subscribers—News of the Day in Macon.

Macon, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Subscribers to The Constitution were agreeably surprised this morning when they opened their doors and found The Constitution lying on their front porches containing all the latest news of the world.

"How did it get here?" was the question freely asked, but no one could answer.

It all happened in this way. Yesterday morning Mr. R. A. Hempbill, assistant business manager of The Constitution, walked into the Macon office of The Constitution and announced that he had come to complete arrangements for placing the paper in the homes and offices of the subscribers before sunrise every morning.

All the details of the arrangements were completed before sunset, and at 5 o'clock this morning all the carrier boys were at the East Tennessee depot ready to receive their quota of papers, which had arrived on the early train from Atlanta. Within an hour and a half every subscriber had received his paper.

Some of the boys are telling it as a good joke on a certain prominent attorney who came down to his office at an unusually early hour this morning, and was congratulating himself upon the amount of work he expected to accomplish before noon, but when he arrived at his office and found his Constitution under his door, he stepped back in astonishment and pulled out his watch to see if he had not overslept himself.

Many were the compliments heard on the streets today at this renewed evidence on the part of The Constitution to serve its Macon patrons.

Several new names were added to the subscription list today and more expected tomorrow. It is now an assured fact that The Constitution will reach Macon every morning at 3:45 o'clock and subscribers can read "the greatest paper in the south" at their breakfast tables.

Mr. T. P. Cooper can be found at The Constitution office in Burr Brown's store on Mulberry street and will make arrangements for the delivery of papers. Mr. Cooper also has temporary charge of the bureau for business and local news service.

An Important Suit Filed.

Mr. S. A. Reid, attorney for Mrs. M. E. cruing from this, $1,324,000 worth of prop- Whitehead, and Whitehead & Thompson, filed a suit in the superior court which may effect every tax payer in Bibb county.

It seems that the above parties returned their property at a certain amount, which they believe its true value, and swore to the judgment saw fit to raise the assessment same. That the board of equalizers in their several hundred dollars. Plaintiff's deeming this unjust, tendered the tax receiver a sum of money sufficient to the taxes on their property as per their original returns. This the tax receiver refuse to accept and demanded payment of the whole amount as made by the body of equalizers. The plaintiffs claim that the act by the board was illegal and demand that the tax receiver be enjoined from collecting taxes for the aditional assessment. The case will be heard December 24.

The board of equalization raised the valuation of Bibb county property, $1,324,000, and if this suit is decided in favor of White head, hundreds of other taxpayers will ask that their assessments be also reduced to the original amount. It is likely, therefore, that Bibb county will loose the taxes acerty.

Will Be Sold.

The Macon brewery property will be sold under an order of court, January 12, 1893. This order was granted at the request of the creditors. The company has been in the hands of a receiver for more than a year and has failed to meet even its running expenses.

It is generally regarded as the finest plant in the state, and several parties are preparing to bid on it.

THE CENTRAL STRIKE.

A Warrant Sworn Out Against One of the Telegraphers.

Macon, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Today in the federal court, W. P. Epperson, trainmaster of the main stem of the Central, made a lengthy affadavit charging J. W. Stevens, one of the striking operators, with contempt.

The affadavit is a lengthy document. The specific charge against Stephens is that on the morning of the strike, December 12th, the following telegram was sent from Griffin:

Telegraphic Train Order No. 24, Superintendent's Office, Griffin, Ga., December 12, 1892—To Macon junction to C & E of all trains west; broken rail near two hundred and eighty-two (282) mile post, little over a mile west of Forest; look out for it. Signed, W. P. E."

The affadavit further alleges that at 2 o'clock p. m. Ramsey Tobey Sothers formed a conspiracy and sent a telegram to all operators and despatchers on the Central system ordering a strike. That upon receipt of the telegram, Stephens nailed down the windows of the office, locked the door and did not deliver the telegram.

Stephens was arrested in the city today and carried before Judge Speer. The case will be called at 10 o'clock tomorrow. Stephens was released on his own recognizance.

Four more operators were arrested tonight by deputy marshals on the charge of conspiracy to embarrass the United States court. The striking operators have filed a petition asking for relief against H. M. Comer as receiver of the road. All the arrested operators have been released on their own recognizances and the case which comes up tomorrow at 10 o'clock promises to be extremely interesting. The United States court has now got squarely into the strike muddle.

Pronounced a Failure at Columbus.

Columbus, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—All business is progressing satisfactorily on the branches of the Savannah and Western division of the Central railroad. The places of the striking telegraph operators have been filled at the different stations and no further inconvenience is anticipated. The strike has proven a failure.

Robbed His Employer.

Athens, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Claiborne Sharp, a colored employe of Dr. John Crawford, was lodged in jail today for robbing the cash drawer of Crawford & Co. Sharp has been in the service of the firm for a long time and was trusted implicitly. He has been robbing the cash drawer systematically for more than a year and was caught today by the aid of a marked coin.

DR. PRICE'S DELICIOUS Flavoring Extracts
NATURAL FRUIT FLAVORS.
Vanilla Lemon Orange Rose
Of perfect purity—
Of great strength—
Economy in their use.
Flavor as delicately and deliciously as the fresh fruit

FIGHTING TOBACCO.

Some of the South Georgia Methodists Draw the Line on the Weed.

Columbus, Ga., December 16.—(Special.) The educational anniversary of the conference last night was largely attended. Rev. C. E. Dowman presided.

The address by Dr. Candler, of Emory college, was true, unique and powerful.

It is a matter of regret that a few of the conference are trying to make the use of tobacco a reflection on the character of preachers. It is an attack on tobacco but the weed can stand it and the solid men of the conference look upon the issue as trivial and regret its introduction.

Routine matters occupied the most of the morning service. The undergraduates were called and their characters passed, although several were continued in their present course of study. A beautiful episode in the proceedings, was the presentation to Rev. Dr. John B. McGehee, the retiring presiding elder of the Columbus district by his preachers and laymen, of an elegant gold watch. Bishop Fitzgerald made the presentation speech in his graceful and unique way, beginning by telling Dr. McGehee that his brethren thought he needed watching. The doctor's reply was wise and shrewd.

Rev. Claude Chilton and Rev. J. W. Solomon, of the Alabama conference, and Dr. A. W. Mangum, were introduced. The conference is well up in its work and will likely adjourn Monday night.

The afternoon session was taken up in the examination of superaunates. Some of their speeches were very beautiful and pathetic notably those of Revs. W. H. Thomas, John M. Marshall and J. B. Bardlow. Their speeches were interspersed with songs making them very touching.

HON. HENRY GRAVES IS DEAD.

The Well-Known Ex-Representative from Newton Passes Away.

Covington, Ga., December 16.—(Special.) Hon. Henry L. Graves died at his residence, about six miles from here, last night. He had a long and serious spell of sickness several months ago, and, although he got able to walk about, he never recovered from the effects of his illness and his physical constitution was completely wrecked. Mr. Graves was about fifty-two years of age and had resided in this county all his life. He was a graduate of the Emory college, a man of culture and refinement and one of the most prominent citizens of our county. He was a leading member of the Methodist church near his home and typical Christian gentleman. He represented this county in the last general assembly, with distinction to himself and satisfaction to his constituents. By his integrity of character and his affable deportment, he has made hosts of friends who will deplore his death and deeply sympathize with his bereaved family in their sad affliction.

TO HELP THE ROAD.

The Prospects Are That the S. A. M. Will Be Put on Its Feet.

Americus, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Messrs. S. H. Hawkins and T. Edward Hambleton, receivers, R. B. Speery, capitalist of Baltimore, and General Manager Cecil Gabbett returned here today from Montgomery where they concluded yesterday their tour of inspection of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery railroad.

Messrs. Speery and Hambleton, who represent the syndicate of Baltimore capitalists who propose to put the road upon a firm financial basis, will leave tomorrow for Baltimore for the purpose of conferring with several of the leading financiers of that city and who are also largely interested in the road. They will return here next week when it is thought they will be ready to submit the plans to be agreed upon for the road's future.

It is understood that both gentlemn are well pleased with their visit to Americus and with the general condition of the Savannah, Americus and Montgomery road and the hope is generally expressed that it may result in the extension of the road at a very early date from Lyons, the present terminus, to Savannah.

WALKED TO HIS DEATH.

A Central Brakeman Steps Between the Cars and Is Crushed.

Savannah, Ga., December 16.(Special.)—This morning freight train No. 36, from Macon, ran over and killed Brakeman M. M. Carswell near the junction of the Southbound and the Central railroad.

Carswell was last seen on top of the train of cars, his post of duty, at Mildrim, but when the train reached Savannah he could not be found anywhere.

The crew of the train went to search for him. They found his body horribly mutilated.

It is supposed that young Carswell was walking the length of the train and that in the dense fog he was unable to see where the cars were coupled and stepped through the opening to his death. The body was prepared for burial and sent to Wadley, the home of Carswell, where his father and mother are living. Carswell was only about twenty-two years of age and had been employed as brakeman for about six months.

HORRIBLY MANGLED.

A Camden County Merchant Killed at Brunswick.

Brunswick, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—The most horrible mangling of a human body that was ever witnessed in Brunswick was done by the Brunswick and Western switch engine No. 1 at 5 o'clock this afternoon, when John C. Owens, a prominent merchant of Spring Bluff, Camden county, was instantly killed. He came to the city to sell Cook Brothers a raft of logs and went to the mill this afternoon to see them. While crossing the track at the rear of the train his foot caught in some scattered lumber beside the road and he stumbled, the engine and one car passing over the body, cutting it into many pieces and scattering fragments for one hundred feet. Coroner Jennings was two hours getting the body together and it was 8 o'clock tonight before any one identified the remains. Owens leaves a wife in Camden, who has been sent for.

WILL TAKE HIM HOME,

A Wealthy Milwaukee Real Estate Man Who Acted Queerly.

Savannah, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Colonel Deleur, the missing wealthy Milwaukee real estate agent, is being detained here until his wife arrives tomorrow. She will remove him to his home in the west.

Deleur came to this city several weeks ago and put up at the DeSoto. He had a large sum of money with him and expended it liberally. It was soon apparent that he was out of his mind and he was accordingly on Tuesday placed in the care of a physician who had him taken to a hospital. He is now in private quarters.

His money, said to amount to several thousand dollars has been placed in safe keeping. Deleur wandered here from New York, where he was ill for a few days at the Fifth Avenue hotel. He will recover.

They Get the Pistol Toters.

Columbia, S. C., December 16.—(Special.) There was a very lively incident in the house last night during the discussion on a bill to further prevent the carrying of concealed weapons.

Colonel John C. Haskell said that nobody but a coward would habitually do such a contemptible thing and referred to Congressman McLaurin, having to pull a pistol from his pocket in the courtroom while attorney general.

Mr. Frank Gary, of Abbeville, replied to this by saying that it was far more cowardly to say such a thing in the absence of McLaurin than to carry a concealed weapon.

Colonel Haskell replied that if he had wronged the attorney general he was responsible to him for it.

The bill passed. It puts a penalty of $200 upon a person convicted.

Yes, but He Succeeded.

From The New York Sun.

Bunsby on Gould—He was no worser man than thousands of others who do exactly as he did.

HOW THEY DID IT.

One of Rome's Highwaymen Tells on His Pals,

AND THEY ALL GO TO JAIL

Other News in Rome—Death of an Old Citizen—Talking Politics in Floyd.

Rome, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—The preliminary trial of Dunk Gwaltney, Bob Smith and Ben Nunn, who held up and robbed Henry Sanford, was concluded today at noon.

They were carried before Justice Walter Harris yesterday afternoon and the remainder of the day was devoted to Dunk Gwaltney's case. This morning when the court again convened, the trial of Bob Smith was taken up and Justice Harris bound the three negroes over to the superior court, under bond of $500 each.

The facts as brought out by the evidence are very interesting. Ben Nunn, who gave away Dunk Gwaltway and Bob Smith, said that he was on his way home on the night of the robbery, and that he overtook Gwaltney and Smith and that they had told him they had started after some money and asked him to go with them. They went along together until the spot was reached, and Gwartney told him to get a rail and help Smith hold it across the road. He then asked them how they expected to get the money and they said Henry Sanford would soon be along and they would get it from him.

When Sanford approached they held up the rail and it stopped Sanford's horse. Gwaltney then took hold of the bridle and covering Sanford with a revolver, ordered him to "shell out." After he had given up his pocket book, Gwaltney ordered Nunn to go through his pockets which he did.

Several witnesses were introduced to prove that Gwaltney spent the entire night at a house on Broad street, but this was successfully refuted by the testimony of Policeman Black, who saw him near midnight in another portion of the city.

The officers are very glad that these hard case have gone to jail where they will stay for awhile at last.

Death of an Old Citizen.

Last night at 10 o'clock Colonel Gardner Ledbetter, an old and highly esteemed citizen of North Rome, died at the residence of his son, Captain A. W. Ledbetter.

Colonel Ledbetter was in his eighty-fifth year and had been an invalid for several years. He came to Rome from Alexandria, Ala., and his remains wer sent to that place tonight for burial.

The stone walls of the old depot at Kingston, which was destroyed by fire, have been taken down and the stone has been carried to Dalton to be used as ballast.

A large amount of building material has been placed on the ground anda large force of carpenters are at work on a new depot. The new depot will be larger than the old and will be finished just as soon as a large force of hands can do it.

Politics in Floyd.

The contest for commissioners of roads and revenues of Floyd county has become so warm that it threatens to place all other local politics in the back ground. There are already many candidates in the field and new names are proposed every day. Every issue of The Tribune contains communications in regard to the matter from leading citizens, such as Judge Branham, Seaborn Wright and others.

The race for clerk of the superior court of Floyd county promises to be a very hot one. Mr. W. E. Beysegle, the present clerk, is opposed by Colonel C. M. Heyser, one of the best known and popular citizens of Rome. Both of the candidates are well-known and popular citizens, and both have a great many friends.

Rome's Population.

Rev J. A. Clement has just completed the compilation of a business directory for Rome after several months' of hard and careful work. He has turned it over to his son, Mr. W. O. Clement, and this gentleman and Mr. A. B. Weed, of Detroit, Mich., who is now here will soon bring out the directory. The compilation shows some very interesting figures which Mr. Clement has collected; the population of Rome and its suburbs is 12,771. The census was very carefully taken and shows the distribution of the population as follows:

1st, 2d and 3d Wards	Whites	4,337	
	Colored	2,895	7,232
4th Ward	Whites	1,251	
	Colored	282	1,533
5th Ward	Whites	932	
	Colored	612	1,244
East Rome	Whites	591	
	Colored	171	762
North Rome	Whites	627	
	Colored	437	1,064
West Rome	Whites	323	
	Colored	613	936
Total population			12,771

The directory shows twenty-three churches or one church for every 555 people. This would indicate a more devout people than most communities. There is a long list of schools, libraries and other intellectual and benevolent institutions.

The list of names and a large mass of information about the universal resources of Floyd county and brief historical sketches of the settlement of the city will fill a book of 400 pages. The showing made by the directory is very gratifying to the citizens of the Seven Hill City.

The outside work on Floyd's magnificent new courthouse is rapidly approaching completion. It is expected to be ready for the roof by Christmas. The dimensions of the building can now be seen and its arrangement understood. It will be decidedly one of the finest structures of the kind in Georgia.

Alfred Harper, a well-known newspaper man, is in the city and will spend Christmas with his friends.

Mr. C. Morgan Leary is here from St. Louis and will spend the holidays with his father, Captain John J. Seay.

Judge George Shuford, of Asheville, N. C., and one of the leading superior court judges of that state, is in Rome for a few days.

The local political field is warming up here and every day the street corners are crowded with persons who have come to town to talk politics. There is a great army of dead beats which hang about with no other object than to fleece the candidates. One candidate said today that he had never seen the like and that he saw no chance to make the race except by giving away everything he possessed. It is also a notable fact that the registration is unusually small and unless there is a revived interest in the registrators, not more than one-third of the people of Floyd county can vote.

Casualties in Winston.

Winston, N. C., December 16.—(Spedal.)—H. Montague had a desperate fight last night with his big Newfoundland, Fritz. The dog seemed ailing for two days. Last night he refused to be put out of the house, and became enraged, Montague put a chair between himself and the dog and slowly fought it out into the yard. The encounter lasted twenty minutes and the chair was broken in numerous fragments Once Montague slipped and fell to his knees but the chair saved him. Police came to his aid finally and shot the dog, which was foaming at the month, and is believed, was going mad.

Harrison Evans, a young white man, accidentally shot and killed himself here late this afternoon, after returning from a hunt. It is thought he forgot to lower the hammer of the gun, which a jar caused to fall. The load went in the neck.

Salvation Oil has cured many of rheumatism when other remedies failed. Price 25c.

Snap! Snap!!

168 acres poor land, well located, eighteen miles from the city, one and one-half miles from railroad, two tenant houses, forty acres in original forest; only $6.50 per acre. Call or address 34 1-2 Wall street.

For a disordered liver try Beecham's Pills.

Solid gold and gold-filled watches cheaper than ever before and innumerable new designs.
MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

HASKELL'S DIREFUL PREDICTIONS.

His Talk About the Railroad Bill Is Full of Fire.

Columbia, S. C., December 16.—(Special.) The railroad coercion bill caused a lively time in the house yesterday The only amendment that the administration people would let slip through was that which makes any white male citizen of twenty-five years of age eligible to election on the board of commissioners. Amendments to strike the provision giving the commissioners power to make passenger and joint rates were defeated.

The speech of the day was made by Colonel John C. Haskell. He said the bill was a monstrosity and a disgrace to a civilized state and had nothing in it to recommend it to any up right man. It was the product of passion, of disappointment to counsel defeated in litigation and now appealing to prejudice.

"Every attempt," said he, "to strike out its curious and vile injustice is voted down with scarcely reason given before."

The author of the bill is Senator Wilson, of Spartanburg. Colonel Haskell said that the bill contained a declaration of enmity towards those who have done more than any of us have done for the state.

"Pass this bill and we will not refund the state debt and next July will see us bankrupt. I venture the prophecy that in twelve months, if we commit this wrong, it will have born its bitter fruits and the men who advocated it, instead of being held up as those who benefited the state, will be denounced as mischief makers who injured her."

POWER WITHOUT LIMIT

Has Been Granted to the Railroad Commission of South Carolina.

Columbia, S. C., December 16.—(Special.) The house of representatives tonight passed the "railroad coercion bill," which has already passed the senate. Its provisions give the railroad commissioner absolute power in regard to freight, passenger and joint rates, schedules, damages, contracts with connecting roads without the right of appeal.

Railroad men predict direful consequences to the roads as the result of the operations of this bill. General Superintendent V. E. McBee said tonight that he he is taking comparatively little interest in the railroad legislation as he is satisfied that the bill passed by the legislature will not stand the test of examination by the United States court, and he intends to have it submitted to that tribunal at the first opportunity.

North State Notes.

Raleigh, N. C., December 16.—(Special.)—Anthony Rogers was today sentenced in Richmond county, to be hanged January 28. He poisoned his wife last autumn, using rough on rats, and was arrested the day of her death.

Application is to be made to the legislature for a charter for a railway between Durham and Charlotte, in Durham, Chatham, Moore, Montgomery, Stanley and Mecklenburg counties. Capitalists are backing this new movement.

Loney, the negro who preached the holiness doctrine here and at Wilmington, and who, at the latter place was arrested, has mysteriously disappeared and is said to have fled from the state. It is learned that Loney first came here from Richmond, ten years ago. Several women, all married, have gone with him.

J. S. Holt, who was the populist nominee for the legislature from Harnett county, has skipped to Texas. The sheriff has attached all his property. Holt headed a party of populists who left recently. His family is in Harnett. He was held up by his party organ as a model reformer.

Killed Himself for a Mule.

Greenville, S. C., December 16.—(Special.)—"Lone" Armstrong, the fourteen-year-old son of J. D. Armstrong, who lives near Fountain, S. C., committed suicide by hanging himself with a plow line in his father's stable yesterday afternoon. When discovered his neck was broken and life was extinct before he could be cut down. No cause is assigned for the rash act, as it is said he had nothing to trouble him, although it is said he was dissatisfied with his father selling a favorite mule a few days ago and it is possible this may have caused him to commit suicide.

Manager Schmelz in Cincinnati.

From The Cincinnati Commercial-Gazette.

Manager Schmelz passed through the city yesterday en route home, after a pleasant visit to Chattanooga, where he held a consultation with the directors of the Chattanooga club. He is jubilant over the prospects of the Southern League, and predicts a great season below the Mason and Dixon line. He will not begin signing players before next month. Some of the Cincinnati talent stands a good chance of catching on under his management.

Were the Horses Needed for the Hearse?

From The Philadelphia Ledger.

A horse race was postponed at Emporia, Kan., the other day, on account of a funeral.



OPIUM Morphine Habit Cured in 10 to 20 days. No pay till cured. Dr. J. Stephens, Lebanon, Ohio.
dec3 1y sat tues fri wk

MAY BE LYNCHED.

Two Negroes Now in Jail at LaGrange

MAY BE VERY ROUGHLY TREATED

A Murderous Assault Upon the Wife of a Troup County Farmer—One of Them Identified.

LaGrange, Ga., December 16.—(Special.) Runners came into LaGrange early yesterday morning for Sheriff Henderson to come at once to the country place of Mr. Newton Reed, near Harrisonville, this county, to clear an attempted killing.

When Sheriff Henderson reached the place, a sad sight was presented to him.

Wednesday night about 9 o'clock, Mr. Newton Reed, one of the most prosperous farmers, discovered his corn crib to be burning. The crib was some distance from his house, and all left except Mrs. Reed and a little baby to put out the fire.

After fighting the fire and trying to save some of the contents for one and a half hours, Mr. Reed sent a darky back to the house to see if everything was all right. In a few minutes the boy came rushing back crying that Mrs. Reed had been killed. And such was almost the case, for Mrs. Reed was found in a pool of blood and looked as if dead. However, after some hard work, she was brought to consciousness and made a statement.

She says immediately after Mr. Reed went to the fire, a negro came into her room and demanded money. She told him they had no money. He said she did for Mr. Reed had just sold six bales of cotton and if she didn't give it to him he would kill her, at the same time raising a long handled stick, fully five feet long and three inches in diameter. She then gave him her pocket book containing one dollar and seventy cents.

"Give up the big money or I'll find it," the negro said, and without waiting further, struck her on the head. Owing to the lowness of the ceiling he couldn't give her as heavy a blow as he intended. He then proceeded to search the house.

Mr. Reed, immediately with the neighbors, began to investigate. One negro, John Stinson, had acted very queerly when Mr. Reed started home from the fire and had gone with Mr. Reed. Just as they reached the fence he exclaimed "there goes somebody," jerking out his pistol and firing. An examination proved that no one was there, nor had been. This with several suspicious acts, led to his arrest.

When carried before Mrs. Reed yesterday afternoon, she identified him positively. Further evidence has led to the arrest of Ed Traylor for setting fire to the crib, and Nancy Traylor as accessory. The object, as is clearly seen, was murder and robbery, and Mrs. Reed's life is not safe yet.

Sheriff Henderson took charge of the prisoners, and deputized ten of the best citizens as a guard to protect them from the rapidly growing crowd, which was hot for revenge upon the perpetrators of the outrage.

Sheriff Henderson reached LaGrange with his prisoners at 9 o'clock, after being out with them all night, and their lives are safe for awhile in Troup county's new jail.

Justice Christopher committed them to jail to await the next grand jury.

The people were very indignant and only needed a leader to make quick work of their lives. Stinson and Traylor are graduates of an Atlanta university.

The people are greatly excited and there is no telling what the final outcome will be.

Cartarrh in the head is a constitutional disease and requires a constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilla to effect a cure.

Fruits of all kinds at wholesale.
J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,
dec16-8t No. 4 North Broad Street.

A Cough, Cold, or Sore Throat should not be neglected. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are a simple remedy, and give prompt relief. 25c a box.

Those fine etchings, water colors, pastels and art goods at Sam Walker's, 10 Marietta street, for holiday gifts. Prices reduced. no 3

FOR SALE—Real Estate.

FOR SALE or Exchange for Atlanta property or land near city, 160 acres of the very best wheat land in North Dakota, two and one-half miles from Devils Lake, which is one of the best towns in the state; county seat and railroad division; land averaged thirty bushels to the acre this year. Address W., this office.

FOR RENT—Cottages, Houses, Etc.

A VERY NICE 8-room residence in choice location, north side; hot and cold water, bath, gas, elegant finish and very nice; rooms all carpeted and has some furniture; $45. J. Henly Smith, 12 West Alabama street. 2t

FOR RENT—In Inman Park, 7-room cottage, gas and water, on electric car line, 12 minutes from carshed; large lot; rent low. For particulars apply to R. W. Rose, 67 East Alabama street. dec 15—6t

CURE YOURSELF
Physician not needed. I will gladly send (sealed) FREE to sufferers a prompt, permanent cure for LOST VITALITY, VARICOCELE, NERVOUS DEBILITY, EMISSIONS, etc. Enlargement certain. Address with stamp, C. K. TUPPAR, Sportsmen's Goods, Marshall, Mich.

State and County tax now due. Pay at once and save costs and interest. A. P. Stewart, T. C.

We have two stores and the largest stock of beautiful holiday novelties in the city and our prices are positively lower than the same goods can be bought elsewhere, and in our stores you have beautiful new goods to select from. Maier & Berkele, Jewelers, 31 and 93 Whitehall street.

Frank Leslie's Popular Monthly,
Price 25 Cents per Copy. $3 per Year, Postpaid.
HOLIDAY NUMBER (JAN., '93,) NOW READY.
OUR GREAT SUBSCRIPTION OFFER.
A FINE CHRISTMAS OFFERING FOR YOUNG AND OLD.
FRANK LESLIE'S POPULAR MONTHLY and the below named books at the following low combination prices:

Dickens, 15 vols., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	$5.65	Kingdom of Nature, 1 vol., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	$3.85
Thackeray, 10 vols., cloth, and the Popular Monthly for one year	4.80	Kingdom of Nature, 1 vol., sheep, and Popular Monthly for one year	4.10
Eliot, 6 vols., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	3.95	Kingdom of Nature, 1 vol., half morocco, and Popular Monthly for one year	4.35
Irving, 10 vols., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	5.70	Fairy Book, 1 vol., and Popular Monthly for one year	3.25
Cooper, 5 vols., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	3.95	Lamb's and Emerson's Essays, 4 vols., and Popular Monthly for one year	3.90
Scott, 12 vols., cloth, and Popular Monthly for one year	6.60	Hughes and Sue, 4 vols., and The Popular Monthly for one year	3.90
World's Great Nations, 1 vol., cloth, and the Popular Monthly for one year	3.95	Sue and either of the Essays, 4 vols., and The Popular Monthly for one year	3.90
World's Great Nations, 1 vol., sheep, and the Popular Monthly for one year	4.10	Hughes and either of the Essays, 4 vols., and Popular Monthly for one year	3.90
World's Great Nations, 1 vol., half morocco, and The Popular Monthly for one year	4.35	Longfellow's Whittier's and Bryant's poems, 3 vols., and Popular Monthly for one year	3.90
Shakespeare, 3 vols., cloth, and the Popular Monthly for one year	4.00	Dumas, 8 vols., and The Popular Monthly for one year	4.50

These prices do not include postage, freight or express charges on the books.
Full information about this great offer and a specimen copy of POPULAR MONTHLY SENT FREE if The Atlanta Constitution is mentioned.
Mrs. FRANK LESLIE, Publisher, No. 110 Fifth av, N. Y. Cy.

NOTICE.

All advertisements in our Want Columns, such as "Lost," "Found," "Sales," "For Rent," "Boarders Wanted," "Business Chances," "Personal," "Help Wanted," etc., cost Ten Cents per line or fraction of a line each insertion. There are seven words to a line. No advertisement taken for less than the price of three lines. Advertisements must be in Business Office before 9 o'clock p. m. the day before publication, and must be paid for in advance.

HELP WANTED—Male.

A NEW YORK custom tailoring house, doing an agency business exclusively, and offering the best paying line in the market, desires to secure an agent, who can furnish a bond, to handle their line in the city of Atlanta; to proper party will consign sufficient pants patterns to make a showing as merchant tailor. For further particulars address S. J. B., No. 633 Broadway, New York City. sat-mon

SALARY OR COMMISSION—To agents to handle the Patent Chemical Ink Erasing Pencil. The most useful and novel invention of the age. Erases ink thoroughly in two seconds. Works like magic. 200 to 500 per cent profit. Agents making $50 per week. We also want a general agent to take charge of territory and appoint subagents. A rare chance to make money. Write for terms and sample of erasing. Monroe Eraser Mfg., Co., X 16, La Crosse, Wis. dly

AN OFFICE BOY wanted, twelve to fourteen years of age; must be bright and well recommended. American Press Association, 77 S. Pryor street.

WANTED—A young man to stay in grocery store. Apply 111 Peachtree street.

ARE YOU A CATHOLIC?—Are you unemployed? Will you work for $18 per week? Write me at once. J. R. Gay, 194 Madison street, Chicago, Ill. sept24-13t-sat

WANTED—Salesmen visiting saw mills, flour mills and factories to sell—side line—staple article in great demand; pays $50 to $100 per month. Royal Manufacturing Co., 26 Nassau street, New York. nov5-19dec3-17

WANTED—Traveling salesmen to sell our goods as side or full line. Address "Harness," care station A., Baltimore. dec 15—6t

WANTED—A competent stenographer and typewriter, capable of doing general office work other than bookkeeping; must come well recommended; good salary and steady employment. Address P. O. Box 711, Macon, Ga. dec13-d7t

TRAVELING SALESMEN to sell Baking Powder. We pay $75 month salary and expenses or 20 per cent commission. Steady employment, experience unnecessary. If you want a position here is a chance. U. S. Chemical Works, 840 to 846 Van Buren, Chicago. aug18-dly

WANTED—Southern people to keep their money in the south. We clean or dye the most delicate shades and fabrics; old clothes made new. Repair to order. No ripping required. We pay expressage both ways. Write for terms and price list. McEwen's Steam Dye Works and Cleaning Establishment Nashville, Tenn.

HELP WANTED—Female.

CATHOLIC LADY WANTED—Intelligent, industrious lady to receive subscriptions, make collections, and attend to our business in her own locality. References required. $12 per week. Office of Catholic Publications, Fifth ave. and Madison st., Chicago, Ills. sat

SITUATIONS WANTED—Male.

WANTED—A position, am competent to do office work, am twenty-two years old, strictly moral and can give unquestionable city references. Address W. N. Maddox, Ardmore hotel, city.

SITUATION WANTED as ticket writer, at stock keeper, can bind check and delivery books, etc., or as cutter in bindery or lithographers. Box 155, Spartanburg, S. C. dec16-sat-sun

WANTED—Boarders.

DESIRABLE ROOM with board, at 31 Church street, one block from Peachtree.

PERSONAL.

PERSONAL—Major John Wren, formerly of Shreveport, La., will find it to his interest to correspond with Mrs. Mary E. Hall, Jackson, Tenn. dec14-3t

THE ONLY genuine female regulating pills, used monthly, pleasant, safe, effective; price $1. Address Wyandot Medicine Company, Sycamore, O. sat-sun

PATENTS—Thomas P. Simpson, Washington, D. C. No attorney's fee until patent obtained. Write for inventor's guide. dec 10—d52t sat wed

CHRISTMAS FOR A FRIEND—Bill Arp's new book is now in its fourth edition. No southern book of recent years has met with such a sale and such endorsement from people and press. Buy it for Christmas. Price $1.50, postpaid. Address Constitution, Atlanta, Ga., dec11 to dec18

JONES, he pays the freight; SMITH, he sells the Herring-Hall-Marvin Co.'s fire and burglar proof safes, vault doors and safety depository systems; there are files on Jones, none on H. F. Smith, 34 W. Alabama street, Atlanta, Ga., and Richmond, Va. nov5-dly

WHEN IN BUFFALO stop at the Genesee. Niagara Falls forty minutes away.

WANTED—Agents.

AGENTS WANTED for Bill Arp's new book, "Fireside Sketches." Sells rapidly. Address for terms Constitution job office, Atlanta, Ga. dec 11—to dec 24

MONEY TO LOAN.

MONEY TO LEND on central, rent-paying real estate in sums from $10,000 to $50,000 at cheap rates. Weyman & Connors, 66 1-2 East Alabama street. dec 6—1m

7 PER CENT—Money to loan on improved city property; no delay. Rosser & Carter, over Merchants' bank. 1m

BARKER & HOLLEMAN negotiate real estate loans at low rates. Room 42 Gould building.

MONEY to any amount can always be borrowed on real estate in or near Atlanta, by applying to S Barnett, 537 Equitable building. nov 11—d6m

LOANS—$1,000 and upwards on improved city property negotiated at lowest rates. John T. Dixon, 411 Equitable Building. 1y

TEN THOUSAND DOLLARS to loan in one sum or will divide in sums to suit on city real estate. J. C. Dayton, 34 West Alabama street. 6m

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—Boy's goat sulky, as good as new; cost $7; will sell at half price; can be seen at 50 E. Baker street.

SHADE TREES nice and of all classes of trees adapted to this climate successfully planted at reasonable prices; good time now to plant. Benjamin Thurman, South Atlanta postoffice. sat-sun

LAW LIBRARY FOR SALE—Over 150 volumes, including first 73 volumes of Georgia Reports. Address A. L. Mitchell, Athens, Ga. dec 15—7t

FOR SALE—$7,500 for one of the best built houses in Atlanta; 217 Jackson; new, 8 rooms; every convenience; easy terms. Owner at house. dec 6—d7w

WANTED—Miscellaneous.

WANTED—To buy three or four pool tables in good order. C. P. Johnson & Co., 183 Decatur street. dec16-2t

HOLIDAY PRESENTS.

BILL ARP FOR CHRISTMAS—What an elegant present for a friend or yourself is Bill Arp's latest book, "Fireside Sketches." Read it and laugh, and then read it again and laugh some more. Price $1.50, postpaid. Address Constitution, Atlanta, Ga. dec11 to dec24

LOST.

A LIBERAL REWARD OFFERED for the return of papers stolen from the residence of Mrs. E. A. Mayer, 155 Whitehall street, to be left at 40 Wall street. No questions asked. dec 13—5t

FOR RENT—Miscellaneous.

FOR RENT—Lumber yard, 225x50, sheds, stalls, fine office; very cheap; corner Peters and S. Forsyth. Apply at 41 N. Broad. dec16-7t

FOR RENT—On October 1st, offices and basement, building corner of Alabama and Pryor streets and back to railroad, now occupied by Mr. Aaron Hass and others. Would prefer renting all to one tenant. Inquire of undersigned, Kiser building. Henry Jackson. oct14-fri-sun-wed

FOR RENT—Two good storerooms on West Mitchell street; for rent after January 1, 1893. Apply to May Mantel Co. dec7-3w-wed-fri-sun

COMPLETELY FITTED commercial sample rooms for rent. Fixtures, counters, desks, tables, clock, safe, etc., for sale cheap. Apply at room 33 Old Capitol building. dec4 dlm

FOR RENT—A finely improved farm of 150 acres, seven miles from Atlanta on Central railroad; good 9-room frame dwelling, new barn and outhouses. Ketner & Kiser, Real Estate Agents, 14 E. Alabama street. dec7-to-sun

HE WILL START TODAY

And Will Arrive in Atlanta Monday Night.

THE VICE-PRESIDENT AND HIS PARTY

Will Be Royally Entertained in Atlanta. Who Is Coming with Him—The Reception Being Arranged.

Next Wednesday Atlanta will have within her gates one of the most distinguished men of the union.

Vice President-elect Stevenson, with Mrs. Stevenson and his three charming daughters, will be here. With them will be Mrs. Mrs. Matthew T. Scott, a sister of Mrs. Stevenson and her daughter, who is said to be one of the most charming and beautiful young ladies of St. Louis.

But the ladies will be only a part of the party that will be Atlanta's guests during the coming week. Along with Mr. Stevenson will be quite a number of well-known gentlemen who have made for themselves a name in the west. Mr. Stevenson's law partner will be one of the party and another will be the general attorney for the Illinois Central railroad at Bloomington.

The party will leave Bloomington tomorrow afternoon in a special car and will go direct to St. Louis where Mrs. Stevenson's sister will join them. The stop at St. Louis wil be a very short one and from there the party will come direct to Atlanta.

Before the train reaches Atlanta, which will be on Monday night, a delegation from the Young Men's Democratic League, another from the general council and one representing the city will go up the road to meet them. The south coming of Mr. Stevenson is attracting the attention of the papers all over the country and within the past few days many pleasant things have been said about his trip and the royal, genuine southern welcome he and those who are with him will receive.

The fact that the visit has no political significance but is one of purely social character makes the visit all the more charming. During the stay of the party in Atlanta one reception after another will be given. Mrs. Stevenson is a most charming and accomplished society lady and her reception by the ladies of Atlanta will be especially happy. The Misses Stevenson are young ladies of rare social attainments and will be shown every attention that can be given.

While the ladies are being cared for the gentlemen of the party will be entertained in the most befitting manner.

Of course the event of the visit will be the opening of the Commercial Club, which was the origin of the invitation to Mr. Stevenson to visit Atlanta.

Plans of the Stevenson Party.

Bloomington, Ill., December 16.—(Special.—The arrangements for the journey of Hon. Adlia E. Stevenson and party to Atlanta for the purpose of opening of the Commercial Club house on the 21st are now almost completed.

It has been arranged that the party leaving Bloomington will consist of Mr. Stevenson, Mrs Stevenson and their three daughters, Misses Mary, Julia and Letitia, Mr. and Mrs. James S. Ewing, Hon. W. G. Ewing of Chicago, and Mr. and Mrs. John T. Lellard of Bloomington. They go from here to St. Louis Monday morning and will be joined at that place by Mrs. Matthew T. Scott of this city, sister of Mrs. Stevenson, and her daughters, Letitia and Julia, who are just now temporarily residing at Louisville, Ky., also by Hon. George T. Burnett and daughter, of St. Louis., Mr. Burnett having charge of the arrangements for the trip from St. Louis to Atlanta.

Two special cars, one drawing room car, sleeping car and the other a dining and observation car have been secured. The party will reach St. Louis Monday morning and Anniston, Ala., Tuesday morning, where, in the afternoon, a reception will be given Mrs. Stevenson, and at night a banquet to the vice wresident-elect. The next stopping place will be Atlanta, Ga. From Atlanta the party goes to Ashville N. C., where Mr. Stevenson has relatives. They will spend Christmas in Asheville. The party will arrive Tuesday the 27th inst.

SOCIETY GOSSIP.

The Whittier Club will give an elegant dance at Concordia hall on the 27th of this month. It will be a most delightful affair. Messrs. Leo Wellhouse, Frank Liebman and Jule Simon compose the committee on arrangements.

***

The marriage of Miss Albina Hetzel to Mr. Thomas L. Collings has been announced for the 21st of December.

It will occur at the First Presbyterian church in this city and the ceremony will be performed by Rev. E. N. Barnett.

Miss Hetzel is a charming and beautiful young lady. Her disposition is marked by that gentle amiability that wins the affection of every one that comes in contact with it. Modest and unassuming in her manners, she has always been esteemed the higher for those very qualities, and every one who knows her has felt the magnetism of her nature enough to realize that modesty befits the character that merit crowns so beautifully.

Mr. Collings is a prominent and well-known gentleman and is especially esteemed by his associates who are most famaliar with his worth and character. His qualities of mind and heart are such as to make him a proper companion for the gentle woman whose affections he has won.

They have the earnest congratulations of their many friends, who wish for them a serene and happy future, brightly abounding in those radiant colors that have smiled upon them in their dreams.

***

Miss Dollie Reagan, of Fort Worth, Texas, is in the city, the guest of her cousin, Miss Fannie Morris, on Formwalt street. Miss Reagan is a beautiful and charming young lady, who will make many friends during her stay in Atlanta.

***

Miss Clara Thomas, one of Macon's most charming young ladies, is in the city visiting her aunt, Mrs. Marbuck, on Glenn street. Miss Thomas will remain in the city until after the holidays.

***

Misses Mamie Dunlap, of West Point, and Hattie Kerman, of LaGrange, who have been attending school in Staunton, Va., passed through Atlanta yesterday going to their homes for the holidays.

***

Mrs. D. E. Roseman and her charming daughter, Miss Gennie, have gone to Washington to spend the Christmas with Mrs. Roseman's mother. Miss Roseman is one of Atlanta's most popular young girls.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Barker, of this city, will leave in a day of so for Shreveport, La., to spend the holidays with relatives and friends.

***

Athens, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—News has just reached here of the marriage of two well known Athenians in New York city.

On the 14th instant Mr. A. P. Dearing and Mrs. Edith St. John Dearing, both of this city, were married in New York city, Rev. Dr. Eckleston Clifton, of Staten island, performing the ceremony.

This announcement will be received with both pleasure and surprise by the scores of friends of these two popular Athenians from all over the state.

Mr. A. P. Dearing is a wealthy and influential citizen and Mrs. Dearing, the widow of Major Dearing, brother of the groom, is a brilliant and beautiful woman, with many charms and accomplishments.

***

A Marriage at Griffin.

Griffin, Ga., December 16.—(Special.)—Miss Ola Doe was married in this city last evening to Mr. Harvey Lamar Wheat, of West Point. The marriage occurred at the First Baptist church at 5:30 o'clock, Rev. T. M. Callaway, of Forsyth, performing the ceremony.

The church was tastefully decorated with palms, ferns, holly and cut flowers.

The bridal party entered the church to the sweet strains of Lohengrin's wedding march, preceded by the four ushers, Messrs. Ben Brown, Joe Drewry, Eli Brewer and Ed Aycock. The couple stood just underneath an arch of crystallized cedars while they were united in a most impressive manner.

The bride wore an elegant traveling dress of lady's cloth with hat and gloves to match. she carried a bouquet of Marechal Niel roses.

Mr. and Mrs. Wheat left on the 6:30 o'clock train for Atlanta. They will spend the night at the Kimball house and leave in the morning for their future home in West Point.

ST. SIMONS TO BE SOLD.

A Decree Taken at Brunswick—Glynn's New Commissioners.

Brunswick, Ga., December 16.—(Special.) Today in the superior court, on motion of Goodyear and Kay for the first mortgage bondholders, decree of foreclosure was entered on the first mortgage bonds amounting to $675,00 with accrued interest and costs, and immediate sale of the St. Simon hotel will take place in February. The verdict and judgment disposed of various claims and fixed the legal priorities, and the property will be sold free from incumbranches and various liens were transferred from the property to the fund. Colonel William G Brantley was awarded a fee of $500 as counsel for the defendant and advising the receiver, and Goodyer & Kay awarded a fee of 10 per cent on the amount for the sale. In no event shall their fees be less than $2,000. Today the grand jury of Glynn elected county commissioners for another year. They were Thomas B. Lamb, Mallory P. King and James L. Foster. So far Mayor Lamb has been elected to every office within the gift of the people or any body of men that he has consented to let his name go before. He is a popular man and one that wears his continued honors with the dignity that becomes him.

At DeGives.

Frank Daniels, that clever and versatile comedian, was greeted by a big house at DeGive's last night, and all who faced the ugly weather to see the entertaining, genial worker were well pleased with what was presented.

"Little Puck" is taken from Frederick Anstey's "Vice Versa," and is one of the most charming and pleasing pieces which have been before the public this season. Everywhere it has been presented by Mr. Daniels it has been well received. Throughout it is good, but in the hands of Mr. Daniels it is something which delights and catches all who go to see it. The play is of three acts, and is most charmingly constructed. The music was composed and compiled by Charles Zimmerman and the manner in which the members of the company roll it off there is every reason to think that they alone can do the work as it is done. Every character in the play is sustained in a style that is most charming indeed. Through the entire cast a change could not be made that would improve the work. Of course the interest centers around Mr. Daniels. As Packingham Giltedge, a matter-of-fact stockbroker, who drst occupies his own body and then that of nis son Billy, he catches the house. When he begins the play as an old man, he is good, and then when he changes places with his son and goes back to his boyhood days he is better. As an old man he is a success, but as a boy he is simply immense. His work in the two places is both clever and entertaining.

D. L. Don, the young American hopeful, his son who changes places with the old man, does the part of Billy Giltedge well indeed, and helps to produce many a laugh.

Miss Bessie Sanson as Mirande Savage, who is in love with Bill, proved one of the greatest attractions of the evening. Her work was excellent throughout and the audience was well pleased with it.

The original Clipper quartet was greeted with applause.

The singing and acting throughout was good and those who saw the show were more than pleased with it.

"Little Puck" will be presented again this afternoon at matinee and "Dr. Cupid," Mr. Daniels's famous play, will be presented tonight.

CONDITION OF THE SICK.

Colonel Henry W. Hilliard was just barely alive when the paper went to press this morning.

Judge John D. Cunningham is still alive, but his death is still looked for momentarily.

PAVEMENT PARAGRAPHS.

The election for justice of the peace in the 1026th Georgia militia district next month is now attracting attention among the friends of those who want the office.

Decatur street near the cemetery is in a pretty bad condition and needs attention, so those living in that section say.

Charley Orman, a small negro boy, whose home is on Jenkins street, was severely hurt yesterday afternoon by being thrown from a wagon in which he was riding. The boy was standing up and as the wagon turned a corner quickly he lost his balance and was thrown to the ground. His left arm was broken and his side was badly bruised by the fall. Dr. Elkin rendered the necessary surgical attention.

Hon. Frank O'Brien, of Birmingham, Ala., was in the city yesterday, but remained only an hour or two. He was on his way to New York.

Captain George Wilkins, of Nashville, was in the city yesterday on legal business. The captain came to Atlanta to examine the titles to a piece of property in this city.

A little attention to the walk over Whitehall street at its intersection with Alabama would not be amiss. The stones are out of place and uneven and those who make a misstep there walk more carefully the next time they come along.

The floor in the union passenger depot is being patched up again. A new floor might not last longer than an old one patched up, but it would certainly look better to the people who go about the place.

Mr. J. C. B. Kliebacher died last night suddenly at his home on Piedmont avenue. Mr. Kliebacker was the father of Mr. Barney Kliebacker, of the Edgewood avenue theater, and had been in Atlanta but a short time. He was seventy-nine years of age, and until a few days ago was in remarkably good health.

Mr. Edward E. Young is in the city. Mr. Young is an enterprising young southerner, and a newspaper man, having been on The St. Louis Republic staff for seven years, and represented other leading papers in various journalistic enterprises.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children Teething is the family benefactor. 25c a bottle.

Our stores will remain open every night during the holidays until 9 o'clock. You are cordially invited to call.

MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

PERSONAL.

C. J. DANIEL Wall paper, window shades and furniture, 40 Marietta street. 'Phone 77.

For Sale, Cheap.

A fine set of cherry bar fixtures. Apply to R. E. Garner, Anniston, Ala.
nov29-30d



ONE ENJOYS

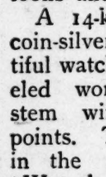
Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50c and $1 bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.
LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

"Time tries all," and stands trial itself when a watch is tested by hard usage. This shows its practical working qualities. "Looks" count for something, too, in a watch; there should be both fine looks and fine works.

A 14-karat gold filled or coin-silver case makes a beautiful watch to look at. Jeweled works, stem-set and stem wind are practical points. They stand the test in the new *quick-winding* "Waterbury." Your jeweler will tell you about it. 14

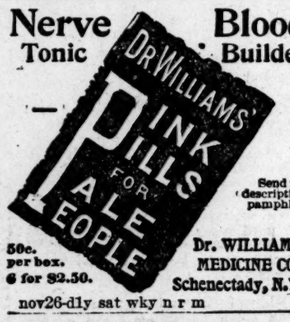


We send the marvelous French Remedy CALTHOS free, and a legal guarantee that CALTHOS will STOP Discharges & Emissions, CURE Spermatorrhea, Varicocele and RESTORE Lost Vigor.
Use it and pay if satisfied.
Address, VON MOHL CO., Sole American Agents, Cincinnati, Ohio.

EDEN MUSEE.

All children under 12 years old will be admitted for 5 cts. today at the Eden Musee. Your last chance to see La Amphodite. A big show next week. 16 Marietta St.

Nerve Tonic Blood Builder



Send for descriptive pamphlet.

50c. per box. 6 for $2.50.

Dr. WILLIAMS' MEDICINE CO., Schenectady, N.Y.

nov26-d1y sat wky n r m

The smallest Pill in the World!
Provided the great Organs
of the body are not irreparably injured, there are few diseases that
TUTT'S
Tiny Liver Pills
will not cure. By their action the Liver, the Spleen, the Heart and the Kidneys are brought into harmonious action, and health, vigor of mind and body follow their use. Dose small. Price, 25c. Office, 39 Park Place, N. Y.



A remedy which, if used by Wives about to experience the painful ordeal attendant upon Child-birth, proves an infallible specific for, and obviates the tortures of confinement, lessening the dangers thereof to both mother and child. Sold by all druggists. Sent by express on receipt of price, $1.50 per bottle, charges prepaid.

BRADFIELD REGULATOR CO., ATLANTA, GA.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 11, 1892. William Rogan, executor of Michael Rogan represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This, is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
nov11 3m sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, October 7, 1892.—Albert H. Deihl, as executor of the will of Kate Deihl, deceased, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said executor should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
oct8-3m-sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 11, 1892. Samuel B. Hoyt, administrator of Harrison Woodsmall, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for leters of dismission. This, is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust.

W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
nov11 3m sat

TO TAKE STOCK.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

ARE GETTING READY

to round up the year's work, and in order to facilitate thework and to reduce the quantity of goods on hand they will commence now and continue until January 1st to make special prices to clear out of the way every possible article that can be sold.

COST IS BETTER THAN CARRYING OVER.!

and on many things such as Novelty Suits and Funcy Suitings, Cloaks, Jackets, Caps, ready-made Suits, Underwear, etc., including every odd and short length in the house, and men's Shoes, prices will be no object, AS THEY MUST GO. Prices will be made low enough to clear them out. In fact, the whole stock in every department must be reduced and at once. In Carpets, Draperies and Rugs call for odds and short lengths you will buy.

IN FURNITURE trade has never been so good and there never was such a variety as is now on the floor. The quantity is large, and in order to reduce it prices to clear out and thin down will be made. IT WILL PAY EVERYBODY who needs furniture or who desire to make a suitable present to attend this clearance sale, examine quality of goods and compare prices. Do this at once and get choice of goods.

CHAMBERLIN, JOHNSON & CO.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

A. J. WEST. H. F. WEST.

A. J. WEST & CO.,

Real Estate and Loans, 16 Pryor St., Kimball House.

Nearly new 3-story, 24-room, brick hotel, every modern convenience, lot 50x200, two blocks of Kimball house, rented to responsible tenant for $165 per month, $18,000; only $5,000 cash.

Improved central lot, 50x80, corner Forsyth and Poplar streets, three blocks from Kimball house, $400 per front foot.

Lot 55x84, two blocks from carshed, $650 per front foot.

100x200 Ponce de Leon avenue, between O'Kelf and Morrison, $60 per front foot.

65x184 Center street, between Peachtree and Piedmont avenue, first-class location, $1,600.

100x420, from West Peachtree to Center street, most beautiful location in Atlanta, paved streets, $10,000.

Many other bargains. Money to loan.
A. J. WEST & CO.

OFFICE OF TAX RECEIVER OF FULTON County, Atlanta, Ga., December 10, 1892.

Notice to Property Owners of Fulton County.

The county commissioners have let the contract for the completion and revision of the county map to H. B. Baylor and E. B. Latham. All persons owning property within the county, who wish their property correctly shown on the new map, are hereby notified to furnish them correct plats or call and see that their property is correctly shown on or before February 1, 1893.

H. B. BAYLOR,
E. B. LATHAM,
Civil Engineers.

Third floor courthouse annex, Hunter st.
By order of Jas. D. Collins, county commissioner and chairman of map committee.
dec11 d2m

G. McD. NATHAN,

Real Estate.

18 WALL STREET, KIMBALL HOUSE.

I have a good speculation in a corner lot, 100x100, within the one mile circle, which I am authorized to accept $1,800 for, if taken at once. Come and let me show it to you. There is money to be made on it.

Within four blocks of the union depot there is a lot 52x200 to a side alley, which $12,500 will buy. Excellent site for a small industry or large boarding house.

$4,500—This is the price of a house in the Baltimore block. All modern conveniences and within half a block of West Peachtree electric line.

MARIETTA & NORTH GEORGIA RAILWAY COMPANY

REORGANIZATION.

NEW YORK, December 3, 1892.

Holders of the Mortgage Bonds of the original Marietta and North Georgia Railroad Company, secured by deed of trust, dated July 1, 1881, to the Boston Safe Deposit and Trust Company, trustee, are respectfully requested to send their names, addresses and amount of holdings to WALTER STANTON, of Messrs. Coffin & Stanton, bankers, 72 Broadway, New York City.

H. A. V. POST, Ch'r'm'n.
WALTER STANTON,
NEWMAN ERB,
THOS. CARMICHAEL,
HENRY K. M'HARG.

dec13-14-15-16-17-18-20

There is nothing that will please a gentleman more as a Christmas present, if he be fond of smoking, than a nice box of cigars made of choice tobacco, or a pipe made of the right material with some fine grades of smoking tobacco. L. Meyer & Co., 1 Whitehall street, keep "only the best of everything." You can get what you want.

dec15—d9t

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Notice is hereby given that the copartnership of Beermann & Silverman has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business as heretofore conducted by said firm, at No. 1 and 3 Decatur street and at Nos. 17 and 19 Peachtree street, in the city of Atlanta, will be continued by H. C. Beermann, who has assumed all liabilities of, and is authorized to collect all debts owing to said late firm of Beermann & Silverman. This the 1st day of December, 1892.

HARRY SILVERMAN,
H. C. BEERMANN.
dec16-sat3d

REAL ESTATE SALES.

T. H. Northen. Walker Dunson.

Northen & Dunson

Real Estate and Loans, 409 Equitable Building.

$6,500—9-R. H., two-stories, new, large lot, Edgewood, near Senator Colquitt's residence.
$20,500—CENTRAL store, two blocks of Union Depot, renting for 7 1-2 per cent.
$20,000—FOR improved lot, 30x125, W. Alabama, near railroad and proposed extension of Alabama street.
KIMBALL Street—Call for the reduced price on the only vacant lot, 50x200, between the Peachtrees.
INMAN Park—Elevated corner lot, 100x200, within a block of Edgewood avenue, for $3,200.

G. W. ADAIR. FORREST ADAIR.

G. W. ADAIR,

Real Estate

14 Wall Street, Kimball House.

Central Property for Sale.

IMPROVED CORNER, 50x80, four blocks from union depot, $20,000.
THREE BLOCKS from union depot, 100x150 on a corner. $30,000.
THREE BLOCKS FROM union depot, 100x210, on a corner, $20,000.
BEAUTIFUL VACANT lot three blocks from depot, 56x175, $12,000.

G. W. ADAIR,
14 Wall street.

Wm. L. Woodward. Edwin Williams.

Woodward & Williams.

14 S. Broad Street.

$12,500—A 13-R. residence on Whitehall; large lot.
$1,000—A nice level lot, 50x180, on Rankin st.
A BEAUTIFUL lot on Peachtree street, 100x330, fronts east; the best view of any vacant lot on the street.
THREE orange groves, near Sanford, Fla., and on Lake Jesup; railroad runs by the groves; fine fishing on the lake.
$3,000—A nice 6-room house on Woodward avenue; hardwood finish.

WOODWARD & WILLIAMS,
Telephone, 537. 14 S. Broad Street.

W. M. Scott & Co., Real Estate Agents, No 14 North Pryor Street, Kimball House Entrance.

HEREWITH LIST OF some rare bargains.
NO. 365 LOYD street, corner of Richardson street, a beautiful new 5-room cottage, with every modern convenience, water, bathroom, large closets, etc.; gas pipes throughout the house and ready for connection with street main; finished throughout in natural Georgia pine, with elegant hardwood mirrored mantels, with tile facings and hearths. This is one of those very pretty modern cottages that catches the eye at first sight. It was built by the owner for a home—not to sell—and was only completed last July. Until December 15th we offer it at a special low price, and if not sold by that time it will be withdrawn from the market. W. M. Scott & Co.
WEST END—One block from two electric lines, on Pearl street, just beyond E. P. Howell's and near home of "Uncle Remus." A new 5-room house, with beautiful shade, fruits and flowers. The lot is 50x210, with stables, carriage house, etc. We can sell it at low price and on very liberal terms. Any one wanting a desirable home in West End this is the opportunity. W. M. Scott & Co.
INVESTMENT—How is this? Large store and three-room dwelling on corner lot, fronting 100 feet on electric line and running back 288, and with a front of 120 on another street. Good tenant will lease for term of years at $300 per annum; price $2,500, easy terms. W. M. Scott & Co. nov1-d3m

J. A. SCOTT. ISAAC LIEBMAN.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN

Real Estate. Renting and Loan Agents,

No. 28 Peachtree Street.

$5,000 on hand to loan on Atlanta real estate 8 per cent and small brokerage.
$850 buys nice 3-room house on Pearl street; $400 cash, balance $6.85 per month.
$3,500 buys 5-room house, corner lot, 140x104, on Fulliam street.
$3,250 buys 7-room, 2-story house, lot 50x160 to alley on Formwalt street.
$7,500 buys elegant 10-room house, corner lot, 50x200, on Jackson street.
$4,500 buys 9-room house, lot 100x300, in Edgewood near Mr. Candler's home; 1-3 cash, balance 1 and 2 years.
$1,400 buys nice small house, lot 40x173, on Hilliard street, just off Peachtree street.
$3,500 buys 6-room house, all conveniences, on East Fair street; 1-2 cash, balance easy.
$1,000 buys corner lot, 100x160, on Cottingham and Madison avenues; 1-2 cash, balance easy.
$1,000 buys pretty lot, 44x125 to 10-foot alley, on Linden avenue, near Fort street.
$1,000 buys the cheapest piece of property on the market; large corner lot on West Fair street.
$1,750 buys corner lot, 90x93, on Currier street. Cheap.
$1,750 buys lot 50x140 to alley on Jackson street.
$950 buys corner lot 150x200, on Boulevard, DeKalb, near Bell street. Terms easy.
A good building, 30x75, corner of Courtland avenue and East Harris street, now used as bottling house by Atlanta Brewing and Ice Company, to be moved, for sale cheap. Make us an offer.

SCOTT & LIEBMAN,
28 Peachtree Street.

REAL ESTATE SALES.

Sam'l W. Goode. Albert L. Beck.

Sam'l W. Goode & Co's.

Real Estate Offers.

Corner Peachtree and Marietta Streets.

$1,750 FOR A VERY neat and pretty new 3-room cottage, on corner lot 50x100 feet, in first-class neighborhood and only one block from Whitehall street and electric cars. It is a bargain and if you want a comfortable small home you can do no better than to buy this.
$350, on easy payments, for high, level and shady lot, 50x120 feet to 10-foot alley, right at city limits and a short distance from Capitol avenue. Good neighborhood. Lot completely covered with oak grove. A beauty.
$200 per acre for beautifully situated tract of 18 acres, just 4 miles from the Kimball house, near United States military post. Nicely wooded. Good surroundings.
$20,000—A beautiful 15-room two-story Peachtree home, on corner lot, 90x190 feet; handsomely finished and has all modern conveniences.
$2,000 per acre will buy an 11-acre tract with 1,141 feet front on Jackson street that you can subdivide and make money on. Call and inspect.
$2,750 for the prettiest corner lot on South Boulevard, 100x190 feet to 20-foot alley; elevated and covered with oak grove, overlooks Grant park; beautiful houses and good neighborhood on all sides. Buy it and you make money.
$4,250 will buy the best rent-paying property we know of. The owner will lease it for a year at $60 a month, $720 a year, just 17 per cent. The lot is a half acre, centrally located, this side Forest avenue, this side Piedmont avenue and has a double front; $2,200 of the amount can run 3 years at 7 per cent interest, so that it will take only $2,050 to secure the property. Where can you beat it? Call and inspect.
$1,500—For this amount we can sell you what is beyond doubt the very cheapest lot on the north side, size 46x175 feet to 10-foot alley; location, just 200 feet from Courtland street and electric car line and 400 feet from Peachtree; neighborhood first-class; lot high and level. Terms 1-3 cash, balance 6, 12 and 18 months. If you want a moderate-priced lot for a home we don't know where you could improve on this. It will pay you to look at the lot, and better still to buy it.
$110 front foot for beautiful shady corner lot on Peachtree, 107x200 feet to 10-foot alley. Location very prominent; lies high and level. Liberal terms.
$350 for high, level and shady Edgewood lot, 50x150 feet to alley. Covered with trees. Nice home and good neighbors around it. The new electric line will be within 300 feet of it. Buy now and make the profit. Easy terms.

ANSLEY BROS.

Real Estate. Real Estate

$20,000 FOR a Peachtree street store, elegant location; will pay you to buy this.
$2,500—EDGEWOOD avenue lot, near in 47x130; this will surely enhance soon.
$275 FRONT foot for Mitchell street lot, 65 feet front, near S. Pryor street; a bargain.
$1,000 FRONT foot for Whitehall street property; between Mitchell and Trinity avenue.
$10,000—BROAD street store property; this is strictly first-class; come see it.
$25,000 FOR a railroad front on Western and Atlantic railroad; the nearest in that can be bought; it is this side of Foundry street, near cotton factory.
$1,000 FRONT foot for Loyd street property, to 150 feet of Union Depot; cheap.
$300 FRONT foot for S. Pryor business lot, near Mitchell; very desirable.
$500 FRONT foot for N. Forsyth property, nearly opposite Baptist church; corner lot; well improved.
$105 FRONT foot for an elegant corner, 100 feet front, near new Peachtree opera house.
$2,100—CAPITOL avenue lot, near Georgia avenue, 53x197; come and see the improvements near it.
$3,250—80 FEET front, Edgewood avenue, Inman Park lot; this is a beauty.
$2,250—SPRING street lot, 54x160; a bargain.
$125 FRONT foot for Peachtree lot, near Eighth street; very cheap and pretty.

DECATUR.

WE now have the Georgia railroad, the dummy and in six months an electric line, as means of transportation to this desirable place of residence. We have property of all kinds for sale at Decatur.
Telephone, 363; Office, 12 E. Alabama street.

Ware & Owens,

2 S. Broad Street, Corner of the Bridge.

100 FEET, only two blocks from the Kimball house, $150 per foot.
$5,000—BRICK house, on Garnett street, renting for $46 per month.
$6,000—WHITEHALL street, 9-room residence, near in; lot 52x165 to alley; the ground alone is worth the money.
150x200—W. FAIR street corner, as a special price; the very place to build little houses to rent.
TEN-ACRE corner, on Glenn street; owner is anxious to sell.
$3,500—GEORGIA avenue, 9-room house, lot 40x160, on corner.
100x155—RANDOLPH street, corner, very beautiful; will exchange for renting property or sell cheap for cash.
50x150—HENDRIX avenue, for 20 per cent less than lots on either side are held at.
$3,500 FOR south side property, renting for $60 per month.
WE ARE offering some beautiful homes on Jackson street.
$6,500—FOREST avenue, modern 7-room cottage, on corner lot 50x170.
N. FORSYTH street lot 50 feet front for $350 per foot.
W. HUNTER, W. Mitchell, Ashby and Beckwith street lots, level and shady, for only 10 per cent cash and balance $10 per month.



Kept up for years—the offer that's made by the proprietors of Doctor Sage's Catarrh Remedy. It's addressed to *you*, if you have Catarrh. It's a reward of $500, if they can't cure you, no matter how bad your case, or of how long standing—an offer that's made in good faith by responsible men.

Think what it means! Absolute confidence in their Remedy, or they couldn't afford to take the risk. A long record of perfect and permanent cures of the worst cases—or they couldn't have faith in it. It means no more catarrh—or $500. If you fail to be cured, you won't fail to be paid.

But perhaps you won't believe it. Then there's another reason for trying it. Show that you can't be cured, and you'll get $500. It's a plain business offer. The makers of Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy will pay you that amount if they can't cure you. They know that they can—you think that they can't. If they're wrong, you get the cash. If you're wrong, you're rid of catarrh.

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SUNDAY'S CONSTITUTION

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In the South, or for that matter, anywhere. It will contain in addition to full news service many interesting and timely special articles, and be comlete in all its features.

Subscribers should see that they receive a complete paper—thirty-six pages.

Newsdealers must send in their orders for extras early.

TEN PAGES

ATLANTA, GA., December 17, 1892.

How to Save the Soldiers' Home.

In another column will be found a practical suggestion from Colonel P. H. Brewster concerning the Soldiers' Home. We commend it to the trustees of the home and to our readers generally, as it points the way to the success of a noble and patriotic enterprise.

Colonel Brewster suggests the formation of a stock company capitalized at $300,000 to run the home, for say twenty years, or a shorter period, if the veterans cease to require such a shelter, the proceeds arising from the sale of the property at the end of that time to be divided among the stockholders.

The home property—more than 120 acres—is now worth about $200,000. In twenty years or so, at the lowest estimate of competent experts, it will be worth $500,000. Now, suppose the stockholders are subject to an annual assessment of 5 per cent, or less, when circumstances justify a reduction? A man with $1,000 of stock would pay in twenty years in 5 per cent assessments $1,000, or $50 a year, and at the end of that time, if the property, sold for only $500,000 he would draw out $1,660.

But this is not all. The grounds comprise 120 acres, very close to the city and easy of access. There would be nothing to prevent the lease of about seventy-five or one hundred acres for about twenty years at a handsome sum. This could be easily spared from the grounds of the home and would go a long way toward paying the running expenses.

The tract thus leased would, under proper conditions, be built up at once. The money for the leased land would considerably reduce the assessments, so that the stockholders would pay out only a nominal sum.

Five per cent for the assessments on a capitalization of $300 are suggested, because they would yield $15,000 a year, the amount the state was asked to appropriate. We have shown, however, that it would be easy to raise this sum without calling for such a per cent every year, and probably without ever calling for more than 2 per cent.

There are thousands of patriotic men and women in Georgia who would gladly go into such a stock company organized for a purpose so praiseworthy, even if there was no profit in it. Fortunately, the present and prospective value of the home property would reimburse them, with satisfactory interest and a handsome profit. It may be that some of the details of the plan suggested by Colonel Brewster might be improved, but in the main his ideas are on the right line.

We trust that the trustees representing the home will have an early meeting and discuss this plan fully, receiving also such suggestions as may be offered by outsiders who take an interest in the movement. Surely, we have enough patriotism and public spirit in the Empire State of the South to preserve and utilize this gift to our old soldiers. We cannot believe that the trustees will be forced to the humiliating necessity of returning this noble offering to its donors. The people of Georgia will support the home if they are permitted to do it.

Concerning Immigration.

The future of the south is radiantly bright, with no shadow of force bills and other sectional and partisan evils to cloud the vista opening before us.

We have good reason to look forward to a long season of prosperity, development and expansion. But it must be admitted that we need more capital and more people. We do not want the indiscriminate immigration from foreign lands that has settled the west, but we do want a native American element from other sections—a class that would suit our conditions and assimilate with us in a homogeneous society. There are thousands of well-to-do, wealthy and enterprising people in the northern and western states who are half-decided to seek homes in the south, but they have been held back by misrepresentations and by their dread of unfriendly federal legislation. The latter is no longer apprehended, but the former still exist.

Speaking of this problem, The New Orleans Times-Democrat says:

It becomes, therefore, the governors of the southern states, we submit, above all things to join with each other in considering how most effectually immigration of a good quality can be attracted hither, and in taking practical steps to attain that most desired and desirable end. Why should not a convention, for example, of southern governors be held at an early date to take this question of immigration into the south under advisement? The governors of the states could be the nucleus at least of the convention, associating with themselves such citizens of prominence, public spirit, push and broad views as would be helpful to them in giving an impetus to a movement like this.

That a convention assembled for such a purpose, and composed of men who knew what they were doing and who were sincere and zealous in their work, would devise plans that would be successful in attracting hundreds of thousands of eligible home-seekers and settlers to the fertile though unoccupied lands of the south, is beyond all question. And we have not any doubt whatever that, if their excellencies, the governors, were to take the initiative in this matter, they would be backed up by the legislatures with such appropriations for the purpose as would at once remove any obstacles out of their pathway. For the voting of reasonably liberal appropriations toward the accomplishment of such an end would be like the scriptural casting of one's bread on the waters, in the sure hope of finding it again, multiplied beyond calculation, after many days.

This suggestion is in line with many articles that have appeared from time to time in our columns. We should have immigration commissioners, immigration societies, and an efficient bureau of immigration literature, aided by agents and lecturers who would go to work and start an immigration craze, so to speak.

The west no longer invites capital and settlers as in former years. The most tempting field is the south and it should be properly advertised. One more point. This is the way to settle the race problem. Instead of wishing for fewer blacks, let us wish for more whites. Do this, and the race question will drop out of sight.

A Newspaper at Large.

We have all long been aware that The Macon Telegraph was in financial distress, but we did not know that this trouble was so extended as to include mental affliction.

It seems, however, that the feebleness of its exchequer is shared by all departments alike, and when the public sale, ordered by Judge Miller, takes place in January, its mental assets will no doubt be reckoned on a par with the more substantial evidences of its weakness, which are to pass over the block.

In an editorial in yesterday's issue The Telegraph, in commenting on the press interview with Messrs. Patrick Walsh and Evan P. Howell sent from New York, says:

Messrs. Walsh and Howell have not been very successful as protectionist leaders in Georgia. * * * We do not doubt that the gentlemen believed they were voicing the sentiments of a very large number of Georgia democrats when they expressed anxiety for the preservation of at least incidental protection—nor do we doubt that they were mistaken. * * * Protection has no hold on Georgia democrats, but they believe that a too precipitate abandonment of even a bad fiscal policy is to be deprecated. * * * We think we have indicated the real attitude of Georgia democrats toward the tariff. They are not anxious about protection, incidental or direct, but are quite prepared to see, in the course of time, the last vestige of it disappear. But because to be moderate is generally to be right and because they have respect for the interests and even the prejudices of those who believe that protection is necessary to individual if not to national prosperity, they will be satisfied with any tariff bill which proceeds on the right principle and affords substantial relief from the burden of unjust taxation imposed by the McKinley law. What the right principle is Speaker Crisp indicated when he declared in favor of putting all raw materials on the free list.

The interview referred to was published in The Constitution, and other newspapers, on the same day that it appeared in The Telegraph, and we quote from it the full reference to the tariff, attributed to both Messrs. Walsh and Howell, in a casual talk with a reporter.

Mr. Walsh is quoted:

We must have revenues to pay the expenses of the government, and revenues above the point where they will be virtually on the free trade basis should be used for incidental protection.

Captain Howell is quoted:

What the south wants is not free trade of an extreme character or protection of an extreme character. We want an even and equitable tariff for the revenues required by the government, for its expenses, with protection from incidental revenues, applied where it will do the most good to the greatest number.

The Constitution has expressed itself so often, in denunciation of the policy of "protection for protection's sake," that it is not necessary to go into details here, emphasizing our position, to refute The Telegraph.

The Constitution goes further in its demand for tariff reform than The Telegraph, and when the latter is ready to join the people for the immediate repeal of the obnoxious tariff laws, it may consider itself in a better condition to lecture The Constitution than now.

The Constitution is earnest enough in its demand for tariff reform to give the people the credit of believing that they were sincere when they spoke for the overthrow of the infamous system of protection. The Telegraph has been preaching daily the doctrine of delay, and urging the democratic party to postpone for a year doing that which the people have demanded that it do as soon as possible.

The Telegraph opposes an extra session of congress because it is afraid that prompt action would interfere with existing conditions. The hope that immediate action would do this very thing is the reason that The Constitution urges the call of an extra session. "Existing conditions" are not such that they should be indefinitely hung as a millstone around the neck of the people.

The Telegraph summarizes its views on the tariff by the statement, above quoted, that "the right principle" is that indicated by Speaker Crisp "when he declared in favor of putting all raw materials on the free list."

Since Speaker Crisp is taken as authority why does not The Telegraph go as far in accepting his views on this matter as The Constitution, which cordially sustains him in the position he takes that raw material is not only demanded, but that the people should have it without delay.

We are in favor of raw material, and we want it in 1893 instead of in 1894, as The Telegraph would have it.

We endorse to the fullest extent the position taken by Mr. Cleveland in his admirable letter of acceptance, and by the democratic platform, concerning the importance of the immediate reform of the tariff policy of the government. We believe that every day's delay, after the 4th of March, means that much unnecessary loss of valuable time. We do not want to see one dollar's worth of tariff tax levied for the sake of protection, per se, but, in the readjustment of the tax to be raised, exclusively for revenue purposes, the democratic party should, of course, have an eye to placing such tariff as must be levied, "where it will do the most good to the greatest number." If this gives incidental protection to any industry, and does not have the effect of unduly holding up the price of any commodity, nobody will object, and if some are benefited by it and nobody is injured, no harm can possibly come of it.

Tax the luxuries—admit free the necessaries of life.

This is the policy advocated by Mr. Cleveland, it is the policy of the democratic party, and it is the line on which the tariff will be reformed, keeping in view at all times the right of the people to demand that whatever tariff there is, it be so levied as to have the least possible effect on the cost of the necessaries of life. The opening of the ports of the United States to raw material from the world over, is, of course, a demand so emphatic as not to need argument to prove its justice.

We trust that this will be satisfactory to our carping neighbor, whose pocket-book is now in the hands of two receivers, and whose assets, material and otherwise, will be distributed for the benefit of its creditors during the coming month.

The Question of Good Roads.

We are glad to observe that interest in the subject of good roads continues to grow. It is manifesting itself in various ways—in congresses, conventions and county meetings, in the newspapers, and in grand jury rooms. This is an evidence that public sentiment will soon be strong and energetic enough to take up the question and deal with it as vigorously as the necessity for new railroad lines has been dealt with.

The reason for this growing interest in our road system is not far to seek. For more than half a century public spirit and enthusiasm have been engaged in carrying on the great work of railway building, and the results have been little short of marvelous. In pushing this work forward, no sacrifice apparently has been too great for states, communities and individuals to make, and the result in some sections has been an overwhelming development that has resulted in a degree of disappointment.

The energy and sacrifices of the public were aimed in the right direction, albeit posterity will enjoy the perfect result.

It is manifest, nevertheless, that the era of railway building, especially in the older states of the republic, has practically reached its limits, and the public is slowly but surely awakening to the fact that in order to reap to the fullest extent the beneficial results of its energy it will have to supplement its railway systems with a system of public roads passable at all seasons of the year. Once the knowledge of this fact becomes clear, neither arguments nor the pressure of discussion will be necessary to incite the people to supply themselves with a system of public highways calculated to increase the value of their railways and the value of their lands, and to promote their own comfort and convenience.

The Constitution, in discussing the question of good roads, has suggested that the cities are more vitally interested in the outcome than the thinly settled rural regions, and that therefore they ought to betray a larger interest. But the question goes still farther. As posterity is to enjoy the ripest and most perfect results of the public enterprises of today, why should not posterity be called on to contribute to the cost of them? We have the advantage of posterity in this matter. It can make no protests; it cannot even engage in the discussion; it is powerless. Nevertheless, with the advantages it will have—with the improvements it will inherit—it will be in a much better condttion to meet drafts on its resources than the people of today who are building for the future.

The organic law of Georgia gives too much protection to posterity in the matter of taxation, but it is to be remembered that the framers of that law were filled with the bitterness that was the natural result of the reconstruction period, and they were essaying to protect the people against the possible incursions of speculators and projectors armed with alien powers and bent on personal ends. The spirit of the limitations laid on communities in that law is not in tune with the purposes and desires of a homogeneous people, building up their state, not for themselves alone, but for their children and their children's children.

We mention these limitations neither by way of criticism nor complaint, for nothing is more certain than that the people will make their organic law fit their purposes and desires. The limitations will disappear as soon as the taxpayers of the state make up their minds that posterity, which is to enjoy the benefits, should pay its proportionate share of the cost of necessary improvements.

Meanwhile, if the present and rising generations are to work for posterity and tax themselves to do it, it is time they had gone about it. The necessity is a pressing one, and if we are to have the comforts and conveniences of good roads, and reap the substantial advantages that flow from them, we should begin to put matters in shape to bring those results about.

The Security of State Banks.

The most sensible, and therefore the most reasonable, suggestions that we have yet seen in regard to the establishment of state banks of issue are put forth by The Richmond Times, in reply to the propositions of a correspondent with regard to the security of the bills of credit. It is about this question of security that the whole discussion hinges and circles, and the views of The Times are radical—too radical indeed to those who have yet to discover that confidence is not a machine-made affair, but depending on facts, circumstances and conditions wholly outside the region of law or legislation. The Times says:

The true security of a bank's notes is in the character of the bank and of those who manage it. A system of banks which is permitted to grow up in obedience to the wants and censure of the public will put out sound notes and all the notes that are needed. One that is regulated and controlled by statute laws, which foster here and impose restrictions there, will never have at its command all the possibilities of its nature, and this is the reasin why The Times thinks banking should be free, without any requirements that the banks should make any kind of deposit to secure their notes.

Further along in its article, our contemporary remarks:

The business of the world then is done by exchanges and not by money, and the great business of the world is entirely indifferent as to whether the state banks are allowed to issue notes or whether they are not. The demand for bank notes comes from the rural districts, which is what is meant by their demand for free silver. These are without credits amongst themselves to balance against each other, and being without them, they are compelled to have a medium of exchange to take their place. It is the rural districts without mutual credits which want and require currency. The notes of state banks would be for the convenience of these, and, as they are for their use only, as soon as one is sent back to its home when it strays away the better it would be for the system. As the note will not be intended for the public's use, there can be no reason for protecting the public in its use. If the neighborhood man chooses to deal with the notes, he does so with full knowledge of the bank which puts it out, and let him take the consequences of his transaction.

Without giving an unqualified endorsement to these views, we desire to say that consideration of them will clarify the understanding of those who imagine that bonds and other evidences of credit make the most desirable security. The rigid laws by which the national banks are bound have practically ruined their efficiency as banks of issue and as public institutions. Salmon P. Chase saw what the effect would be, and he was prompt to declare that the system was established simply to meet an exigency of the war. The reason the banks have practically ceased to issue notes is because the security the law requires is too costly. The funds that would be locked up in security bonds can be put to more profitable service than in issuing notes. Hence the contraction in the currency of national banks.

This much seems to be certain—that if the repeal of the 10 per cent tax is to result in giving any relief to the people the state bank system must be freer than that which it is intended to supersede. To that end each state ought to be left free to deal with its own banks, to the end that these institutions may fit not only the state itself, but the necessities of the people.

We have been and are now discussing the state bank question in a purely tentative way. We are sure that state banks of issue should be revived in a shape that will enable them to furnish to the people a supply of currency at once safe and elastic. The details of such a system will have to be left to the common sense and experience of those who are familiar with the business.

The suggestion of The Richmond Times, however, has about it the flavor of the old days when bank currency was based on the faith and confidence of those who had to deal with those institutions, and when the state banks of Georgia rose superior to panics.

The career of Carl Schurz shows what a great "moral force" an active man can be in our politics.

The spectacle of southern statesmen running away from cabinet positions is causing great surprise in New York city.

The mugwumps are few in number, but they are very rank.

E. Ellery Anderson is perfectly willing to concede that he carried the state of New York for Cleveland. In order to be a truly great man he should add Illinois to the list.

The Massachusetts kindergarten for the instruction of republican voters will not be open until after Christmas.

The repealers of the Sherman law are beginning to scratch their heads.

Carl Schurz began to be a "moral force" in politics when he stumped the country against Grant, receiving a goodly sum for each speech.

It is thought that the mugwumps are not superior to a desire to enjoy some of the usufruct.

EDITORIAL COMMENT.

The Richmond Dispatch has the following interesting notice of a lecture recently delivered by Mr. Leigh Robinson: "Slavery was forced upon Virginia 'and in the teeth of her remonstrance by the arbitrary power of Great Britain,' says Mr. Robinson, and he produces the proof. Twenty-three statutes were passed by the Virginia house of burgesses to prevent the importation of slaves and all were negatived by the king. 'Ours was the first state not only to prohibit theslave trade, but to make it punishable with death.' Mr. Robinson fails to find the evidence that property in man was an obnoxious doctrine at the north 'until property in man wholly ceased there to be lucrative. Small as the number of slaves necessarily was to the north of Maryland, in several of them slavery existed for more than fifty years after the adoption of the constitution.' The constitution of the United States, Mr. Robinson contends, was a distinct bargain between the north and the south for the security of slave property, 'for which a redundant consideration was received by the former in the control and regulation of commerce by a simple majority instead of a two-thirds vote.'"

England's tariff list is rather short. Tobacco, tea, rum, brandy and other spirits, wine, currants, coffee, raisins and a few minor articles that amount to little in the receipts. That is the list. The entire revenue from customs duties amounts to about $100,000,000 a year. About $120,000,000 more comes from the tax on beer, on railways and from licenses. Then there are the probate duty, the legacy duty, the house duty, the income and property tax, and other sources of revenue mainly taking the form of stamped documents, etc. The four chief sources of income are the excise, customs, stamps and income and property tax, in the order named. If our reformers adopt a similar tariff system our revenue to pay for pensions, river and harbor improvements, battle-ships and coast defenses will have to be raised by an increase of the whisky tax, an income tax and perhaps a heavy tax on all real estate.

THE DYING BLAINE.

The report that James G. Blaine, now supposed to be lying on his death bed, is about to die in the membership of the Catholic church, recalls a curious story. Mr. Blaine entered congress from the state of Maine amid surroundings which would indicate a stanch Pilgrim father origin. He moved exclusively among those who inherited a traditional enmity toward the Catholic church, and like Peter, when he was recognized by the maid servant, was loud in his protestations that he knew nothing about these "objectionable people." When, in the course of years, he became prominent enough to be a presidential possibility, the fact was made known by those interested in the safety of the country, that he was not only of Catholic parentage, but that he was baptized in that faith and professed it until he had reached young manhood.

It was when young Blaine had quitted the parental roof that he bloomed out in other colors. He went to Kentucky to teach school. There he met the lady who afterwards became his wife. Her home was in Maine, and thither she took her husband. There his gifts of statesmanship began to unfold, and he was soon put upon that career which has made of him one of the most prominent figures in the country. One of the requisites of a Maine politician is an uncompromising Protestanism. It may have been Mr. Blaine's calculation, or it may have been his conviction, that led him into the Presbyterian church, but whatever the reason, his Catholic associations always came up at an unfortunate time for him.

When he became a presidential possibility in 1883-84, it was as necessary as ever that he should be stanch in his Calvanism, but his known defection from the Catholic church would rally against him many votes which might be cast for any other republican. It was in this emergency that the happy idea occurred to him that a close Irish affiliation would overcome this. The success of this scheme is known to all. For the first time in its history the republican party polled a heavy Irish vote, and the great bulk of it was Catholic. The success of the scheme was destroyed, however, by old man Burchard's slip of the tongue when he coupled "Romanism" with "rum and rebellion." The allusion aroused at once all the dislike which Catholics feel for a man who has abandoned their faith. It lost the presidency to Blaine. The expression would not have injured a born Protestant in the opinion of Catholics, but it meant death to a man who was looked upon as a pervert.

It seems that this shadow which always arose to cloud Mr. Blaine's political hopes, was destined to invade his family circle. His eldest daughter not only married a Catholic, but became one herself. This was followed by the unfortunate marriage of his son to Miss Marie Nevins, a Catholic, the marriage ceremony being performed by a Catholic priest. Out of this marriage grew Mr. Blaine's controversy with Rev. Father Ducey.

This same Father Ducey is the priest who has recently been at the bedside of the dying statesman. The press dispatches, explaining the matter, state that Mr. Blaine was about to take a step which the exigencies of politics kept him from taking heretofore. This statement, it is to be hoped, is not true, but that rather, Mr. Blaine, who had been indifferent during youth, is simply awakening to what has always been his honest belief. To ascribe his action otherwise is to place a stigma upon his character which the frankness of his life forbids.

ECHOES FROM THE PEOPLE.

No Confederate Home.

Editor Constitution—The Soldiers' Home can be opened with out an appropriation from the state treasury. The trustees should not sell it, at least, without an effort to open it.

The property known as the Soldiers' Home is today worth about $200,000. In twenty years—probably less—it will have increased in value to at least half a million. The trustees offered it to the state, if the state would make an appropriation of $15,000 annually until it would not be needed longer as a home for the veterans of Georgia. The patriotism of the legislature would not permit the state to accept it.

Let the trustees organize a stock company, capitalize the property at $300,000 and fix the shares at $10; open books of subscription and give the people of the state an opportunity to subscribe for this stock on these conditions—That no money will be required, but the stock will be subject to an annual assessment not to exceed 5 per cent, and less if the needs of the home will not require so much; the stock liable to be forfeited on default made in paying any assessment and reissued by the company.

An assessment on this amount of stock at 5 per cent would be $15,000, which would be sufficient to keep the home full of old veterans. When they have all passed away the property to belong to the stockholders.

If the trustees will adopt this plan we believe every dollar of this stock will be taken in a short time and the home opened.

The stock will not be a bad investment, considered financially, for this property, when the home ceases, will more than pay every dollar paid by the stockholders.

This is only the brief outlines of a plan we believe, when perfected, will insure the success of an institution that will be the pride of every patriot in this grand old commonwealth, and which will inspire the children of those who made so many sacrifices for the lost cause, with sentiments of loyalty to their memories that perhaps the action of the legislature in repudiating it might tend to obliterate.

The monuments erected all over Georgia by the energy of her fair women in commemoration of the valor and devotion of our dead heroes, testify of the patriotism of our people, and this home for the living, will witness that it is a mistake to suppose Georgia will ever disown or dishonor those who crowned southern chivalry with a glory as bright and lasting as the stars that gem her skies.

P. H. BREWSTER.

Gold and Silver.

From The Richmond Dispatch.

The supply of gold that caused congress to provide for the debasing the silver coin was mostly obtained in the single state (as it is now) of California. And we know of no reason why history may not repeat itself and gold be found in Arizona in such quantities as to justify the financial world in considering how gold is to be kept at par with silver (16 to 1). Where, then, would be the gold contracts of the money grabbers? Who would be found with face so bold as to propose to demonetize gold?

Silver and gold are both precious metals. Both are recognized in the federal constitution, and not separately, but together. "No state shall * * * make anthing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment for debts." Gold and silver, not gold or silver. So every state has by implication the recognized right and the recognized power to make both gold and silver a legal tender for debt. And congress has the power to coin money, regulate the value thereof and of foreign coin, etc.

What a happy solution of the silver problem it would be to be able to sell it by weight at the same price as gold (16 to 1). There would no longer be heard the cry that gold in the only "honest money." No longer would Germany, England, Austria and the other monometallistic countries of today be heard declaring that they would have gold and nothing but gold as the standard or measure of all values.

A Great Paper.

From The Macon Evening News.

The Atlanta Constitution is a great paper. It has accomplished a great deal not only for Georgia but the entire south. The Constitution is constantly starting some new enterprise and bobbing up serenely where it is least expected, although always welcome. It now reaches Macon at 3:45 o'clock in the morning and catches every early mail going out of this city. It is also distributed to its Macon subscribers in ample time for breakfast readers. The Constitution uses the service of all the news agencies that supply the morning papers, but its strong point in its splendid special service, which is the finest of any southern paper and enables it to completely overshadow all competition from morning papers within a radius of a hundred or so miles. Mr. J. Russell Kennedy, of this city, is the manager of the Macon bureau and with the fine reports he sends daily, The Constitution virtually becomes a Macon paper.

Warning to Wives Buying Xmas Gifts.

From The Washington Star.

"There is no doubt," said the professor, "that in many cases tobacco exerts a soothing influence on the mind.

"Well," said the young wife positively, "the cigars I bought Harry for his birthday didn't."

How Figure Out the Profit.

From The Philadelphia Ledger.

It is said that about 10,000 gross of pens are produced from a ton of steel.

LEGISLATIVE GOSSIP.

Some time today or tonight the general assembly will adjourn for the first session, having completed its first fifty days. Unless it can override the governor's veto, the next session will not begin until October 25, 1893, the fourth Wednesday in the month or day corresponding to the opening day of this session.

No hour for final adjournment had been arranged last night. The senators want to wind up early. Some of them are anxious to get home and do not care to wait until tomorrow. Everything in the nature of business on the desk of the secretary of the senate was cleared last night. The senate can get through in an hour or two this morning, unless there is trouble in reaching an agreement on a few amendments still pending on important bills, such as the tax act and the general appropriation bill. The two bodies refuse to agree on the widows' pensions bill yesterday. The senate wants to restrict the pensions to widows of Georgia soldiers exclusively, and it is against debarring widows who have a little property if they are otherwise entitled to a pension. On these two points there is a wide difference of opinion. One body or the other must yield something today or the whole bill will fail. Put both in and each body will get what it wants while taking something that it does not want.

Several senate amendments to the tax act have not been agreed to by the house, and there may be some friction over the appropriation bill. It was said in the corridors last night that the house may insist on the geological survey being reinstated in the bill.

One of the first things this morning will be a conference between committees from each body to patch up a truce on necessary matters not yet agreed to.

Around the house it was the talk that it would be impossible for that branch to adjourn before late tonight, possibly 12 o'clock. That idea does not suit the senators, who are accustomed to retiring early and getting a good night's rest.

And then some of the members have planned to wind up with an o'possum supper.



It was a pretty compliment to a very pretty young woman—the gift of a handsome group of the house on the part of the members to Miss Sydney Randle, the postmistress of the general assembly. The gift was given in token of the appreciation of the ever faithful and efficient service rendered by the fair one, who presides at the postoffice at the legislature. Mr. Jones, of Dougherty, always ready to do the gallant thing when ladies are around, was selected to deliver the present, and he did so in a most becoming way. After the little blue-eyed girl of a postmistress had smiled and bowed in grateful recognition of the gift the committee left her, but looking back saw her burst into tears, so pleased was she at the surprise.

The house of representatives has been enlivened very much the past week with the presence of bright and handsome little Joe Turner, son of Judge Turner, the member from the county of Putnam. Little bright-eyed Joe came up to the legislature with his father last Monday morning and has been spending the week at his father's side in the house. He has a cheery good word for all the boys of the house and has made some very influential friends while in the city.



That bill by Judge Hall, of Spalding, to lighten the punishment of certain criminals seems to be arousing a great deal of interest and it is said that there is being a great pressure brought to bear from the outside to have the bill stopped before it becomes a law. The bill, will of course, reduce the number of convicts in the camps at the present time, and will tend to shorten the terms for punishment, but the general tone of the measure is more humane than the laws at present. It seeks to remedy the condition of things as reported in the document submitted by the committee on penitentiary.

This report was submitted to the house yesterday by Judge Turner, of Putnam, chairman of the committee. There is a sensation in this report. The committee states it to be a fact that there is a great number of children—mere children in the camps. One is there for life who is only twelve years old. Another is there for twenty years who is only eleven years old. There is one convict just eight years old.

The committee reports that in many of these camps there are all manner of crimes committed by the convicts right under the noses of the bosses. It states that the convicts very commonly gamble at leisure hours and especially on the Sabbath day. It relates that the convicts are housed all together at night and that all manner of secret crimes are committed in this way, and that instead of changing the minds of these convicts, the penitentiary is growing to be a school for crime. It is easy to see that this is no place for these children to be punished. In this very particular the bill by Judge Hall comes in to cover a point that is glaringly wrong.



"Billie" Morton, of Clarke, was up and doing yesterday. That he was. He took a conspicuous part in the fight to have the report of the Gober committee adopted and clear the judge from the humiliation of the charges at the next year until the legislature could meet again. He was on the floor all the time and did a great deal of good service for the friends of Judge Gober. In the afternoon "Billie," as the fellows all call him, was interested in a registration law for the county of Oconee. As it now stands the law requires that voters must vote in their own districts where they reside. The bill to change the system was to place it within the right of every voter to vote anywhere in the county. When the vote was put "Billie" simply winked the other eye at the boys and whispered, "Come up, chaps; every one of you come up and pass this bill for us," and they rose up from all sides, passing the bill by an overpowering majority.



Mr. Calvin, of Richmond, introduced a resolution in the house yesterday to have a committee of the house to visit each of the universities of the state this summer at commencement. Also one to have the speaker and the president of the senate stay in Atlanta three days to sign the bills that have been passed.

Senator Robbe got a laugh on his brother members a few mornings ago. There was a deluge of eloquence coming down on the chamber. It was entertaining to the galleries but several members wanted to keep on working.

After a while Senator Robbe rose and remarked that he would like to know why all this speaking was going ot. "There isn't a newspaper reporter present," he added, significantly.

Senator Robbe stood up for the "Teck" yesterday and the soldiers the day before, and the home the day before that. He did splendid work for the military, not in speaking on the floor so much as in the committee room and in laboring with brother members who were not too friendly.

Not a French Author.

From The Fliegende Blaetter.

Author—But why do you charge me more for printing this than usual?

Publisher—Because the compositors were constantly falling asleep over your novel.

WITH HIS GOOD NAME

Unstained and Unspotted Judge George Gober Goes Back Home.

MAJOR BACON MOVES MEN TO TEARS.

His Eloquence and Clear Force of Thought Ring Out.

THE VOTE TO EXONERATE 142 TO 12

An Overwhelming Vindication of His Conduct by the House—What Went on in the House Yesterday.

Judge George Gober has been exonerated before the bar of the Georgia legislature just as the people of Georgia knew he would be; just as he deserved to be.

He has been tried before the highest tribunal of state and with unstained honor and unspotted character is sent back to his seat on the bench of the Blue Ridge circuit to continue the honable discharge of his duty to the state in enforcing the laws of the commonwealth.

It is a total exoneration. There is no mincing of words in the way the house passed the resolution to free Judge Gober from the charges of guilt that have been brought against him.

Here is the resolution, and it is the just complete vindication of Judge Gober that his friends have always expected him to receive when the facts in the case were all known and the situation made clear:

Whereas, Messrs. W. C. Glenn and C. D. Maddox submitted a memorial to the general assembly at the present session containing charges which seriously reflected upon the honesty, uprightness and official character of Hon. George F. Gober, judge of the Blue Ridge circuit, and—

Whereas, at Judge Gober's instance and request, a joint committee of the senate and house were appointed to investigate the truth of said charges, and—

Whereas, after a patient and laborous investigation, said committee have found in favor of Judge Gober;

Therefore, be it—

Resolved by the house, That the said report be, and the same is hereby adopted, and the Hon. George F. Gober, judge of the Blue Ridge circuit be, and he is hereby fully and completely exhonerated from said charges.

The report of the investigating committee was made the special order of the morning session of the house and the debate began on it as soon as the journal had been read.

Judge Hall, of Spalding, offered the resolution quoted above for the exoneration of the judge.

He made a speech on the matter declaring it to be the duty of the house to pass the resolution at once and allow Judge Gober to go home with no stain upon his character, as he deserved and not to hold these charges over him from now until the next session of the general assembly.

To Have Some Speeches.

Colonel Bill Smith, of Gwinnett, offered a resolution for information asking that both of the attorneys for Judge Gober and the other side be allowed to speak before the house at the night session, and that the matter be postponed until they could be heard. This was not carried, and was read simply as information.

Some Opposition.

Mr. West, of Lowndes, was the leader of the opposition to the resolution of Judge Hall and was the first to make the motion that all the evidence be printed so that the members could read it and vote more intelligently as to the details of the case.

Speeches were made in favor of the motion to print the evidence by Messrs. Johnson, of Fulton; West, of Lowndes; Hodge, of Bibb; Reugan, of Henry, and Mr. Merson, of Glynn, who offered a resolution to have the whole business postponed until the next session of the general assembly.

These men did not make any remark in their whole discourse against the character of the judge, and only claimed that they would prefer to see the evidence in the case before they voted on the issue.

Messrs. Neel, of Floyd; Hall, of Spalding; Sears, of Webster; Boifeuillet, of Bibb; Battle, of Muscogee; Hill, of Meriwether; Fleming, of Richomnd, and Bacon, of Bibb, were the speakers in favor of the Hall resolution to exonerate Judge Gober.

They showed that it would require the action of the house to be postponed until next year's session if the evidence were printed and this would cost the state a very great deal of unnecessary expense, for the committee had thoroughly reviewed the testimony of the witnesses in the case in making their report to the house. The committee was appointed for this very object. It would be a palpable outrage upon Judge Gober to have the action of the house postponed until the next session. He demanded that the trial be had as soon as the house could conveniently do it, and now that it had been held, it was the duty of the members to decide one way or the other for the sake of relieving Judge Gober of the weight that had been placed upon him.

It was shown that the committee had labored untiringly in the work of getting the evidence in shape and that the work had required hours of tedious labor night and day that the committee could make its report for the consideration of the house this session. The house ought to consider it and pass judgment on Judge Gober without having him longer under trial.

Major Bacon's Splendid Speech.

Major Bacon, who was himself one of the committee to investigate Judge Gober, was among the last to take the floor, but when he made the case so plain and so clear, no member of the house could claim that he would have to see the evidence to vote intelligently on the report of the committee.

Major Bacon went quite into the details of the case and showed that it was not necessary for the members of the house to see one word of the testimony to decide the case further than that the committee had submitted its report. He said this because many of the facts to be determined were admitted facts and testimony could not settle the guilt or innocence of Judge Gober in this regard. It required a knowledge of law to say, for instance, whether a judge had a right to change the copy of an application for a new trial before the application had been approved by him. It would also demand a knowledge of law to determine whether a judge would be compelled to grant a supersedias in the case made out by the memorialists. In this way most of the charges were either admitted or not denied and testimony was not the thing to determine them, but law. The committee had found that Judge Gober was clear of any guilt from the standpoint of law, as backing up his position towards the memorialists.

Major Bacon closed his remarks with an earnest appeal to the house to think seriously of the humiliating situation before Judge Gober and to free him from these charges without any delay. He said that there was never a case in which a judge of the superior court of the state of Georgia had been subjected so needlessly to such humiliation. It was something unheard of for a judge to be brought to such a place over an altercation in a courthouse among lawyers, with such things happening every day in the year. It was a pitiful spectacle for a judge to be held up before the criticising eye of curious spectators and cross-questioned by lawyers, and oversworn by the meanest convicts sent to the penitentiary by the same judge while performing the duties he owed to his state while enforcing the law. It was a sad sight, indeed, when in the face of the facts in the case there had been nothing done by the judge to merit the slightest criticism by those who thoroughly understand the law.

Major Bacon made a very strong speech, the most thorough review of the case that has yet been made and one that surely sent conviction home to the hearts and minds of the members that it would be wrong to hold the charges against Judge Gober over another year. He asked the members to apply the case to their own circuits; to ask themselvs how they would like to have their judge held up in this manner while the dignity of their positions was dragged down to the level of criminals, and all without provocation. It was an earnest appeal and an unanswerable argument and more than one member of the house bent his head on his desk to hide his tears while Major Bacon closed his splendid speech.

Mr. Thomason, of Morgan, called the previous question and without much delay the vote was taken, though Mr. West, of Lowndes, who had fought so warmly for the printing of the evidence, expressed indignation that the debate had thus been cut off so suddenly. The vote was ordered and the clerk proceeded to call the roll.

How the Vote Proceeded.

As the roll call proceeded the fact became clear that there was slight opposition to the report of the committee.

Nearly every one of the members who opposed the resolution to adopt the report and exonerate the judge made explanation of their votes.

Several members who had opposed the acceptance of the report on the floor asked to be excused from voting at all, among the number being Messrs. Mershon, of Glynn, Steward of DeKalb, and West of Lowndes.

The total vote as counted up by the clerk was 142 in favor of adopting the report and exonerating the judge and only twelve opposed.

Those voting against adopting the report were as follows: Askew, Branch, Boyd, Deal, Doolan, Hodges of Bibb, Hogan, Johnson of Fulton, Morris, Walden, Smith of Washington, Reagan.

All of these are third party men except Hodges, Johnson, Doolan and Reagan. Of course, it is not expected that the third party's policy is to free any democratic officer from a charge where there is a possible loophole for getting around it by asking for printed testimony or some other pretense.

The other members explained that their votes were cast with no reflection on the committee's work and that they intended in no way to insinuate a belief that Judge Gober was guilty. They simply wanted to see the evidence. Mr. Hogan, of Lincoln, explained that he just couldn't face his people with a vote to adopt the report when he had heard nothing of the details in the trial.

Billy Morton's Witty Speech.

Morton, of Clarke, explained his vote in a most unique style. He made a very bright little speech declaring that he voted to adopt the report because if the evidence were printed and he were to read it till Gabriel sounds the fire alarm, he would know nothing about it. He was willing to take the report of the committee just as he would take the medicine of his family physician or the advice of his lawyer.

He was roundly applauded, for the members caught the witty application of his remarks quickly.

The Summer Session Question.

At the afternoon session of the house, as was predicted in The Constitution yesterday, another fight came up over the bill for a summer session.

A motion was made to override the governor's veto of the bill calling a summer session, and a great effort has been made to get enough votes to carry it over the governor's disapproval.

But it failed. It was necessary to have a two-third vote to carry the point over the veto, which means 117 votes, and the vote in favor of the summer session was only 104.

Thus, the governor's veto will stand and there will be no summer session, unless the reconsideration is reached today.

It has been said that the effort for a reconsideration will be renewed in the house today, and it is claimed that there are enough votes to carry the bill over the veto.

All debate was cut off yesterday by a call for the previous question.

As to Convicts.

A very important measure came up in the house yesterday at the afternoon session when the resolution by Mr. Graham, of Appling relating to the way convict are worked contrary to the terms of the lease in the saw mills of the southern part of the state. There seems to be much justice in the resolution and the way the gentleman from Appling argued the question it is clear that the people of that section of the state are united to break up the evil alluded to in the measure.

Mr. Graham, who is one of the shrewdest members of the house and one of the ablest lawyers of the southern part of the state, made a very strong speech in favor of the passage of his resolution and made it very clear that there was much wrong in the practices of the lesses of the convicts in those sections of the state. He said that the objections of practice were many.

The resolution recites that the lease law requires that the convicts cannot be put to work in this way on a line of labor entirely different to that stipulated by the law. It then goes on to make the following charges:



Whereas, The lessees of the convicts under said act, known as Penitentiary Company No. 2, and Penitentiary Company No. 3, have nine separate camps established in the eastern and southern portions of this state, at which they locate convicts and use them in operating steam sawmills and in manufacturing lumber; and there are now employed in this business about six hundred convicts, and,

Whereas, The working of said convicts in the manufacture of lumber and operating steam sawmills brings them directly in competition with a large number of the laboring people of this state, and tends to a reduction of the price of the labor of those who are dependent upon manual toil for support, and results in decreasing the demand for free laborers,

Therefore, Be it resolved by the house of representatives, the senate concurring:

1. That said lease act inhibits the working of the convicts away from said site or place known as the Georgia penitentiary at any work other than mining, working on canals, roads, quarries and in making brick.

2. That the establishing of the nine camps aforesaid for working said convicts in operating steam sawmills and in the manufacture of lumber is in violation of the terms of said lease act.

Be it further resolved.

3. That his excellency the governor be, and he is, hereby respectfully requested to adopt such measures as he may deem expedient and effectual to prevent said lessees from locating said convicts at temporary camps for the purpose of working them at steam sawmills and in the manufacture of lumber.

There was a long discussion on the issue. Many of the members from other sections of the state did not evidently appreciate the situation confronting the people of the southern part of the state and were slow to make up their minds to vote for the resolution.

The hour of adjournment came before the vote could be reached and the question held over till the night session when it was disposed of by Tatum, of Dade, substituting that the governor should make inquiry into the matter and take steps to do away with the reported evil in those camps.

The Night Session.

At the night session most of the entire time was taken up with the debate on the bill to require that all suits against a railroad company shall be brought in the county of this state and in which the accident occurred. If a man in the extreme section of the state should be injured in a wreck near the Tennessee line he will have to prosecute the case in that county where the accident occurred, necessitating a great inconvenience to those suing the road. Of course there is another side to the case, that when a cow is killed by the road the suit must be tried in the county where the injury is done. As the law stands now, the case may either be brought in those counties or at the place where the head offices of the company are located. Usually the cases are tried at the latter place.

Mel Branch, while speaking on the measure, made the remark in stentorian tones that the bill was intended for the good of the people, but that it was like the lamb in wolf's clothing. It was for the good of the railroads. He said he was tired of this thing of seeing the fine Italian hand of the railroad lobbyist at work for many a good railroad bill had passed the house and had been followed to the senate by the irrepressible railroad lobbyist, there to be killed out with a suddenness frightful to contemplate.

He was called down by Speaker Atkinson at that point. He was cited to that rule of the house which says no member shall speak disrespectfully of any member of the house, of any committee nor of any member of the senate. Branch said he didn't go to say it, and proceeded with his argument.

The bill was lost by the lack of a few votes which were necessary to carry it.

The night session adjourned at 10 o'clock.

THE "TECK" SAFE.

Its Friends Rallied and Got a $20,000 Appropriation.

The friends of the "Teck" had to rally yesterday to the school's support. There was opposition to the school among the senators and it was not easy to tell just how far this disaffection reached. A few senators knew very well that their constituents were against appropriation and many for the school and yet they knew quite as well that their constituents were wrong. Some of these gentlemen recognizing the warmth of the institution were at heart in favor of providing for the needs of the school. It took persuading to reach such as these and get their consent to come over.

The discussion came up on the bill to appropriate $20,000 for refitting the "Teck."



President Clay took the floor and championed the "Tecks's" caus in a capital speech. In his opening remarks he said that he would ask the senate's pardon for leaving the chair to take part in the debate. He had always believed that a presiding officer should seldom participate in the affairs of house or senate. But he felt a deep interest in this bill. "The School of Technology," said he, "is one of great importance. He had the honor of being a member of the house when the bill was passed creating this institution. The state has spent $60,000 for the buildings and equipments. It was in operation about six years when it was burned. at that time it had two hundred and twelve pupils. The general assembly has made no provision for insurance but the trustees and managers had placed insurance on the building at their personal expense. The machinery was not insured. With the insurance money collected on the building they were rebuilt. An equipment of machinery had been bought by the trustees who now owe for it'. Unless this bill passes it will have to be taken out and of course the school would cease to exist in that event.

"I have heard it said that this is a local school in the interest of Atlanta. I deny this proposition," said the president. "The act creating this school provided that every county in the state should be entitled to a representative. I understand that there are students in the school from every section of the state. But why should there be any prejudice against Atlanta? She pays into the state treasury nearly $300,000 for taxes. Not only has she paid out money to keep her own public schools but she has contributed largely to the schools of other parts of Georgia. I have no prejudice against any section of the state. I am proud of Atlanta. She is a great and progressive city. She has done much to advance the prosperity of Georgia. The trouble in the south is we have educated our young men too much for the professions. Nothing will advance us more than to look after the education of skilled mechanics and machinists. I know a number of young men who have gone to this institution and graduated and who are now engaged as superintendents of factories, car inspectors, skilled machinists and are drawing good salaries."

President Clay stated that a friend had told him he wanted a skilled machinist a few years ago to take charge of a cotton factory in this state and he had to send to Philadelphia to get a man. In closing he said that there should be no antagonism between the common schools and the high schools, but that they should go hand in hand together.

Senators Fleming, Pinson, Robbe, Smith of the thirty-fourth, Humphries, Wilson of the eleventh all had a good word for the Teck.

Senator Davis got an amendment through allowing the work of the students to be sold without restrictions as to bidding.

The appropriation passed by a handsome majority, the senators voting as below:

Ayes—Blalock, Chambers, Corput, Crawford, Davis, Daly, Edwards, Fitzgerald, Hatcher, Hackett, Humphries, Jenkins, Johnson, McAfee, Matthews, Monk, Moore, Persons, Pinson, Pope, Reaves, Reese, Rembert, Robbe, Russell, Scaife, Sermons, Smith of the fifteenth, Smith of the thirty-fourth, Smith of the forty-first, Wilson of the eleventh, Wilson of the thirteenth, Wilcox, Wooten—36.

Nayes—Dennard, Gholston, Smith of the nineteenth, Thompson, Whittaker, Wright of the first—6.

Several senators explained their votes.

Senator McAffee, of the thirty-ninth, stated that the sentiment of his people is against the technological. "But my district," said he, draws $19,422.42 more out of the state treasury than it pays in. This school costs us nothing; therefore I will vote for the appropriation."

The thirty-ninth draws out of the state treasury

For soldiers' pensions	$ 5,480 00
For widows' pensions	13,100 00
For school funds	22,794 61
	$41,374 61

And it pays in the following sums:

Cherokee	$10,256 48
Forsyth	6,986 28
Milton	4,709 43
	$21,952 19

Senator Monk was excused from voting. He said that he would vote for the school if it were insured. He understood that the state had lost heavily by fire. Before the vote was announced he cast his vote for the appropriation.

Senator Persnos stated that the sentiment of his district is against the appropriation. But he was here to represent the state as well as his constituents. He would not vote to retard the progress and development of Georgia.

Senator Wilson, of the eleventh, stated that he believed the sentiment of his constituency is in favor of the school. He would not like to believe otherwise.

Senator Wilson, of the thirteenth, said that he was a member of the committee which ten years ago started a movement which resulted in giving to the state the Tech. He knew of nothing better for which Georgia spends money and he would vote to give the school such a fund as will secure the institution's utmost efficiency.

Mel's Pet Kill.

The general judiciary of the senate killed Mel Branch's resolution instructing the governor to inforce article 4, section 2, paragraph 4 of the constitution. This paragraph prohibits railroad consolidations intended to defeat or lessen competition. The objection made to the resolution was that it placed the responsibility on the governor and took it away from stockholders or others who might be concerned.

The committee's unfavorable report was agreed to by the senate.

Bills were passed yesterday and last night as below:

To appropriate $5,500 to the deaf and dumb asylum.

To appropriate $14,000 for improvements at the lunatic asylum.

To appropriate $21,000 for improvements at the academy for the blind.

To pay teachers quarterly.

To establish a county court for Dooly.

To re-imburse Captain Mallony, of the Macon Light Infantry for the loss of guns.

To pay $1,900 balance on expenses of the Chicamauga encampment.

To authorize the town of Tunnel Hill to levy a tax for public schools.

To amend an act requiring registration of voters in Dooly county.

To incorporate Statham, Jackson county.

To incorporate Coalton, Madison county.

To amend the charter of Emerson.

To create a board of commissioners of roads and revenues for the county of Lumpkin.

To amend an act to incorporate the Planters' bank of Americus and for other purposes.

To amend an act to incorporate the town of Waycross.

To amend the charter of the Maddox-Rucker Banking Company.

To enlarge the corporate limits of Hawkinsville.

To change the name of the town of Ward to Shellman.

To incorporate the town of Nashville.

No Pension or Mrs. Davis.

The special committee appointed to consider an address from the ex-confederate association in relation to granting a pension to Mrs. Jefferson Davis, reported through Senator Corput, chairman, that no appropriation can be made by the state.

The following resolution was presented and adopted:

That the making of suitable and adequate provisions for the independent and comfortable support of this worthy and renowned lady, who is so dear to all this southland of ours, both as the beloved and trusted companion of our great chieftain and as the distinguished exponent of all those characteristics of loveliness, dignity and truth, which we so much admire in the women of the south, is a subject that recommends itself to the warmest approval and the deepest sympathy of every heart in this senate; but, in our official capacity, as senators of this commonwealth of Georgia, we are confronted with the fact that the constitution of the state contains no warrant whereby we could be justified in making an appropriation from our treasury for this laudable purpose. But we stand ready as citizens, as patriots and as admirers of the noble life and character of this distinguished lady to pledge ourselves, individually, to the promotion of any plan by which her remaining years—which we pray may be many—shall be rendered comfortable, happy and free from anxiety and care.

GENERAL RAILROAD BILL

The Senate Passes a Substitute for the Allen Bill.

A few weeks before the present legislature met The Constitution called attention to the necessity for a new general railroad law. The last general assembly had passed an act and a constitutional amendment providing that charters for railroads should be issued by the secretary of state instead of by the general assembly. This was to secure uniform charters and save the state money. The act was defective and needed perfecting.

To cure the defects Representative Allen, chairman of the house railroad committee, introduced a bill which passed the house. The senate railroad committee worked on it laboriously and has presented a substitute, which is considered a proper and just one. It provides that any number of persons not less than ten may apply for a charter. They must file with the secretary of state their names, residences, the name of the company they desire incorporated, the general direction of the proposed line, the capital stock and full information of that nature. Stock is to be of the par value of $100 a share.

Directions are laid down for meetings of stockholders, elections of directors and officers, the commencement of construction the sale of delinquent stocks, etc.

In no case shall a road be bonded or capital stock increased except by a vote of two-thirds of the capital stock of the corporation. All powers and privileges of a charter expire in two years from date of granting unless by that time the company has fifteen miles of road completed and in operation if the line is to be that long or longer. Charters shall not be granted for a longer term than 101 years.

An important power given by this bill is the right of one railroad to condemn the right of way of another railroad if it is practically impossible for the first to reach its destination otherwise.

Paralleling is prevented by a section prohibiting that no new road shall run within ten miles of another at any point ten miles from either terminus.

Street and suburban railroads are excepted under the act.

The bill perfects the certain old charters by declaring that any railroad company that has been already incorporated prior to the passage of this act, whether by act of the general assembly, incorporating the same by name or under the provision of the general raiload law of the state, and whether organized or not is hereby declared to be a legal and subsisting corporation under the laws of Georgia, and may amend its charter either by adopting the provisions of this act or by extending the time or expiration of its original charter for a period of fifty years.

The next to the last section claims this provision: "No railroad company shall make contract under the provisions of this section with any other railroad company which is a competing line that is calculated to defeat or lessen competition in this state or to encourage monopoly."

This substitute was passed by the senate and immediately transmitted to the house.

The bill is spoken of as fair and equitable by the railroad representatives who have conferred freely with the members of both the senate and house committees.

Dr. Bull's Cough Syrup is sold everywhere, and it always cures coughs and colds.

Goldsmith & Sullivan's Business College and Crichton's School of Shorthand } Cons'l'dat'

SULLIVAN & CRICHTON'S

Business College

AND SCHOOL OF SHORTHAND.

KISER BUILDING, Corner Pryor and Hunter Streets.

For thoroughness of instruction, elegance of quarters; for everything that goes to make a first-class Business College we have absolutely no successful competition in this city. Investigation will convince you. Catalogues free.



HAWKES' GOLD SPECTACLES —FOR— CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

We will mail them for you to any part of the United States, and exchange after holidays, if necessary.

Large stock of Opera Glasses at lowest prices. Leather at $1.90. Pearl at $3.90. We import Lemaire Opera Glasses direct.

A. K. HAWKES,

Manufacturing Optician, 12 Whitehall, ATLANTA.

COME THIS WEEK!
COME THIS WEEK!
COME THIS WEEK!
COME THIS WEEK!

COME TOMORROW!
COME TOMORROW!
COME TOMORROW!
COME TOMORROW!

COME TODAY!
COME TODAY!
COME TODAY!
COME TODAY!

COME THIS HOUR!
COME THIS HOUR!
COME THIS HOUR!
COME THIS HOUR!

COME THIS MINUTE!
COME THIS MINUTE!
COME THIS MINUTE!
COME THIS MINUTE!

COME NOW!
COME NOW!
COME NOW!
COME NOW!

NOW IS THE ACCEPTED TIME!
NOW IS THE ACCEPTED TIME!
NOW IS THE ACCEPTED TIME!
NOW IS THE ACCEPTED TIME!

Next week you can't get half waited on.

Everybody will want to be waited on at once. We will not feel like giving the same attention when we are rushed to death. I have the largest line of novelties to be found in any jewelry store in the entire south.

There is no use trying to tell of all the pretty things; the useful things. I have got just what you are looking for.

The price is the lowest you ever saw. Come to me for all your things and thus save 30 per cent of your money for something else.

Blue, the people's jeweler, 73 Whitehall Street.

Only house in Atlanta that has a big watch for a sign in front of the store.

NOTICE.

—THE—

MANHATTAN LIFE INSURANCE CO.

Is Prepared to Make

CONTRACTS

For the ensuing year with district, general and special agents throughout Georgia and South Carolina.

JAS. G. WEST,

MANAGER,

33½ Whitehall Street, Atlanta, Ga.

dec 3 d 1y



For sale by all druggists.
The Lamar-Rankin Drug Co., wholesale agents. oct16-1yr-sun-thss-thur-sat

ROYAL Baking Powder Absolutely Pure

The United States Official Investigation of baking powders, made under authority of Congress (see Bulletin 13, Chemical Division, U. S. Ag. Dept.), shows the Royal to be a cream of tartar baking powder of the highest quality, and superior to all others in strength, leavening power, and general usefulness.

The Royal Baking Powder is thus distinguished by the highest expert official authority the leading Baking Powder of the world.

Dress Yourself

In one of our Ready-made Suits. We have a small lot of fine Suits, one or two of a kind. The best things brought out this season. All the late ideas and almost any style you can imagine. The prices are HALF to sell the entire line at once.

Open Every Night

From this date to December 25th our store will be open until 9 p. m.

Douglas Thomas & Davison.

The Way

to loose a Gordian knot is to cut it.

The Way

to sell suits and overcoats is to get a crowd of clothing buyers when they're ready to buy anyway, take the broken sizes, sell them at less—cut the prices in half now and then, don't be too particular about what they cost—and sell them, shut one's eyes, and put the money in the drawer.

Do You

want to buy a suit or overcoat and save $5, $10, or maybe more?

Well, then, come in and do it.

A. Rosenfeld & Sons

EVERYTHING IN MEN'S ATTIRE

24 Whitehall Street Corner Alabama.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.



SAFE, always reliable. LADIES, ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square, Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

For Christmas presents we have an immense stock of those inexpensive silver novelties which are always so acceptable.

MAIER & BERKELE,

dec13-7 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

BY SATURDAY DEC 17 1892



Today the grand carnival for the New York Press Club's building fund will take place in the Madison Square Garden.

Large subscriptions have been tendered to the Press Club's fund, and the proposed games are attracting much attention among athletes, who will doubtless enter into a lively competition for the various prizes. Several entertainments for the fund will be given during the winter.

You will be entertained if you see our gorgeous exhibition of gilt, brass, plush, leather and glass articles for Christmas presents. They are dainty, graceful, durable and useful. Prices are low.

ABE FOOTE & BRO.,

34 Whitehall Street.

AMUSEMENTS

OPERA HOUSE

Friday and Saturday, December 16th and 17th; Matinee Saturday at 2:30.

The funniest man of our time—"There's only a few of them left."

SHOUTS, YELLS, SCREAMS, ROARS, LAUGHTER.

The Magnetic Comedian,

Frank Daniels

(His first appearance in Atlanta).

And his big comedy company, including Miss BESSIE SANSON, introducing the two greatest comedy successes of the age. Friday night and Saturday matinee, the fantastical extravaganza.

LITTLE PUCK

Mr. Daniels as Packingham Giltedge.

Saturday night, the whimsical three-act comedy conceit,

DR. CUPID

"He's a good brother." Mr. Daniels as Theopile Mudge, a new character creation. Everything brand new. Startling specialties, witty sayings, new ideas, PRETTY WOMEN. Frank Daniels's big comedy company is the largest one that travels. Regular prices.

FUNERAL NOTICE.

PRITCHETT.—The friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. James E. Pritchett, Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. W. I. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. C. J. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. J. A. Morris and Mr. C. D. Maddox, are respectfully requested to attend the funeral of the late Mrs. James E. Pritchett, from the residence of Captain J. J. Maddox, 428 Whitehall street, at 10:30 o'clock a. m., this day. Interment in Westview cemetery. The following named gentlemen who are to act as pallbearers are requested to meet at C. H. Swift & Co.'s office, 43 Loyd street, at 9 o'clock, sharp: Messrs. John A. Murphy, E. T. Dodd, Charles A. Abbett, D. H. Brodder, W. D. Green, W. C. Glenn, H. L. Culberson, John B. Daniel, A. P. Thompson and G. W. Brooke.

FINANCE AND TRADE.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 16, 1892.

Atlanta Clearing Association Statement.

Clearings today.....$ 566,816.50
For 5 days.....3,052,577.50

Local Bond and Stock Quotations.

New York exchange buying at par; selling at $1.50@$2.50 premium.

The following are bid and asked quotations

STATE AND CITY BONDS.

New Ga. 3½s 27 to 30 years	99	101	Atlanta 6s, L. D.
New Ga. 3½s, 30 to 40 years	99½	101½	Atlanta 6s, S. D.
New Ga. 4½s, 1915	112	114	Atlanta 5s, L. D.
Georgia 7s, 1896	112		Atlanta 4½s
Savannah 8s	104		Augusta 7s, L. D.
Atlanta 8s, 1902	123		Macon 6s
Atlanta 7s, 1904	116		Columbus 6s
Atlanta 7s, 1899	111		Romegraded
			Waterworks 6s
			Rome 5s

ATLANTA BANK STOCKS.

Atlanta Nat'l	330	Lowry B'k Co.	140
Atlanta B. Co.	122½	126	Atlanta Trust & Banking Co.	100	105
Ger L'n & B. Co.	98	100	
Merch. Bank	190		Am'n Banking & Trust Co.	100	
Bank S. of Ga.	150		
Gate City Nat.	145		South'n Bank'g & Trust Co.	100	103
Capital City	116	118	

RAILROAD BONDS

Ga. 6s, 1897	103	Ga. Pacific, 1st.	102	104
Ga. 6s, 1910	112	Ga. Pacific, 2d	55	57
Ga. 6s, 1922	115	A. P. & L., 1st 7s	
Central 7s, 1893	103½	Mar'n & N. G.		30
Char. Col. & A.	103	S., A. & M., 1st	70	75

RAILROAD STOCKS.

Georgia	172½	175	Aug. & Sav.	103	
Southwestern	83	86	A. & W. P.	100	102
Central			do debens	95	
Cent. deben			E. At. L'nd Co.	110	120

THE NEW YORK MARKET.

The Day on the Floor of the New York Stock Exchange.

NEW YORK, December 16—Money loaned stringent again today, rates for call loans ranging from 6@25 per cent; highest rate 25, lowest 6.

Exchange closed steady; posted rates 486@486¼.

Governments closed steady.

The following are closing bids:

4's, Class A, 1 to 5	102	N. Y. Central	109¼
do., Class B, 5s	105	Norfolk & West. pref.	37¾
N. C. con. 6s	122	Northern Pacific	16¾
do. 4s	96	do. preferred	46
S. C. con. Brown	106½	Pacific Mail	36¼
Tennessee 6s	103	Reading	53¾
Tennessee 5s	101	Rich. & W. P. Ter.	7½
Tenn. settlement 3s	75½	Rock Island	82¾
Virginia 6s	90	St. Paul	76¼
Virginia consols	38	do. preferred	120
Chicago and N. W.	111	Texas Pacific	9¾
do. preferred	141½	Tenn. Coal & Iron	35½
Del. and Lack.	149¾	Union Pacific	37¼
Erie	22½	N. J. Central	135
East Tenn., new	3½	Missouri Pacific	56¼
Lake Shore	130¾	Western Union	83¾
Louisville & Nash	70	Cotton Oil Trust	40¼
Memphis & Char	50	Brunswick	7
Mobile & Ohio	34		
Nash. & Chat.	86	Silver certificates	83½
Texas Pacific 1st	—	Sugar	106½

*Ex-dividend.

J. S. Rache & Co.'s Stock Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, December. 16.—The market opened with a decided pressure to sell, as there were a number of country orders to sell at this market, still the big bears rather encouraged the room traders to come up. A big play for the rally that did come, was a very small one and of short duration. About noon prices became weak again, but afterwards rallied until about 2:30 o'clock, when a determined attack by all of Cammack's brokers was made, which carried prices again to the extreme lowest, and the market closed with a very unsettled feeling. Money was strong all day and loaned as high as 25 per cent, but a majority of the brokers filled their wants at about 15 per cent. There is no doubt that the money market is being manipulated, but still there is a feeling of distrust which makes lenders sary about lending out their funds. In our mind there is only one way in which we can get relief, and that is for the people at Washington to come to our rescue either by an issue of $50,000,000 or $100,000,000 of bonds, which must be sold in Europe or by showing the country by the tightness of money on Wall street, which must make all country banks very careful about loaning to country merchants, that the silver bill must be repealed at all hazards. We are going through an expensive lesson, but the sooner the country sees that the repeal of the silver bill is imperative the sooner will the market resume its normal, and not until then can the market advance.

THE COTTON MARKETS.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 16

Local—Market firm; middling 9¼c.

The following is our statement of the receipts, shipments and stock at Atlanta:

	RECEIPTS		SHIPM'TS		STOCK.	
	1892	1891	1892	1891	1892	1891
Saturday	572	906	....	639	11948	16820
Monday	309	1026	800	711	11457	168 5
Tuesday	411	1278	850	536	11318	16577
Wednesday	1368	868	616	874	12070	17021
Thursday	606	1040	960	801	11716	17310
Friday	508	923	400	898	11824	17335
Total	3874	6041	3326	3959		

Below we give the opening and closing quotations of cotton futures in New York today:

	Opening.	Closing.
December	9.53@9.63	9.61@9.62
January	9.70@9....	9.68@9.69
February	9.83@9....	9.79@9.80
March	9.94@9....	9.90@9.91
April	10.05@9....	10.00@10.01
May	10.16@9....	10.09@10.10
June	10.23@9....	10.17@10.18
July	10.32@10.32	10.24@10.25
August	10.35@9....	10.29@10.30

Closed steady; sales 327,300 bales.

The following is a statement of the consolidated net receipts, exports and stock at the ports:

	RECEIPTS		EXPORTS.		STOCK.	
	1892	1891	1892	1891	1892	1891
Saturday	30392	35724	10545	51558	1075989	1182444
Monday	42499	53884	50377	28612	1011341	2196721
Tuesday	40862	68678	5233	43184	1090745	1208968
Wednesday	35199	28631	10399	30067	1100243	1214512
Thursday	38371	48368	18488	31342	1094200	1221437
Friday	28652	41394	36333	29397	1092557	1224109
Total	307135	276609	134323	204160		

The following are the closing quotations of future cotton in New Orleans today:

January	9.68	July	10.06
February	9.70	August	
March	9.77	September	
April	9.85	October	
May	9.92	November	
June	9.99	December	9.63

Closed steady; sales 114,400 bales.

NEW YORK, December 16—The following is the comparative cotton statement for the week ending today:

Net receipts at all United States ports	307,275
Same time last year	276,609
Showing a decrease	69,374
Total receipts	2,158,901
Same time last year	4,216,510
Showing a decrease	1,979,609
Exports for the week	134,323
Same time last year	204,860
Showing a decrease	70,537
Total exports to date	2,056,224
Same time last year	2,701,805
Showing a decrease	646,521
Stock at United States ports	1,092,557
Same time last year	1,224,109
Showing a decrease	131,552
Stock at interior towns	212,271
Same time last year	289,613
Showing a decrease	77,452
Stock at Liverpool	1,460,000
Same time last year	1,197,000
Showing an increase	163,000
American cotton afloat for Great Britain	210,000
Same time last year	420,000
Showing a decrease	215,000

Hubbard, Price & Co.'s Circular.

NEW YORK, December 16—The cotton market to-has been nervous and unsettled. The Liverpool market opened at an advance of about 4-8d, but under realizing sales prices declined until at the close only 1-64d of the improvement had been maintained. The stability of prices in New York, in the face the of disappointing foreign advices, has been remarkable. Opening quotations here were 1@2 points better than yesterday. A slight decline was established and a subsequent reaction followed, and before 1 o'clock 100 or 200 bales of March contracts had changed hands at 10c. A feeling of extreme nervousness was evident lest the showing of Bradstreets with regard to the crop should affect the crop one way or the other. Prior to its publication the general impression had been that its crop estimate would be about 6,950,000 bales. When, therefore it was announced at 1 o'clock its figures were 6,460,000 bales an immediate relapse in prices followed, and March contracts sold as low as 9.90. The depression, however, was not long continued, and before 2 o'clock it has almost entirely been recovered under the stimulus of a very light interior movement. This, it seems, is hardly likely to exceed 50,000 bales, against 68,000 bales last week and 128,000 bales last year. From New Orleans reports are current that Mr. Neill has reduced his crop estimate to 6,200,000 bales, but there is of old cotton remaining over from last year's crop 300,000 bales, so that his figures of the total supply are about as before. During the afternoon, despite the very light interior movement, the market sold off, and the closing was steady at the lowest of the day and about 6 points below yesterday's figures.

Lehman Bros.' Cotton Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

NEW YORK, December 16—Our market this morning opened at yesterday's closing prices, but shortly thereafter there was a rumor that Bradstreet's estimate would be in the neighborhood of 6,500,000 bales and, although it was generally recognized that such a rumor was entirely without foundation, still the market rapidly sold off about 10 points. At the decline there was good buying on account of the small interior movement, resulting in a recovery of the full decline; and, in fact, shortly before 1 o'clock the market was 4@5 points higher than the opening, March at 12:56 o'clock selling at 10c. Upon the publication, however, of Bradstreet's estimate, which was read from the rostrum of the exchange at 1 o'clock, the market took a perpendicular drop of 10 points, thereafter fluctuating within a radius of 8@9 points according to the orders to buy or sell, as the same happened to predominate. There was great diversity of opinion concerning the Bradstreet report. The same reads that the probable yield for 1892-3 will not exceed 6,460,000 bales.

By Telegraph.

LIVERPOOL, December 16—12:15 p. m.—Cotton spot steady with little doing; middling uplands 5¼; sales 8,000 bales; American 5,600; speculation and export 1,000; receipts 11,000; American 4,900; uplands low middling clause December and January delivery —; January and February delivery 5 17-64, 5 15-64; February and March delivery 5 19-64, 5 18-64; March and April delivery 5 21-64, 5 12-64, 5 2-64, 5 21-64, 5 20-64; April and May delivery 5 24-64, 5 23-64, 5 32-64; May and June delivery 5 27-64, 5 26-64, 5 25-64; June and July delivery 5 28-64; July and August delivery 5 31-64, 5 30-64, 5 29-64; futures opened steady.

Weekly—Sales 36,000; American 31,000; trade takings, including forwarded from shipside, 51,000; actual export 13,000; import 174,000; American 148,000; stock 1,450,000; American 1,177,000; afloat 214,000; American 210,000.

LIVERPOOL, December 16—4:00 p. m.—Uplands low middling clause December delivery 5 12-64, buyers; December and January delivery 5 12-64, buyers; January and February delivery 5 13-64, buyers; February and March delivery 5 15-64, 5 16-64; March and April delivery 5 18-64, buyers; April and May delivery 5 20-64, 5 21-64; May and June delivery 5 21-64, sellers; June and July delivery 5 25-64, buyers; July and August delivery 5 27-64, buyers; futures closed steady.

NEW YORK, December 16—Cotton steady; sales 102 bales; middling uplands 9¾; Orleans 9 15-16; net receipts 753; gross 3,694; stock 307,033.

GALVESTON, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9 9-16; net receipts 3,196 bales; gross 5,196; sales 1,679; stock 156,499; exports to Great Britain 8,800.

NORFOLK, December 16—Cotton steady; middling 9½; net receipts 1,088 bales; gross 1,088; sales 436; stock 43,437; exports coastwise 97.

BALTIMORE, December 16—Cotton nominal; middling 9¾; net receipts none bales; gross none; sales none; stock 29,567.

BOSTON, December 16—Cotton quiet; middling 9 13-16; net receipts 941 bales; gross 7,401; sales none; stock none; exports to Great Britain 1,741.

WILMINGTON, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts 613 bales; gross 612; sales none; stock 21,010; exports to continent 1,343; coastwise 139.

PHILADELPHIA, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 10¼; net receipts 873 bales; gross 622; sales none; stock 14,005; exports to Great Britian 272.

SAVANNAH, December 16 Cotton quiet; middling 9½; net receipts 2,735 bales; gross 2,738; sales 1,550; stock 121,187; exports coastwise 1,121.

NEW ORLEANS, December 16—Cotton steady; middling 9 11-16; net receipts 9,703 bales; gross 10,36?; sales 4,000; stock 279,993; exports to Great Britain 9,451; to France 4,859; to continent 460; coastwise 7,461.

MOBILE, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¼; net receipts 1,567 bales; gross 1,867; sales 500; stock 39,705; exports coastwise 1,225.

MEMPHIS, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9 13-16; net receipt 2,868 bales; sales 4,400; shipments 3,116; stock 110,016.

AUGUSTA, December 16—Cotton steady; middling 9¼ net; receipts 1,312 bales; shipments 548; sales 534; stock 44,563.

CHARLESTON, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¼; net receipts 1,532 bales; gross 11,532; sales 500; stock 58,665.

MACON, December 16—Cotton steady and in good demand; middling 9¾; net receipts of the week 1,992 bales; sales 1,846; stock 1894, 7,328; 1891, 7,396; shipments 1,472.

COLUMBUS, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¼; net receipts of the week 2,488 bales; shipments 1,186; sales 1,380; to spinners —; stock of 1894, 15,814; 1891, 18,708.

MONTGOMERY, December 16—Cotton steady; middling 9¼; net receipts of the week 4,549 bales; shipments 4,880; stock of 1892, 19,689; 1891, 28,463; sales 4,880.

NASHVILLE December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¼; net receipts of the week 1,776 bales; shipments 604; sales 1,847; to spinners 943; stock of 1892, 5,926; 1891, 4,564.

SELMA, December 16—Cotton firm; middling 9¾; net receipts of the week 1,566 bales; shipments 1,756; stock of 1893, 8,786; 1891, 14,365.

ROME, December 16—Cotton, net receipts for the week 2,676 bales; shipments 2,434; stock 7,125.

THE CHICAGO MARKET.

The leading futures ranged as follows in Chicago today.

WHEAT—	Opening.	Highest.	Closing.
December	....	71	70¾
January	....	72¼	70⅞
May	....	77⅞	76⅝
CORN—			
December	....	42½	42
May	....	47½	47½
July	....	47⅝	47½
OATS—			
December	....	....	30¼
January	....	....	31
May	....	36¼	35
PORK—			
December	....	....	14 85
January	....	16 30	16 10
May	....	16 60	16 42½
LARD—			
December	....	....	9 85
January	....	10 07½	9 97
May	....	9 90	9 90
SIDES—			
December	....	....	8 40
January	....	8 50	8 40
May	....	8 62½	8 52½

Lamson Bros. & Co.'s Grain Letter.

By Private Wire to B. W. Martin, Manager.

CHICAGO, December 16.—Cables reported the foreign markets unchanged. Wheat opened about yesterday's close, remained dull and steady for some time, when it suddenly became very weak, selling orders seeming to pour in from every direction. New York especially sent a good many orders, partially due, probably, to the weakness in stocks and the tight money market. The trading was so general it is difficult to tell what the parties, who are supposed to be long of large lines, were really doing. At first it appeared as though their brokers were selling; later it seemed quite apparent that from 76 1-2 down there were large quantities being absorbed by brokers supposed to represent strong parties. It is very evident that a great many small holders, and that class of traders who suffer only about 1 cent per bushel loss, were the fiercest sellers, and large quantities of such holdings came on the market. It is so long since there has been so radical a change that it caused considerable excitement. The market appeared quite firm at the close at about 1 cent lower than yesterday.

We are informed by good authority that the farmers' deliveries in the northwest have decreased fully 40 per cent. It is believed that the receipts may continue fairly liberal for about one week before the light farmers' deliveries will be felt. Corn showed a remarkable strength, considering the decline in wheat. However, as hog product was very strong, and parties interested in the provision pit were supposed to be long, considerable corn, probably, was an influence in checking the decline. Hog product looks very high to us, and we think it not at all probable that the present prices will be sustained through the winter. The fact that the receipts of hogs have been so light since October 1st, is not positive evidence that there are not still a great many hogs back in the country. Corn is so much cheaper it is a great inducement to continue feeding so long as the hogs are doing well.

GRAIN, PROVISIONS, ETC.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
ATLANTA, December 16, 1892.

Flour, Grain and Meal.

ATLANTA, December 16—Flour—First patent $5.00; second patent $4.50; extra fancy $3.70; fancy $3.55; family $3.00@3.50. Corn—No. 1 white 68c; No. 2 white —c; mixed 58c. Oats—Texas rust proof 47; white 46c; mixed 44c. Hay—Choice timothy, large bales, 90c; No. 1 timothy, large bales, 98c; choice timothy small bales, 85c; No. 1 timothy, small bales, 90c; No. 2 timothy, small bales, 80c. Meal—Plain 55c; bolted 60c. Wheat bran—large sacks, 86c; small sacks 88. Cotton seed salm—$1.10 ₱ cwt. Stuan feed—$1.35 ₱ cwt. Grits—Pearl $3.30.

NEW YORK, December 16—Flour, southern quiet; straights $3.50@3.75. Wheat closed 1@2c lower; No 2 red winter 74¼@77¼; December 74½; January 75¾; February —; May —. Corn, options weak, closing ½@⅝c lower; spot, No. 2 mixed 57; December 50; January 51; February —; May —. Oats, options dull; closed ¼c lower; spot, No. 2 white 41¾; No. 3 mixed 40½; No. 2 mixed 38¼; December —; January —.

CHICAGO, December 16—Flour dull; hard wheat patents $3.80@4.15; soft wheat patents $3.60@3.90. Wheat closed 1¾c lower; No. 3 red winter in store 65@68½; No. 2 spring 70¾@71¼. Corn ⅝@⅝c lower; No. 2 in store 47. Oats ½@¾c lower; No. 2 white in store 31½.

BALTIMORE, December 16—Flour quiet and steady; Howard street and western superfine $1.85@2.10; extra $2.25@3.10; family $3.40@3.80. Wheat, southern quiet and steady; Fultz 70@75; longberry 72@75; western active but lower; No. 2 red spot —; Corn, southern active; white 45½@47½; yellow 48½ 50.

ST. LOUIS, December 16—Flour dull and weak; choice $2.10@3.25; patents $3.00@3.10; extra fancy $3.00@3.10; family $2.80@2.60. Wheat lower; No. 2 red December 65½; January 64½; May 73 bid. Corn firm but lower; No. 2 mixed December 38½; January 33¼; February —; May —. Oats lower; No. 2 May 34¼.

Groceries.

ATLANTA, December 16—Roasted coffee—Arbuckle's $4.10c ₱ 100 ₱ cases; Lion 24.10c; Levering's 24.10c; Green—Extra choice 21 c; choice good 20c; fair 19½c; common 18@18½c. Sugar—Granulated 5½c; powdered 6c; cut loaf 6c; white extra C 5c; New Orleans yellow clarified 4¾c; yellow extra C 4c. Syrup—New Orleans choice 45c; prime 35@40c; common 25@35c. Molasses—Genuine Cuba 35@38c; imitation 22@25c. Teas—Black 30@55c; green 40@50c. Nutmegs 65@70c. Cloves 20@30c. Cinnamon 10@12½c. Allspice 10@11c. Jamaica ginger 18c. Singapore pepper 12c. Mace $1.00. Rice—Fair 7¼c; good 8¼c; common 5½@6c; imported Japan 6¾@7c. Salt—Hawley's dairy $1.50; ieecream $1.10; Virginia 75c. Cheese—Full cream, Cheddars 11½; flats 12¼c. White fish—½ bbls $4.00; pails 60c. Soap—Tallow, 100 bars, 75 lbs, $3.00@3.75; turpentine, 60 bars, 50 lbs $2.50@3.00. Candles—Paraffin 11¾c; star 10¾c.

Provisions.

ST. LOUIS, December 16—Pork, standard mess $15.50. Lard, prime steam 9.75. Dry salt meats, loose shoulders 7.50; long clear 8.40; clear ribs 8.40; short clear 8.55. Bacon, boxed shoulders 8.12½; long clear 9.50; clear ribs 9.50; short clear 9.62½@9.75.

NEW YORK, December 16—Pork dull but steady; mess new $15.50@16.00; old $14.50@14.75; family $17.50@18.00. Lard fairly active and firm; western steam 10.20; city steam 9.45; options quiet but firm.

ATLANTA, December 16—Clear rib sides, boxed 8¾c; ice-cured bellies 10½c. Sugar-cured hams 12@13c, according to brand and average; California 9½c. Breakfast bacon 12@12½c. Lard—Leaf 11c.

CINCINNATI, December 16—Pork, regular $14.50; family $16.25. Lard, kettle dried 10.12½@10.25. Bulk meats, short ribs —. Bacons, short clear 10.00.

CHICAGO, December 16—Provisions, lard closed 2½c lower, ribs 7½c lower and pork unchanged.

Fruits and Confections.

ATLANTA, December 16—Apples—Fancy $4.00@4.50, bbl. Lemons $3.00@5.50. Oranges—Florida $2.50@3.00 ₱ box. Cocoanuts $4@4c. Pineapples $1.00@2.00 ₱ doz. Bananas—Selected $1.50@2.00. Figs 13@18c. Raisins—New California $2.25; ½ boxes $1.50; ¼ boxes 75c. Currants 7@8c. Leghorn citron 20@22c. Nuts—Almonds 16c; pecans 12@14c. Brazil 11@12½c. Filberts 11½c. Walnuts 12½@15c. Peanuts—Virginia, electric light 6½@6c; fancy handpicked 4½@5c; North Carolina 4@5c.

Naval Stores.

WILMINGTON, December 16—Turpentine steady at 27½; rosin firm; strained 95; good strained $1.00; tar steady at $1.00; crude turpentine steady; hard $1.00; yellow dip $1.70; virgin $1.70.

NEW YORK, December 16—Rosin quiet; strained to good strained $1.27½@1.33½; turpentine selling moderately at 31@31¼.

CHARLESTON, December 16—Turpentine firm at 27½; rosin firm; good strained $1.00.

SAVANNAH, December 16—Turpentine firm at 28; rosin firm at $1.05@1.10.

Country Produce

ATLANTA, December 16—Eggs 20@22½c. Butter—Western creamery 28@35c; choice Tennessee 20@22½c; other grades 10@12½c. Live poultry—Turkeys 10@12½c ₱ lb; hens 25@27½; young chickens, large 15@20; small spring 10@12½c; ducks 20@22½c. Dressed poultry—Turkeys 13@15c; ducks 12½@15c; chickens 10@12½. Irish potatoes $2.50@3.00 ₱ bbl. Sweet potatoes, new 50@60c ₱ bu. Honey—Strained 8@10c; in the comb 10@12½c. Onions $3.00@3.50 ₱ bbl. Cabbage 1½@3c ₱ lb.

Bagging and Ties.

ATLANTA, December 16—Bagging—1¾ ₱ 6c; 2 ₱ 6½c; 2¼ ₱ 7c. Arrow Ties—$1.15.

Petroleum Markets.

Furnished by Commercial Oil Company

Georgia Test	9½c	Peerless Water White	12½c
Prime white, 150	10c	National Light	15c
W. W. Headlight	11c	White Rose Gasoline	13c
Red headlight	12c		

FINANCIAL.

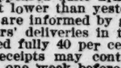
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75 head of good Horses at the Diamond, 164 Marietta street, Saturday morning at ten o'clock. J. B. THOMPSON & CO.

TOO LATE FOR CLASSIFICATION.

TWO GENTLEMEN wish to rent immediately two large pleasant, well-furnished rooms, on second floor, with free access to bathroom; strictly private family without any other boarders. Address, by mail only, stating location, price and full particulars, 437 Equitable building.

Notice to Builders.

Sealed bids will be received up to the 26th instant for building the Methodist Episcopal church at Waycross, Ga.; all material furnished. The contract will be for laying the brick and setting the stones. Plans may be seen upon application at Waycross.
d2t W. J. SMITH, Acting Secretary.

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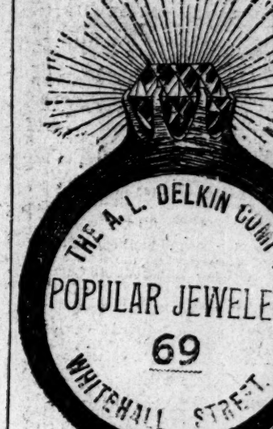
To Contractors.

THE BUILDING COMMITTEE of Board of Trustees, Columbus, Ga., Public Schools, invite proposals to erect an 8-room brick school building in the city of Columbus. Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of G. L. Norrman, architect, at Atlanta, or L. H. Chappell, Columbus. Bids to be opened January 2, 1893. The building to be completed by September 1, 1893.
JAMES SMITH,
L. H. CHAPPELL,
GEORGE B. WHITESIDE,
Committee.
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ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD CO. the most direct line and best route to Montgomery New Orleans, Texas and the Southwest.
The following schedule in effect Nov. 13th, 1892:

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 52. Daily.	No. 82. Daily.	No. 54 Daily except Sunday.	No. 54. Daily.
Lv Atlanta	4 10 p m	11 15 p m	5 05 p m	7 15 a m
Ar Newnan	5 17 p m	12 56 a m	6 46 p m	8 38 a m
Ar LaGrange	6 25 p m	2 11 a m	8 00 p m	9 49 a m
Ar W Point	6 47 p m	2 45 p m	8 35 p m	10 04 a m
Ar Opelika	7 33 p m	3 40 a m		10 45 a m
Ar Columbus	....	....	....	12 05noon
Ar Montgomery	9 20 p m	6 00 a m	....	....
Ar Pensacola	6 15 a m	1 10 p m	....	....
Ar Mobile	3 15 a m	12 10 p m	....	....
Ar N Orleans	7 45 a m	6 45 p m	....	....
Ar Houston Tex	9 45 p m	7 07 a m	....	....

TO EL A. VICKSBURG AND SHREVEPORT

Names. BOUND.	No. 51. Daily.	No. 53. Daily.	No. 57.	No. 55. Daily.
Lv New Orleans	7 45 am	7 25 pm	....	....
Lv Mobile	1 05 pm	12 05pm	....	....
Lv Pensacola	....	11 30pm	....	....
Ar Montgomery	7 15 pm	6 15 am	....	....
Lv Selma	4 20 pm	4 50 am	....	....
Lv Montgomery	11 30 pm	6 30 am	....	....
Lv Columbus	....	....	....	2 00 pm
Ar Opelika	2 08 am	8 15 am	....	5 12 pm
Ar West Point	3 03 am	8 53 am	9 50 a m	6 06 pm
Ar LaGrange	3 25 am	9 30 am	8 35 a m	6 33 pm
Ar Newnan	4 44 am	10 23 am	10 50 a m	6 27 pm
Ar Atlanta	6 30 am	11 35 am	11 30 a m	7 15 pm

*Daily except Sunday.
Train No 52 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to New York and vestibule dining car from Washington to Montgomery.
Train No 53 carries Pullman vestibule sleeper from New Orleans to New York and vestibule dining car from Montgomery to Washington.
Train No. 82 carries Pullman observation car from Atlanta to New Orleans.
E. E. TYLER, E. H. LUTZ,
General Manager. Traffic Manager.
JOHN A. GEE, Asst. Gen'l Pass. Agent.

Registration books for County, Election first Wednesday in January, 1893, will close December the 20th.

R. F. MADDOX, President. J. W. RUCKER, Vice President. W. L. PEEL, Cashier. G. A. NICOLSON, Assistant Cashier.

Maddox-Rucker Banking Co.
Capital, $150,000. Charter Liability, $300,000.
Transact a general Banking Business; approved paper discounted, and loans made on collateral. Will be pleased to meet or correspond with parties contemplating changing or opening new accounts. Allow interest bearing certificates of deposit payable on demand, as foll

A CITY OFFICIAL,

Who Is Standing in the City of Chattanooga, Tenn.,

AT ONE END OF AN INVESTIGATION

What Is Being Made by the Atlanta Detectives—A Story with Sensational Features Promised.

Fragments of what all parties concerned agree is a highly sensational story cropped out at police headquarters yesterday.

Owing to the prominence of those most involved the facts in the case were hard to obtain. Those who knew most about the affair said that it had not yet ended, and that the sequel would be far more sensational than developments to date.

They say that the end is not yet, and they promise some spicy happenings within the next two days. The detective department has been connected with the story in a way, but has taken no action, the principal in the case having kept out of the reach of police officers.

Mr. Charles D. Barker, the man who knows most of the affair, will not talk, and contents himself by saying, "Wait a day or two and you'll hear something rich."

It seems that two weeks ago a prominent city official of Chattanooga called at Mr. Barker's home, at 80 South Forsyth street, and told him about a young woman in the city who was a most deserving creature, and who was in most unfortunate circumstances. He said the girl was of a good family, and it would be a great favor to the Chattanooga man if Mr. Barker would take her into his family for awhile. He told a fine story, and Mr. Barker was impressed with his good intentions in the matter, and he consented to give the young woman a temporary home.

The young woman whose name Mr. Barker refuses to give, proved to be everything that she was represented to be. Young, good looking, pert, and interesting, she helped about the house and made a valuable assistant in Mrs. Barker's domestic circle.

Last week Mr. Barker began to suspect that all was not as had been represented to him. His suspicions were aroused by things that came under his observation and he began to think unkindly of the Chattanoogan. One night he discovered the Chattanoogan prowling in his back yard, and he was sure that he had been imposed upon. After that he began a close investigation, in which he was assisted by the detective department. He found that the young woman was from Chattanooga, and had come from that place in company with the prominent Chattanoogan, who is a married man. The Chattanooga man had left Chattanooga with the girl on account of his wife. Mr. Barker loaded his shotgun and has been watching for the Chattanooga man to make an appearance in his back yard.

Mr. Barker said yesterday when seen about the matter, that it was a love affair, and from what he had learned he was led to believe that the couple were meditating skipping to Chicago. He said the man was expected here Sunday and would be arrested on his arrival. Furthermore, he said the man was connected with some of the best families in this city.

"I don't want to say anything about the matter yet, but it will all come out in a day or two. If something is not done I will take a horsewhip and flog the man who has imposed upon me."

The girl is still at Mr. Barker's.

Chief Connolly has conferred with the chief of police of Chattanooga about the case, and said last night that he had had Detective McConnell investigating it. He said he did not know what, if anything, would be done.

COLONEL ROSS IS INDIGNANT.

He Writes a Strong Letter to Judge Calhoun About the Action of the Legislature.

The disappointment and surprise occasioned by the action of the legislature in regard to the soldiers' home has taken the shape of several very indignant letters. These letters, however, while they clearly indicate the feeling of their authors, are dignified and manly.

Here is one addressed to Judge Calhoun:

Colonel W. L. Calhoun: Atlanta, Ga.:

My Dear Colonel—Viewing the unnatural position taken by a number of the state's representatives touching the acceptance of the soldiers' home, I am unwilling to submit to any additional humiliation and am now prepared to co-operate with you as its official head, in disposing of the property on the best obtainable terms, returing to those who so cheerfully contributed to its construction and maintenance their distributive share. My pride feels abased at the peerless action of the opponents of the bill. I am unwilling to further degrade myself in urging its acceptance. You, Colonel, and the rest of our ilk, who united in a common purpose to vindicate the confederate cause, have surely had sun day and generation, and we must yield inevitably to the 'advanced views' of those we thought might represent a sentiment that is—thank God—still alive in the hearts of all true confederates.

Should you decide to call together the trustees for consultation or action you may count upon my presence if not physically disabled. Faithfully yours,

WM. H. ROSS.

Colonel Ross is a member of the board of trustees and a gallant ex-confederate officer.

The action of the legislature therefore was a great blow to him and was taken very much to heart.

Dr. J. W. Lee

will deliver the annual address before the convention of the Atlanta Union Epworth League Tuesday night, December 20th, at 8 o'clock. It goes without saying that the address will be a carefully prepared one, and will be of lasting benefit to the Christian people of Atlanta.

The union league has a membership of about 200 young ladies and gentlemen. Great good is being accomplished, and the leagues are becoming a power in the Methodist church of this city. This convention will no doubt be the largest assemblage of young Christians that ever met in Atlanta. The convention will be called to order at 2:30 o'clock p. m. All of the business of the convention and the election of officers will be attended to in the afternoon and then an adjournment will be taken till 8 o'clock. After the address there will be a short programme of music and recitations. Everybody welcome.

Dr. Price's Cream Baking Powder.

A Pure Cream of Tartar Powder. Superior to every other known. Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Delicious Cake and Pastry, Light Flaky Biscuit, Griddle Cakes, Palatable and Wholesome.

No other baking powder does such work.

FUNERAL OF MRS. SWANN.

It Was Largely Attended from the Residence of Mrs. Albert Thornton.

The funeral of Mrs. James Swann occurred from the residence of Mrs. Albert Thornton yesterday morning at 10 o'clock.

It was attended by many who had known and loved her in life and whose hearts were full of the memories of her sweet and lovable girlhood in Atlanta.

The grief stricken husband was greatly depressed and overcome by his sorrow for though he realized that she had passed into the pearly gates he felt in his loss the bitterness of a desolation.

Many floral offerings were piled upon her casket and seemed to typify the fragrance and beauty of her life and character.

The services were conducted by Rev. E. H. Barnett in his tender and characteristic manner.

The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: Messrs. C. E. Currier, W. A. Hemphill, D. N. Speer, F. E. Block, Henry Jackson, R. J. Lowry, W. C. Saunders, and W. E. Reagan.

The interment occurred in Oakland cemetery, where the casket was placed by the side of that of her distinguished father in the Austell mausoleum.

MR. TAYLOR'S FUNERAL.

It Occured from the Residence Yesterday Afternoon and Was Largely Attended.

Mr. Henry L. Taylor was laid to rest yesterday morning.

The funeral occurred from his late residence, 41 North Butler street, and was very largely attended by his friends and acquaintances.

Mr. Taylor was a man of broad popularity and his many genial traits of character endeared him to nearly every one with whom he came in contact.

For quite a while before his death he was a great sufferer. He was patient in affliction, however, and his resignation was such as only a Christian of the purest life and character could display.

The funeral services yesterday morning were conducted by Rev. V. C. Norcross.

A large number of floral offerings adorned the casket.

The following gentlemen acted as pallbearers: W. H. Mahan, I. W. Brassingame, W. H. Gregory, D. A. McGuirk, R. L. Marbray and T. M. Abernathy.

The interment occurred in Oakland cemetery.

PRESENTS FOR THE POOR

Committees at Work Getting Up Subscriptions for the Christmas Present Club.

The Christmas Present Club is now fairly organized, and is well under way. The various committees appointed at the Wednesday afternoon meeting to canvass among the merchants have begun their work enthusiastically, and all signs point to the most general observance of the holiday ever known in Atlanta.

No one will refuse to subscribe to the fund for buying presents, and it is expected that it will be sufficient to provide presents for all the poor children who may be found in the city. Those who have been selected for committee work will do their duties thoroughly. They feel proud of their connection with the charitable enterprise, and will do all they can to swell the list of subscriptions.

What has really been done in the way of getting up subscriptions cannot now be told. Mr. T. C. Hampton, the leading spirit in the Christmas Present Club, was out of the city yesterday, and what had been done could not be learned.

HE WILL GIVE UP THE SUPERINTENDENCY.

Dr. George Prefers to Be on the Medical Staff of the Hospital.

Dr. George, the superintendent of the Grady hospital, will, after the first of January, retire from the executive head of that institution.

He has made an excellent officer since assuming the duties of that responsible position and his services have given eminent satisfaction.

His connection with the hospital, however, was sought originally for the purpose of serving in the ranks in order to equip himself for the high and responsible duties of his vocation.

He will, therefore, resume his position on the medical staff of the institution, and will not be a candidate for re-election.

It is likely that Dr. T. F. Brewster who is one of the most accomplished surgeons in the south and a gentleman of modest and unassuming character, will be his successor. If so, the honor will be well deserved and the office will be competently filled.

SEVERAL DAYS YET

Before the Decision of Judge Clarke Is Rendered in the Ryan Hearing.

Judge Clarke has announced that his decision in the Ryan case will not be ready for several days.

He is now engaged in reviewing the testimony, and the labor involved in that undertaking is very great.

The investigation of the testimony by Judge Clarke is thorough in every respect, and, before he concludes it, will embrace every detail.

In order to do this without subtracting from the time that is necessary to perform his other legal duties, it will require a great deal of night work.

As soon as possible, therefore, his decision will be announced, and the fate of Steve Ryan will then be known.

MONDAY NIGHT'S ENTERTAINMENT.

The Ladies of the Inman Orphanage Are Getting Ready for That Occasion.

The concert to be given next Monday night for the benefit of the Jennie D. Inman Orphanage will be a most superb and delightful entertainment.

The finest talent in the city has been engaged for that occasion, and the musical programme will be one of unusual excellence. Everybody in the city should attend the concert, not only for the contribution to the orphanage, but for the purpose of spending a most delightful evening.

COURTHOUSE NEWS.

Everything Was Quiet Around the Temple of Justice Yesterday.

Since the recent election for sheriff and clerk of the superior court the usual "calm after the storm" has succeeded in the general aspect of things around the courthouse.

Neither branch of the superior court was in session yesterday, Judge Marshall Clarke having adjourned his court until next Monday and Judge Richard Clark having been called to Jonesboro to attend to legal business in that county.

FRANK BRYAN RESIGNS.

He Goes to Chicago as General Agent of the Norfolk and Western.

Mr. Frank C. Bryan, assitant general freight agent of the Seaboard Air-Line system, has accepted the position of general agent of the Norfolk and Western at Chicago. He gets a large increase in salary with the change, too. Mr. Bryan is highly capable traffic man and deservedly popular.

Who will succeed him is not known. There is gossip about Mr. Glover of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern division being made general freight agent.

Railroad Department Y. M. C. A. Notes.

The interest shown by railroad men in the work of the railroad department is very gratifying to those having the work in charge. The new membership has now reached 161. Of this number over seventy are of the Georgia road. Yesterday a good start was made among the Richmond and Danville men. Within a few hours twenty-six names were enrolled. The total number from this road is about fifty.

Arrangements have been made for a meeting of special interest at the department room, 42 1-2 East Wall street, tomorrow afternoon, at 3:30 o'clock. Rev. W. H. Swartz, an evangelist of earnest force, will speak, and the singing will be of an inspiring character. Railroad men will be interested and they are urged to be present. Everybody welcome.

Her Name Was Sallie.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Benjamin, at 237 Whitehall street, hired a new cook. The fresh culinary artist said her name was Sallie, and when after four days' service she disappeared with a quantity of Mrs. Benjamin's choicest silverware. All the clue that that lady could give to the missing ware was that the thief's name was Sallie. This was not very definite, but Detective Etheridge began working on it, and he succeeded in locating the cook. Her right name was found to be Sallie Hill, and she had the silverware in her possession, which was restored to Mrs. Benjamin.

From the Cradle To the Grave.

THAT'S WHERE WE TAKE YOU. CLOTHING FOR CHILDREN, YOUTHS, MIDDLE-AGED, OLD MEN AND BURIAL SUITS. WE DO NOT KEEP SWADDLING CLOTHES, BUT WE HAVE KILT SUITS FOR THE BOYS FOR TWO AND A HALF YEARS OLD, AND UP TILL HIS GRAY HAIRS ARE BROUGHT DOWN TO THE GRAVE. EVERYTHING A MAN WEARS EXCEPT SHOES.

Lumpkin, Cole & Stewart

Clothiers and Furnishers,

26 Whitehall Street.

W. R. HOYT.



We are headquarters for fireworks of all kinds. If you want a large lot we can sell you cheaper than any one else, as we buy direct from the manufacturers in large lots and have had a number of years experience in picking out what you want. If you want them for the children's stocking we have the variety and kind you want and at prices to suit. For fine fireworks, we stand first and alone. We keep the large rockets, such as we used in our display at the exposition; fancy geysers, mines and every size of the imported common cracker.

Mail orders attended to promptly.

Headquarters also for raisins, nuts, citrons, figs, dates, oranges, lemons, bananas, fancy candy and fruit cakes of every size.

Call early before the rush and order what you want.

W. R. HOYT,

90 Whitehall, 325 to 329 Peachtree.

It Helps Atlanta.

The Dixie Baking Powder helps Atlanta by keeping here much money that would otherwise go north. And, possessing every quality of excellence in the highest degree and no objectionable feature, there is every reason why everybody should use it and no reason why one should not use it. It has pleased every buyer No other powder has proven so universally satisfactory.



Bile Beans Small.

Guaranteed to cure Bilious Attacks, Sick-Headache and Constipation. 40 in each bottle. Price 25c. For sale by druggists.

Picture "7, 17, 70" and sample dose free.

J. F. SMITH & CO., Proprietors, NEW YORK.

tues thurs sat sun 1 yr

We have two stores and the largest stock of beautiful holiday novelties in the city, and our prices are positively lower than the same goods can be bought elsewhere, and in our stores you have beautiful new goods to select from. Maier & Berkele, Jewelers, 31 and 93 Whitehall street.

In Effect December 11, 1892.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

Showing the Arrival and Departure of All Trains from This City—Central Time.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE.

(GEORGIA, CAROLINA AND NORTHERN DIVISION)

No. 41, from Monroe, Columbia and Charleston...*9.10 am	No. 36, to Monroe, Columbia and Charleston .....*7.00 am
No. 48, from Portsmouth.....*7.45 pm	No. 38, to Portsmouth.....*5 15 pm

CENTRAL RAILROAD OF GEORGIA.

From Savannah..*7 45 am	To Albany.....*7 10 am
From Albany....*11 52 am	To Savannah.....*10 30 am
From Savannah..*3 35 pm	To Albany.....*4 30 pm
From Albany.....*8 05 pm	To Savannah.....*6 50 pm

WESTERN AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD.

From Nashville...*6 50 am	To Nashville.....*8 10 am
From Marietta... 8 20 am	To Chattanooga...*1 20 pm
From Rome.....10 35 am	To Rome .....3 35 pm
From Chat'n'ga..*1 10 pm	To Marietta .....5 20 pm
From Nashville..*6 25 pm	To Nashville.....*8 20 pm

ATLANTA AND WEST POINT RAILROAD.

From Selma.....*6 30 am	To Palmetto.....5 50 am
From Palmetto.....8 10 am	To Opelika.....*7 15 am
From West Point 10 00 am	To Manchester*.....9 00 am
From Manch'ster*10 18 am	To Fairburn.....11 45 am
From Montg'm'y *11 35 am	To Manchester;....12 55 pm
From Fairburn.....2 10 pm	To Manchester .....3 50 pm
From Manch'ster* 4 20 pm	To Montgomery...*4 10 pm
From Opelika.....*7 45 pm	To West Point.....5 05 pm
	To Selma.....*10 30 pm

GEORGIA RAILROAD.

From Augusta.....*6 30 am	To Augusta..... *8 00 am
From Covington.. 7 45 am	To Decatur ..... 8 55 am
From Decatur.... 9 35 am	To Clarkston .....12 10 pm
From Augusta.....*1 50 pm	To Augusta.....*2 45 pm
From Clarkston.. 1 55 pm	To Clarkston ..... 3 15 pm
From Clarkston.. 4 35 pm	To Covington ..... 4 30 pm
From Augusta.....*5 45 pm	To Augusta.....*11 15 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R.

(PIEDMONT AIR-LINE.)

From Lula .....7 50 am	To Washington.....*7 05 am
From Wash'gton* 5 00 am	To Washington ...*11 45 am
From Wash'gton.*3 55 pm	To Lula .....4 35 pm
From Wash'gton.*12 00 pm	To Washington .....*8 30 pm

RICHMOND AND DANVILLE R. R.

(GEORGIA PACIFIC DIVISION.)

From Greenville..*6 30 am	To Birmingham...*4 05 pm
From Tallapoosa.*8 40 am	To Tallapoosa.....*5 00 pm
From Birming'm*11 30 am	To Greenville.....*11:05 pm

EAST TENN., VIRGINIA AND GEORGIA RY.

ARRIVE.	DEPART.
No. 11 Cincinnati..12 25 am	Jacksonville.....12 25 pm
No. 12 J'cksonvill' 4 05 am	Cincinnati .....4 15 am
No. 14 J'cksonvill, 7 45 am	Macon.....7 15 am
No. 16 Macon.....1 35 pm	Cincinnati.....3 00 am
No. 15 Chatan'ga. 3 00 pm	Chattanooga.....1 50 pm
No. 13 Cincinnati.. 6 40 pm	Columbus.....4 15 pm
No. 19 Columbus... 8 00 pm	Jacksonville.....7 00 pm

ATLANTA AND FLORIDA RAILROAD.

From Fort Valley 11 50 am	To Fort Valley ... 3 00 pm

*Daily except Sunday. †Sunday only all others daily. Central time.



SANTA CLAUS'S Head qu arters.

A house full of the most sensible Holiday Presents for all mankind, consisting of CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS and Hats of all descriptions.

"ONE PRICE" in plain figures on each and every article. A SPECIAL Discount of 10 % on our entire regular stock of Clothing.

ODDS and ENDS on BARGAIN COUNTERS.

EISEMAN & WEIL,

One Price Outfitters,

3 Whitehall St.

SEABOARD AIR-LINE, TO AND FROM Union Depot. Short Line to Norfolk and Old Point, Va., and Columbia, S. C. New Line to Charleston, S. C.

SCHEDULE IN EFFECT DEC. 11, 1892.

NORTHBOUND. No. 37. Daily.	No. 39. Daily.	Eastern Time. Except Atlanta.	SOUTHBOUND. No. 43. Daily.	No. 41. Daily
9 15 pm	7 00 am	Lv...Atlanta...Ar	7 45 pm	9 10 am
		U. Depot, City't'e.		
9 25 pm	11 04 am	Lv...Athens...Ar	5 52 pm	7 00 am
10 45 pm	12 15 pm	Ar...Elberton...Lv	4 35 pm	5 30 am
12 01 n't	1 42 pm	Ar Abbeville Lv	3 22 pm	4 01 am
12 32 am	2 15 pm	Ar Greenwood Lv	2 51 pm	3 20 am
1 35 am	3 19 pm	Ar... Clinton ...Lv	1 45 pm	2 19 am
.....	3 25 pm	Lv... Clinton Ar	1 30 pm	.....
.....	4 10 pm	Ar Newberry Lv	12 33 pm	.....
.....	4 32 pm	Ar Prosperity Lv	12 12 pm	.....
.....	5 55 pm	Ar Columbia Lv	11 00 am	.....
.....	7 35 pm	Ar... Sumter Lv	9 43 am	.....
.....	10 30 pm	Ar Charleston Lv	6 50 am	.....
.....	10 33 pm	Ar Darlington Lv	†7 15 am	.....
.....	†12 30am	Ar Wilmington Lv	10 10pm	.....
7 17 am	4 58 pm	Ar... Chester ...Ar	11 41 am	11 33 pm
8 04 am	5 42 pm	Ar Catawba Jc Ar	10 51 am	11 33 pm
8 00 am	6 35 pm	Ar... Monroe ...Lv	10 00 am	10 35 pm
†7 00 am	11 00pm	Ar..Charlotte...Lv	4 30 am	†7 30 pm
.....	†7 30am	Ar Wilmingt'n Lv	†7 00pm	.....
11 17 am	.....	Ar...Raleigh.....Lv	.....	4 20 pm
12 59 pm	.....	Ar...Henders'n.Lv	.....	2 25 pm
2 45 pm	.....	Ar...Weldon.....Lv	.....	12 15 pm
10 45 pm	.....	Ar..Porism'th.Lv	.....	9 35 am
3 15 pm	.....	Lv Weldon (a) Ar	.....	12 10 n't
5 50 pm	.....	Ar Peterabarg Lv	.....	10 00 am
6 20 pm	.....	Ar Richmond Lv	.....	9 15 am
11 10 pm	.....	Ar Wash'gton Lv	.....	4 30 am
12 48 n't	.....	Ar Baltimore Lv	.....	2 50 am
3 45 am	.....	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	.....	12 03 n't
6 50 am	.....	Ar New York Lv	.....	9 00 pm
7 00 pm	.....	Ar Baltim're(b) Lv	.....	†6 30 pm
10 47am	.....	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	.....	4 41 pm
1 20n m	.....	Ar New York Lv	.....	7 10 pm
5 55 pm	.....	Lv P'tsm'th (n) Ar	.....	9 10 am
5 10 am	.....	Ar Phil'delp'ia Lv	.....	11 18 pm
8 00 am	.....	Ar New York Lv	.....	2 00 pm
6 00 pm	.....	Lv Pm'th (w) Ar	.....	8 00 am
6 30 am	.....	Ar Wash'gton Lv	.....	7 00 pm

†Daily except Sunday. ; Daily except Monday.

(a) Via Atlantic Coast Line. (b) Via Bay Line. (n) Via New York, Philadelphia and Norfolk railroad. (w) Via Norfolk and Washington Steamboat Company.

Trains Nos. 38 and 41 run solid with through Pullman buffet sleeping cars between Atlanta, Ga., and Portsmouth, Va. Trains Nos. 36 and 43 carry through cars to and from Charleston, S. C. Tickets and sleeping car reservations can be secured and orders taken for baggage at ticket office of R. D. Mann, No 4 Kimball house, or at union depot ticket office.

O. V. SMITH, Traffic Manager. JOHN C. WINDER, General Manager. H. W. B. GLOVER, Division Passenger Agent, Atlanta.

"The Owensboro" farm and freight wagons, drays, carts and floats, all styles and sizes, at No. 38 and 40 Walton street, back of postoffice. Standard Wagon Co., agents.

— THE —

Home Stretch!

Trade has been just as good as we could ask all this year. We are now nearing its close, and for the next two or three weeks we want trade to hum. With this end in view prices have been reduced on a great many styles of Suits and Overcoats for men and boys. We can please you with goods and prices.

George Muse Clothing Co.

38 Whitehall St.

SUITABLE?

Yes, our stock is full of new and styled goods suitable for HOLIDAY GIFTS and WEDDING PRESENTS. It is not a very difficult thing to make your selections at our place; we have the things you desire.

The prettiest and most fashionable designs in CHINA, imported direct from the best potteries in Europe. Decorations rich and matchless.

Nothing more desirable for presents than CUT GLASS articles. We have everything of the kind for which the heart can wish. Prices on these goods unusually low, considering their worth. You can find suitable gifts here for all your friends and sweethearts, too, if you have any.

Bronzes, statuary, hundreds of different original art novelties are on our shelves for your inspection. A king and queen could make selections from our stock.

Ours is the largest CHINA house in the south. Genuine imported goods. Reasonable prices.

DOOBS, WEY & CO.,

61 Peachtree Street, Atlanta, Ga

The Linen Store.

In addition to my already large stock of household linens, I have just received my usual

IMPORT ORDER

FOR THE HOLIDAYS

All the latest designs in embroidered handkerchiefs and novelties in art linens. The lowest prices and quality guaranteed. 21 Whitehall,

WM. ERSKINE.

MONON ROUTE

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO R'Y CO.

Are you going to Chicago or any point in the northwest, via Chicago? If so, ask your ticket agent for ticket via Louisville, or via Cincinnati, and Indianapolis; Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton and Monon, positively the only fine running Pullman vestibuled trains, electric-lighted, steam-heated, with magnificent dining cars and compartment cars.

W. H. McDOEL, General Manager. JAMES PARKER, Gen. Pass. Agent.

SELLING!



UNDERSELLING!

Yes, that's the word! the only word that gives force and meaning to the great

CLOTHING SALE

—now going on at Anderson's—

Just Look at These Prices

Children's and Boys' Suits, former price $2, now $2.

Children's and Boys' Suits, former price $5, now $3.50.

Children's and Boys' Suits, former price $6, now $4.

Children's and Boys' Suits, former price $8, now $5.

Children's and Boys' Suits, former price $10, now $6.50.

Men's Suits, former price $10, now $7.

Men's Suits, former price 12, now $8.

Men's Suits, former price $15, now $12.

Men's Suits, former price $18, now $15.

Men's Suits, former price $20, now $16.

Nothing sensational. Nothing deceptive about this sale! No such values have ever been offered. You are invited to make your selection.

Furnishings and Underwear 25 per cent off.

TAILORING

Off $10 and $5 per Suit.

Jas. A. Anderson Clothing Co.

41 Whitehall Street.

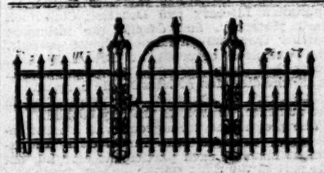
Holiday Goods.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Lieberman & Kaufmann

ATLANTA TRUNK FACTORY,

92 Whitehall St.



COSTS THE SAME. WHY NOT USE AN IRON FENCE. IT'S NEAT, STRONG, EVERLASTING, FOR GEM ENTERIES AND LAWNS. OUR SEVENTH YEAR IN MANUFACTURE. WRITE FOR CIRCULAR.

JOHN W. RICE, BOX 148, CITY.

State and County tax now due. Pay at once and save costs and interest. A. P. Stewart, T. C

IF

You fail to see my exquisite collection of HOLIDAY GIFTS, you are missing a rare opportunity. You will not only find I have the newest and most attractive stock ever shown in the city, but you will also find prices remarkably low.

IN

DIAMONDS

—AND—

STERLING SILVER

I am offering some unusually choice things. You are cordially invited to call.

CHARLES W. CRANKSHAW

28½ WHITEHALL STREET, UP STAIRS.

A STEAMBOAT

Has Found Its Way Deep Into the Okefenokee Swamp.

A GREAT WEALTH IN RICH TIMBERS

Will Be Coming Out of the Swamp Within a Few Months—The Men Are Hard at Work.

Captain Harry Jackson came home from the Okeefenokee swamp yesterday and is happy over the progress of the work.

Throughout the day he wore one of those happy smiles which is the well-known barometer of the captain's feelings, and with those to whom he talked he spoke in the most encouraging manner of the future.

"Before I left there yesterday morning," said the captain, "I stood upon the top of a steamer away down in the swamp where no foot has rested since the Seminoles made their last stand. Within a short distance of the same spot three bears were killed only a short time ago."

"How large is the boat?" the captain was asked.

"It's about seventy feet long and fifteen feet wide and is there for the purpose of supplying the dredge. The work has gone so far into the swamp that we must carry the supplies in for the people. The canal is about fifty feet wide and ten feet deep."

"And your work is progressing nicely?"

"Just as well as we could desire. By the 1st of April we will begin to get out timber, and then the burden will not be so heavy. The trip I took in on the boat was made in ten minutes. Before the canal was cut it took more than a half day to reach the point to which I went. Since we have started the canal we are moving dirt for one and one-half cent per cubic yard, which would have cost us from 25 to 50 cents using the mules.

"This great decrease is due to the use we can now make of the water. The sluice ways carry out more dirt in a minute than all the mules and plows could take away in hours. We can, with the hydraulic pressure we are now using, command 30,000 gallons of water per minute. We have had about three hundred men at work and a number of them came from the gold mines in White and Lumpkin counties. They have been working in those mines up there and are just the men we needed.

"We have not had a sick man since they went down there. Some people think that the swamp is unhealthy, but that is wrong. There is no healthier place in the world. I think it is even better than Saratoga. I go there every summer and am going to take my family down next week to spend the Christmas. It is hard to calculate the great good that will be done when that swamp is drained. A tract of land forty-five miles long and twenty-five wide will be reclaimed and placed on the tax books of the state. That alone will be a great benefit to the people of Georgia. The swamp is filled with the finest timber in the country. There is the long leaf pine, the cypress, the maple, the mahogany, and in fact almost every timber that can be thought of. No one has any idea of the great wealth that is hidden away down in that swamp. In time the canal will be built from one side of the swamp to the other, and on into St. Mary's river. The canal does not yet connect with the river, but will in a short time. The margin has been heretofore penetrable and as soon as we get as far in as we want for the present we will open with the river. About three months work remains to remove the top of one ridge between the river and the eastern margin.

"But, just think of it, a powerful tug boat is now plowing the waters of the Okeefenokee and civilization has made itself at home in this vast wilderness! As I stood upon her deck, feeling the throb of her powerful engines, working her way through the home of the alligator, the bear and the deer, I saw in the future fertile plains, happy homes and a territory equal to two large counties redeemed for dear old Georgia."

THE ALCIPHRONIAN DEBATE.

The Boys of the High School Debate an Important Subject.

The annual Christmas exercises of the Alciphronian Literary and Debating Club took place yesterday, and despite the inclement weather there was a large audience present. The exercises occurred at Browning hall, which had been decorated for the occasion under the direction of Miss Nettie Sargent.

The board of education was represented in the audience, as well as the city council.

The programme throughout was a most interesting one and was rendered in an excellent manner, each participant carrying out his part in the right spirit. In fact, there was a remarkable smoothness shown at yesterday's entertainment that has never been shown in the other special programmes of the Alciphronian Debating Society. Then, too, the presiding officers showed a singular aptness in the part they were called on to take in the exercises.

The first number on the programme was music by Wurm's orchestra. Then followed a speech by Lawrence Turner, entitled "The Sword of Lee," by Father Ryan. Young Turner declaimed in a thorough elocutionary manner and was the recipient of much applause.

"Karl the Martyr" was the subject of Mark Spyer's declamation, and his was the speech of the exercises.

"Shall Our Laurels Wither?" was spoken by W. E. Harwell in good style.

The last speech on the programme was that of Cecil A. Alexander's "A Tribute to Our Country," one of Grady's famous speeches.

In the interlude between the declamations and the debate Wurm's orchestra again discoursed beautiful music.

The debate was:

"Resolved, That the reading of fiction is more beneficial than injurious to the mind."

Affirmative—Frank R. Mitchell, third grade; Floyd C. Furlow, second grade; Allen Bell, first grade B; George F. Hurt, third Grade; Joseph Logan, first gade B; Howell Woodward, second grade.

Negative—Frank L. Fleming, third grade; D. J. Carey, second grade; Wharton Mitchell, first grade A; Albert Licklider, third grade; Alfred Howe, first grade A; G. W. Price, second grade.

Each one of the young orators made splendid arguments and each one had a different way of presenting the question that was up for argument, and some of them were very original.

The best presentment of their different sides was made by George F. Hurt and Howell Woodward, of the affirmative side, and by Albert Licklider and Alfred Howe, of the negative.

After music by the orchestra the president, Ivy L. Lee, made his decision, and it was one that pleased the audience. President Lee reviewed the points made by each side and then announced his decision in favor of the affirmative.

The reports of the critics, Frank Boland and Wolsey Cawthorn, followed the president's decision and caused much laughter, as both critics evinced much wit and humor.

The programme over, Mr. Frank Rice was asked to make a short speech, which he did. The main subject of Mr. Rice's talk was the new High school for the boys. Mr. Rice declared in favor of an elegant High school and was loudly applauded.

Councilman D. A. Beattie also made a shot speech in a very humorous vein.

The Alciphronian Debating Society, before adjourning, on motion of George Hurt, tendered Miss Sargent a vote of thanks for decorating the hall.

TO TOUR THE WORLD.

Mr. S. Paul Brown Will Take a Leisurely Journey as a Globe Trotter.

Mr. S. Paul Brown, formerly editor of The Sunday Sun and later on the editorial staff of The Atlanta Herald, is about to start on a journey around the globe as a special correspondent.

He proposes to make the trip in a leisurely manner, and with no definite line of voyage. His first objective point will be South America, where he hopes to find abundant material for intresting sketches. From thence he will be guided by circumstances, but will probably sail for the Orient, where in Japan, China, Thibet and other eastern realms he will continue his journey, and from thence make his way back home by India, the Cape, Egypt, the Mediterranean countries and Europe.

Mr. Brown is a versatile writer and a close observer, and will doubtless find rich material for a most interesting correspondence to the American newspapers during his long journey. He will leave the home management of his letters to an agent, who will syndicate them for him to the American papers.

Mr. Brown has many friends in Atlanta who will bid him God speed on his journey, and who will doubtless hear from him from time to time through The Constitution, for which he will write of the strange scenes he witnesses in the foreign lands through which his tour lies.

THE "CHIMES OF NORMANDY."

The Atlanta Opera Club Present It at the Edgewood to a Full House.

The Atlanta Opera Club was greeted by a large and critical audience at the Edgewood Avenue theater last night.

"The Chimes of Normandy," that pretty, sweet opera, was on and the house was more than pleased with its rendition by the club.

The event was for the benefit of the Home for the Friendless, and that was enough of itself to have filled the house. The opera was given in a catchy way and those who saw it hope that another opportunity will be given to see it again. All the characters were well sustained and in many respects the rendition would have done credit to a professional company.

Miss Hattie Jones, as Serpolette, was just what the audience wanted, and the reception she received must have pleased her well.

Mrs. Mary Lynde Dowling, as Germaine, the lost marchioness, was excellent, while Mrs. Swan did her work well indeed.

Henri, marquis of Corneville, was given by Mr. Harold G. Simpson in a way that few have ever given it in Atlanta. His work was fine and the audience was delighted with it. Mr. W. C. King as the fisherman was the hit of the evening. His singing was fine.

Mr. Ward, Mr. Storer and Mr. Miles sustained their parts well indeed.

Miss Gypsie Morris's dancing was charming indeed. She showed that the many compliments which have been given her were well deserved. Miss Mary Lou Jackson danced in an easy, graceful way that pleased all and marked her work as good.

MRS. DAVIS'S PENSION.

Major Sidney Root Is Actively Interesting Himself in Her Behalf.

Major Sidney Root is determined to raise a pension from Georgia in behalf of Mrs. Jefferson Davis.

He has undertaken her cause with his characteristic enthusiasm and says he believes the amount that is necessary can easily be secured.

His idea is to raise as much as $500 from the state of Georgia annually and that added to a similar amount from each of the southern states would make a handsome annuity.

The widows of prominent federal generals are all pensioned by the government and the south owes it as a duty to the wife of her dead chieftain to see that she is free from want and surrounded with the comforts of life in her old age.

Mrs. Davis failed to realize a cent from her recent publication and the labor of two patient years was expended in vain.

Major Root has communicated with Governor Northen and the chief executive of the state has assured him of his hearty interest and co-operation.

It is likely that the needed amount will be raised by popular subscription and the sum can be easily realized if only five hundred people agree to contribute the small mite of $1 annually.

A state with a population of two million people, and with resources that are almost infinite in their variety, ought certainly to be able to boast of that number of liberal and patriotic citizens.

The enterprise is a good one and with such a man as Major Root behind it there is little doubt of its being carried to a successful conclusion.

The great state of Georgia, at least in the true-hearted constituency that dwells at home, is true to the old heroes and to the wives of her gallant defenders.

TO BE HELD AT AUGUSTA.

The State Convention of the Young People's Society of Christian Endeavor.

The Young People's Societies of Christian Endeavor, in the state of Georgia, will hold their annual convention at Augusta January 13th, 14th and 15th, 1893.

The convention promises to be one of unusual interest. Some of the best speakers of Georgia have been "booked" for speeches. A special car will convey the Atlanta delegates to Augusta.

CITY NOTES.

Frank P. Fitch, the young man whose troubles to have been the subject of much newspaper notoriety, claimed to be a nephew of Congressman Ashbell P. Fitch, of New York. Congressman Fitch telegraphed The Constitution that there is not a word of truth in the young man's claim. Not only is he no relation to the congressman, but he has never heard of him before.

The members of Payne's chapel held a meeting Wednesday night to bid their pastor farewell.

Rev. S. R. Belk, who has been pastor of Payne's chapel for quite a while, has been appointed pastor of the Methodist church at Gainesville, and he leaves in a day or so to take charge of his new work. At the meeting last night nearly every member of Mr. Belk's church was present, and the goodbys between pastor and congregation were touching. The reception was held in the parsonage. An elegant supper was served by the ladies of the church after the reception was over. During his residence in Atlanta Mr. Belk has made many warm friends who regret to see him leave. He is an able, fearless minister, and is a lecturer of great ability. He has delivered numerous lectures since he has been in Atlanta, all of which were highly interesting.

Mr. W. I. Brewster, a son of Rev. Van Allen Brewster, who had served in the confederate army, died in Polk county in May of this year. By the aid of the people of Atlanta Rev. Mr. Brewster has been enabled to place a modest tombstone over the remains of this gallant confederate to mark his last resting place. Mr. Brewster desires us to return his sincere thanks to those who were kind enough to aid him in erecting this memorial.

Rev. Sylvanus Lane, of the Cincinnati M. E. Conference, says: "We have for years used Hood's Sarsaparilla in our family of five, and find it fully equal to all that is claimed for it."

Song Recital at the Y. M. C. A.

The song recital given by Miss Congdon complimentary to the Ladies' Auxiliary of the Young Men's Christian Association was a decided success. The concert hall was filled with a cultured audience. Miss Congdon was ably assisted by Miss Pancheon, violinist; Mrs. Arthur Richards, accompanist and Miss McArthur as pianist. The programme was rendered to the delight of the large audience.

An Extended Popularity. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES have for many years been the most popular article in use for relieving Coughs and Throat troubles.

We have a large stock of new designs in diamond jewelry, and our diamonds are all fine white stones.
MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

FineEtchings.

The finest works of art in etchings, water colors, pastels, and art novelties may be had at Sam Walker's, 10 Marietta street. no 1

The Thing to Do.

Is to go to Sam Walker's, 10 Marietta street and get some of his fine art goods for holiday gifts. He has fine etchings, water colors, pastels, etc. no 2

The Best.

Now let us tell our story. More appetizing, delicious pork products were never served upon our tables. Sweet and tender—they are the very acme of splendidly prepared products. No wonder the name of Ferris is mentioned wherever the best hams and bacon are known and desired; nothing strange in the fact that the best trade all handle them.—New England Grocer.

Our goods are new and fresh and we have the choicest designs in the market.
MAIER & BERKELE,
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First Art Student—"I do hate to wash brushes! It is such a trouble to get them clean."

Second Art Student—"I take mine home and use **Gold Dust Washing Powder**, and I never have any trouble."

N. K. FAIRBANK & CO., Sole Manufacturers,
CHICAGO, ST. LOUIS, NEW YORK, PHILADELPHIA, BOSTON, BALTIMORE, NEW ORLEANS, SAN FRANCISCO, PORTLAND, ME., PORTLAND, ORE., PITTSBURGH AND MILWAUKEE.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

"The use of 'Castoria' is so universal and its merits so well known that it seems a work of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the intelligent families who do not keep Castoria within easy reach." CARLOS MARTYN, D.D., New York City. Late Pastor Bloomingdale Reformed Church.

Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhœa, Eructation, Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes digestion, Without injurious medication.

"For several years I have recommended your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficial results." EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D., "The Winthrop," 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK.

SPLINT COAL.

It is the best Domestic Coal used in Atlanta today. Hundreds of people buy in it preference to all others.

Buy Your Winter Coal Now

WHILE IT IS CHEAP.

A. H. BENNING.,

Telephone 356 and 1131. Yards, corner Simpson Street and Railroad and 357 Decatur Street.

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Gordon School
FOR BOYS.

Next Session Begins Jan. 2d, 1892.

FACULTY:

W. E. Meagley, A. M. (second year); Professor B. Collonge (second year); W. W. Lumpkin, A. M. (thirteenth year); Captain Wm. J. Kendrick (third year); B. T. Hunter, A. M. (second year); Miss Maggie Meagley (first year). For catalogue, address
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ATLANTA, GA.

Treats Deformities and chronic Diseases, such as Club Feet, Diseases of the Hip, Spine and Joints, Paralysis, Piles, Fistula, Catarrh, Female and private diseases, Hernia, Diseases of the Urinary Organs, etc. Send for illustrated circular.
Name this paper.

Bath Robes,

UMBRELLAS, CANES,
SILK SUSPENDERS,
GLOVES, MUFFLERS,
AND NECKWEAR FOR

Holiday Presents.

MY SPECIALTY IS

NECK WEAR

AND I HAVE THE "SWELLEST" IN TOWN.

Turner Goldsmith,
No. 16 Peachtree Street.

PETER LYNCH

95 Whitehall and 7 Mitchell Sts.

And Branch Store 201 Peters Street.

Is now receiving in addition to his usual large and assorted stock a large supply of fireworks, such as skyrockets, roman candles, cannon crackers, small fire crackers, powder, shot, gun caps, blank and bullet cartridges, etc. He has at his Whitehall street store a large and assorted stock of other Christmas goods, such as wines, rums, gins, brandies and whiskies of all kinds, some of the finest wines and liquors on the continent, all of which will be sold at reasonable prices. All orders from the city and country promptly filled. Terms cash.

GENTLEMEN'S SLIPPERS

FOR CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

I have about 3,000 pairs Gentlemen's Fine Embroidered Slippers in very handsome patterns. Also Alligator Slippers. The regular price is $1.50 to $2. You can pick your choice now at $1.

500 Pairs Gents' Hand-Sewed Russia Calf Slippers in Red, Wine, Black and Tan, $1.50 for choice. These goods are well worth $2.50.

Cork Sole French Calf Shoes for gentlemen, $3.

Three-Sole Heavy Calf Shoes for winter, $3, worth $5.

Red Shoes for Infants and Children, 65c to $1.25.

Spring-Heel Shoes for Ladies, Misses and Children, 50c to $2.

I have the greatest $2 Ladies' Button Shoe in the world.

Boys' School and Fine Dress Shoes, heel and spring heel, 75c to $2.

Ladies' Dongola Button Shoes 85c, $1 and $1.25.

My prices on Fine, First-Class Shoes are cheaper than any house on earth. Come, try me once.

H. A. SNELLING,

82 Whitehall Street.

CHEAPEST SHOE HOUSE ON EARTH.

To the Ladies of Atlanta

AND NEIGHBORING TOWNS:

If you felt sure that five dollars spent in one place would purchase as much as ten or fifteen dollars in another, would it not be to your interest to visit such a place before buying your Christmas presents?

Have you been to the Stevens auction yet? Do you know how Diamonds, Watches and Jewelry are being sacrificed there? If not, it will pay you to investigate the matter. It costs nothing to drop in at the auction as you pass up Whitehall street, and you may save a good many dollars by doing so.

Solid silver spoons and forks have been sold at far below cost; cut glass has been absolutely slaughtered; fine parlor clocks have sold at from 33 and 50 per cent less than cost; silver plated tea sets, butter dishes, knives, forks, cups, etc., at away down below the wholesale cost. Children's Necklaces, solid gold, have sold at $1.25 to $1.50 each; gold heart charms at $1.25 to $2.00 each, and a thousand and one things have gone at proportionately low prices.

You are not consulting your own interest if you do not attend these auction sales, because another chance to secure bargrins like these may not happen again in the history of Atlanta. Remember the place.

J. P. Stevens & Bro.,

47 WHITEHALL St.

A NEW DEPOT.

The Seaboard Will Erect a Mammoth Building.

IT WILL REVOLUTIONIZE TRADE

Atlanta Will Have the Finest Freight Terminal in the South—It Will Cost $600,000.

The last deed was signed yesterday for the tract which is to be the site of the mammoth freight depot and warehouse between Barrow and Forsyth streets and facing on the Western and Atlantic tracks.

This property which has passed or is about to pass into the hands of the Seaboard Air Line has a frontage of 950 feet on the railroad and a depth of 150 feet.

Two months or longer ago, when The Constitution first mentioned this project it was just being started. Quietly the purchasing has gone on and lot after lot has been bought until all that is wanted has been acquired.

Since that time Captain John W. Winder, superintendent of the Georgia, Carolina and Northern railroad, has signed checks amounting to nearly $275,000 for this block of real estate. This is the largest transaction in real estate in Atlanta's history. Mr. W. M. Scott did the buying for Mr. George Dorr, who really represented the Seaboard's Atlanta Belt Line Company.

On this ground the Seaboard company will build an immense four-story brick building, the first floor to be used for a freight depot and the second, third and fourth floors will be used for stores.

The depot will be used jointly by the Seaboard and the Western and Atlantic. It will be the largest and finest freight terminal in the south. With the Seaboard running to the east and the Western and Atlantic to the west, the facilities afforded shippers are recognized at a glance. There will be seventy or more offices on the first floor for merchants and above there will be thirty-nine large, fireproof storerooms. It is predicted that the wholesale grocery and provision trade will move from Alabama street to this great depot, where the merchants will have free delivery. Each store in the building will have two elevators, one on the railroad side and the other on the north on which side a roadway will be opened with Spring and Bartow running right down it and with an exit into Forsyth street under the new bridge. Cars from the east and west will come direct to the merchant's door and there will be no draying except for local trade.

The total investment in ground and building will be $600,000. Considerable work has been done in clearing away the buildings which stood on the land. The plans for the building are nearly completed and it will be finished before the opening of next summer.

On the first floor there will be a column or post. The roof and upper floors are to be supported by Stal arches after the manner of the largest building at the world's fair. This depot will be right in the heart of the city.

Among the parties from whom ground has been purchased are: John Silvey, Messrs. Kontz and Catherine Denny, the Austell estate, the Elevator Company, the Edison Electric Light Company. One check was given for $58,000. Mrs. Denny got $37,000 for a piece of ground which a few years ago was sold for $5,000.

The building will belong to the Seaboard company, but the Western and Atlantic will be a lessee. Rents in it are to be at a reasonable figure.

Real estate all around the neighborhood on Spring and Marietta streets has gone up from $300 to $400 a front foot. The tendency will be for that locality to become a great business section. The depot and stores in connection solve the free delivery question so far as the Seaboard and Western and Atlantic are concerned. These companies are considered to have made a shrewd move in laying their plans, because they will be so conveniently situated.

The Seaboard has just completed its belt line at a cost of a quarter of a million dollars. It has bought a tract of land at its junction with the Western and Atlantic and will locate its freight yards there. These yards will be arranged in the most approved manner and will accommodate 1,000 cars.

The Seaboard's total investment in and around Atlanta will be $1,000,000 when the new depot is completed. Over on the east side of the city it has a site for a depot which it hoped to reach over the Georgia railroad's track. Being shut out there it went around to the Spring site. It is possible that the Atlanta and West Point may buy the site on the east side, as it could get the use of the Georgia's tracks. The Seaboard offered to pay $25,000 a year rental to the Georgia road to let the Georgia, Carolina and Northern into the union depot from the east side of the city. Being shut out there the belt line was built and close traffic arrangements were made with the Western and Atlantic which will be advantageous to both.

HEADQUARTERS SECURED,

And Now the Christmas Present Club Is Booming Along.

The Christmas Present Club is now fairly organized and well under way. Mr. T. C. Hampton, the leading spirit in the movement, spent a busy day yesterday getting things straight. He is devoting all his time to the work now, and is determined to make it a success. He is ably assisted by a number of people who have volunteered their assistance.

Yesterday the club secured headquarters for permanent operations at 10 Decatur street, in the basement of the Gould building. Here Mr. Hampton and members of the committee can be found and here they will make their headquarters during the holidays. Persons who desire to give presents will send them here. From now until after Christmas the headquarters will be a busy place. It is expected that it will be filled with presents, the voluntary contributions of charitable people who want to help in the work.

At 36 Decatur street the management of the club has secured a place where coal and contributions of that character may be left. From these two places on Christmas morning the presents will be sent out. Forty young ladies are wanted to help at the main headquarters in the arrangement of presents. Mr. Hampton thinks that he will be able to get the young ladies to help without any trouble. The people generally are taking more interest in the project than ever and it is now sure of being the greatest success ever known in a similar venture in this city.

All day Christmas dozens of drays will be kept busy hauling presents from the headquarters to poor families in the city. The presents will take a more substantial form than toys or trinkets. Things useful will be given, and the children will not be the only ones who will receive presents. It will be a grand Christmas.

Death of an Infant.

The infant son of Mr. A. L. Sloan died at the residence of his father, No. 88 Broad street, yesterday morning. The little fellow was the source of great delight to the happy parents and his presence was like a visitor from heaven in their home. He was named for his grandfather, Mr. J. B. Scarratt.

It is not necessary to call a doctor for a cut or bruise; get Salvation Oil. Only 25 cts.

THE BERLITZ SCHOOL OF LANUGAGES,

No. 17 E. Cain Street.

Persons desiring to learn either French, German, Spanish, Italian or other languages can do no better than to take a course in this famous school.

Classes are constantly being formed in the different languages and only experienced native teachers are employed.

Hours to suit all.

PROFESSOR R. COLLONGE,
Principal and Director.

AN ATLANTA MAN

Accused of Stealing a Big Sum of Money from an Adairsville Merchant.

Mr. W. Y. Bailey, of Adairsville, Ga., was in the city yesterday looking for John Jones, who stole nearly two hundred dollars from him on Wednesday.

Jones lives in the city, and worked for Bailey at Adairsville for several days previous to last Wednesday. Bailey is a merchant and conducts a successful business. Jones stayed around the store and learned where Bailey kept his money. Wednesday morning he disappeared, and soon after he left Bailey missed his money. He set out to follow him, and learned that he had come toward this city.

Bailey knew that Jones lived here, and he decided to follow him to Atlanta. He boarded a train for Atlanta Thursday afternoon, and at Marietta he learned that Jones had left the train there, no doubt expecting that he would be watched for upon the arrival of the train in Atlanta.

Jones's mother lives at Bellwood, and it was expected thtt he would go there. He has not shown up yet, however, as the officers have kept a close lookout for him.

POISON AT THE FRONT DOOR.

Samples of Baking Powd are Safest in the Ash Barrel.

No article entering so generally into the food of every family has been found more villainously adulterated than baking powder. For the purpose of underselling those powders of absolute purity and wholesomeness which alone are safe for use in food, hundreds of dealers are putting up baking powders with cheap and adulterated cream of tartar, which contains lime, earth, etc., adding strength by the free use of alum.

These adulterated powders are "shoved" upon the public with the greatest persistency. Many are given away—left in samples at private residences with circulars containing bogus analysis and certificates and false representations as to their value, etc. The worst of them are frequently introduced to the housekeeper's attention by fraudulent tricks or by bogus samples, the areicles when purchased being found to be entirely different from the samples shown. The fact that a powder is sampled from door to door is sufficient to condemn it. A first-class article will sell on its merits. No manufacturer whose goods are of value can afford to give them away, or to test them from door to door, and none but the cheapest make and most inferior or unmarketable goods require to be distributed free in order to get the public to use them, and this method is adopted only by parties who have failed to dispose of their wares through ordinary and legitimate channels.

Free samples of articles of food left at the house should be regarded with suspicion. There is no guarantee of their wholesomeness, while there is real danger that they contain a fatally poisoning compound. Many instances of poisoning from the use of such samples are recorded.

The only safe way is to consign all such samples immediately to the ash barrel, and to turn a deaf ear to the statements made by their venders. It is not worth while to trifle with life and health to the extent of testing every doubtful baking powder that comes along. Better to rely upon an old and reliable brand, like the Royal, which has, by a quarter of a century's constant use, proved its perfect wholesomeness and efficiency, or some other brand that is not so worthless and cheap that its proprietors can afford to give it away by the cartload or waste it in making innumerable tests. It is in its favor that the Royal Baking Powder is never given away, sold by means of lotteries, nor accompanied by chromos, spoons, crockery or other gifts except the gifts of absolute purity, wholesomeness, full weight, and superlative leavening power. Its own merits have been its chief advertisement, and they have secured for it the constant patronage of the American people to an extent beyond the combined sale of all other baking powders. The Royal Baking Powder is certified by all the government chemists as absolutely pure and perfect.

NEXT THURSDAY NIGHT

The Hibernian Rifles' Hall Will Be Thrown Open.

On next Thursday night the Hibernian Rifles will throw their elegant new hall open to their friends, and a formal opening will be had. There will be no exercises of any kind, but genuine Irish hospitality will prevail and a fine time may be expected.

The hall is located in the new Coker building on Hunter street. A magnificent parlor has been fitted up, and with its costly and tasty furnishings is one of the finest in the city. Adjoining the parlor is an elegant billiard room.

A library has also been fitted up, and will be supplied with one thousand volumes, and there will be other works besides Tom Moore's poetry. Pending the organization of the Rifles into a full fledged military company the headquarters are being run as a club room. And it is one club without a sideboard. The Rifles is composed of a membership of one hundred and ten, which will be increased by half soon. It is composed of the best Irishmen in the city, and will be when organized a rival of the finest military companies in the state.

A Failure at Thomasville.

Thomasville, Ga., December 16.—(Special.) The firm of George Wright & Son, of Cairo, in the hands of a receiver. Wednesday a petition was filed by the Thomasville National bank, Meinhardt Bros. & Co., the Bay State Shoe and Leather Company and J. Kyle & Co., asking for an injunction and receiver. Judge Hansell set the time of hearing on the 17th instant. S. L. Hayes has been appointed temporary receiver. The total amount of claims of the petitioners is $11,940, but other liabilities will swell the sum to a large amount. The firm is one of the oldest and best known in southern Georgia.

Postmaster Denning Dying.

Augusta, Ga., December 16—(Special.)—Postmaster J. T. Denning is dying. For four years Captain Denning has been affected with paralysis of the spine and his condition has continually been getting worse. Ever since he was first afflicted the doctors who attended him were satisfied the disease would reach the brain, and when that occurred death would result.

The crisis came this morning when the brain beame affected and a blood vessel burst. He is now unconscious and is rapidly sinking. Death is expected before morning.

Beauty often depends on plumpness; so does comfort: so does health. If you get thin, there is something wrong, though you may feel no sign of it.

Thinness itself is a sign; sometimes the first sign; sometimes not.

The way to get back plumpness is by CAREFUL LIVING, which sometimes includes the use of Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil.

Let us send you—free—a little book which throws much light on all these subjects.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, 132 South 5th Avenue, New York.

Your druggist keeps Scott's Emulsion of cod-liver oil—all druggists everywhere do. $1.

A Guaranteed Cure for the Opium Habit

We guarantee to cure the opium, morphine, laudanum and paregoric habits in fifteen days, no matter how long followed nor quantity taken daily, nor how many failures may have been made in efforts to effect a cure. Our treatment is harmless and leaves the patient with no desires for, nor need of opium in any form nor any substitute. Our proposition is, if no cure, then, no pay for treatment, board nor attention. Sanitarium at Salt Springs, near Austell, Ga. Correspondence confidential. Address Drs. Nelms Guarantee Opium Cure Company, or postoffice box 61, Austell, Ga.
dec4-d1m

WAS IN ATLANTA.

Eddie Gibbons, the Famous Pickpocket, Caught in Cincinnati.

HE HAD A MARKHAM HOUSE CHECK

In His Possession, and It Was Found That He Spent Some Time Here. Other Police News.

Eddie Gibbons, one of the most talented pickpockets in the country, and one whose face can be found in rogues' galleries the country over, has been captured in Cincinnati.

And after the capture it developed that the charming Eddie had worked Atlanta. The police department of this city believe that Eddie is responsible for much of the recent stealing that has occurred in Atlanta.

Yesterday Chief Connolly received a letter from Police Superintendent Philip Deitsch, of Cincinnati, notifying him that the notorious Eddie had been captured. He added that Eddie was, perhaps, the most notorious and clecerest pickpocket in the United States. He wrote that he had learned that Gibbons had been in Atlanta recently, and he had no doubt but what he had worked the city while here.

Superintendent Deitsch inclosed in his letter a baggage check from the Markham house, which he found in Gibbons's possession. He requested Chief Connolly to call at the Markham for the baggage and find out what it was. He thought it might contain some evidence against the pickpocket. Police Captain Thompson called for the baggage, and was disappointed in finding nothing but a fine silk hat. An examination of the register showed that Gibbons had never registered at the Markham, but the party to whom check 147 had been issued stopped at the Markham during the carnival under another name. Mr. Gibbons's hat was left at the Markham. The police feel sure that Gibbons did some of his slick work here, and that if the matter could be sifted, it would be found that he was at the bottom of some of the clever thefts that were committed here during the recent carnival.

He Went A-hunting.

Patrolman Buck Ozburn was not lost Thursday night when he failed to report for duty when his regular watch went on. His absence created a great deal of uneasiness, and it was feared that he had been the victim of foul play. His wife was badly wrought up, and early yesterday morning she sent out to his farm at Westview cemetery to find if he were there. And there he was found and when told that he was thought to be lost, he was greatly surprised. He said after going off duty he had gone direct to his farm on the Battle Hill car, and had enjoyed a day's hunt there. He always keeps a gun there, and often goes out to hunt for a day. He says he told his wife that he was going, but she did not understand that he was to go Thursday.

A Thief with Cheek.

Mrs. M. L. Richardson, of Smyrna, Ga., wife of a leading citizen of that place, came in on the Western and Atlantic train yesterday morning. Just before reaching the city a well dressed man walked up behind her, and without a word lifted her cloak from the back of her seat and walked out before her astonished eyes. She was too surprised to stop him, and she said nothing until it was too late. When she reported the matter to the conductor the thief had disappeared. As soon as the train reached the city Mrs. Richardson called at police headquarters and reported her loss, and gave the detectives a description of the cheeky robber.

He Robbed the Blind.

The police are after Jim Smith, a negro, who robbed Florence Turner, the blind woman, of $12.50. The blind woman is the familiar organ grinder who sits on street corners with her squeaking organ. The negro stole the money out of the cup into which it was dropped by sympathetic passers by. A warrant has been sworn out for the negro.

Just an Ordinary Row.

Unofficial information has been received at the war department to the effect that during a recent dance on the Mexican side of the Rio Grande near El Paso a captain and ensign and four soldiers, all Mexican, killed. The disturbance was not political, simply an ordinary row.

ASTONISHED THE COMUNITC.

A Communication from a Prominent Virginian, which Will Be Found Interesting.

The postmaster of Marye, Va., writes very interestingly of a venerable aged lady residing at that place, and says: "She had two severe cancers, one near the eye and the other on the neck; the latter, under the use of S. S. S., has entirely disappeared, without leaving a scar or sign of any kind. The other one has been reduced from several inches in diameter to the size of a 10 cent piece, and she sincerely believes that your medicine will perfect a complete and permanent cure. She begs me to write and give you her heartfelt thanks. Your S. S. S. has astonished this vast community far and wide, for this lady is seventy-seven years old, and is extensively known. I send you my best wishes for the continued success of your truly wonderful remedy.

"BENNETT N. WIGLESWORTH."

Misses Dennis & Roberts

General shorthand and copying offices, No. 448 Equitable Building. Stenographers furnished by the hour, day, week or permanently. Phone 1275. oct 14—1y

Apples, Wholesale.

J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,
dec16-8t No. 4 North Broad Street.

Our diamond and pearl enameled pendants and brooches excite the admiration of all who see them, and the prices are surprisingly low.

MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

Bill Arp for Christmas.

What an elegant present for a friend or yourself is Bill Arp's latest book, "Fireside Sketches." Read it and laugh, and then read it again and laugh some more. Price $1.50, postpaid. Address Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.
dec11 to dec24

Bananas, Wholesale.

J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,
dec16-8t No. 4 North Broad Street.

In dainty Roman necklaces with heart and enameled flower pendants we have a choice line.

MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

WHISKY AND OPIUM

An Awful Though Unintentional Error, is that of drinking whisky and using opium and morphine. Stop! Reflect! and apply to Dr. B. M. Woolley, Atlanta, Ga., and be cured as thousands of others have been who are now free with unclouded minds and happy families. A treatise sent free to all applicants.

A beautiful collection of choice umbrellas and canes with ivory, gold and silver heads.

MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

Bids Wanted.

The Southern Baptist college at Manchester is asking for bids on the iron works, columns, etc,, to be used in the magnificent college structure now going up.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the office of the Manchester Investment Company, 34 1-2 Wall street. sat-sun

Card cases and pocketbooks in lizzard, seal and calf skins. A large selection at low prices.

MAIER & BERKELE,
dec14-7t 31 and 93 Whitehall Street.

BALLARD HOUSE

A New and Elegant Hotel on Peachtree Street.

One of the best and most convenient hotels in the city is the Ballard house. Its location is just opposite the governor's mansion. It has suites and single rooms. Every convenience. The choicest fare. jan28-d1y

SILVER CHURN
TRADE MARK
BUTTERINE
ARMOUR BUTTERINE CO.
KANSAS CITY, MO.

ONE REASON

for the success of Silver Churn Butterine is that its nutritive qualities are highly concentrated. In cooking, one ounce of Silver Churn Buttterine will do the work performed by three ounces of natural butter. Try the experiment yourself. For sale by Best Grocers. See our Silver Churn trade mark on each wrapper.

THE PHILLIPS & CREW CO.

—WILL HAVE THEIR—

CHRISTMAS OPENING

SATURDAY, DEC. 17th.

First Concert, 10 to 12 a. m.
Second Concert, 2 to 5 p. m.
Third Concert, 7.30 to 9:30 p. m.

Fine Soloists. Thornton's Orchestra.

You Are Invited to Attend.

thurs-fri-sat

CALL UP

STILSON

And Ask Him the Price of His

HOLIDAY GOODS

—CONSISTING OF—

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks and Jewelry

Before purchasing elsewhere. He will save you money. His motto: RELIABLE GOODS, FAIR DEALING and BOTTOM PRICES.

STILSON,

55 WHITEHALL STREET.

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FOR

CHRISTMAS PRESENTS.

We have an immense stock of those inexpensive silver novelties which are always so acceptable.

Our diamond and pearl enameled Pendants and Brooches excite the admiration of all who see them, and the prices are surprisingly low.

In dainty Roman Necklaces with heart and enameled flower Pendants we have a choice line.

We have a large stock of New Designs in Diamond jewelry, and our diamonds are all fine white stones.

A beautiful collection of choice Umbrellas and Canes with ivory, gold and silver heads.

Card Cases and Pocket Books in lizard, seal and calf skins. A large selection at low prices.

Solid gold and gold-filled Watches cheaper than ever before and innumerable new designs.

Our stores will remain open every night during the holidays until 9 o'clock. You are cordially invited to call.

Our goods are new and fresh and we have the choicest designs in the market.

MAIER & BERKELE,

JEWELERS. 2 STORES: No. 31 Whitehall St. No. 93 Whitehall St.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Mattie J. Boggan has applied for letters of administration on the estate of William C. Boggan, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—John B. Jett has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Alison W. Jett, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—William M. Walraven has applied for letters of administration on the estate of George F. Walraven, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary,
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—William Koch has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John N. Cannon, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—M. O. Thompson has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary E. Thompson, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—William C. Gill has applied for letters of administration on the estate of John Wyley, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892—William A. Brannon has applied for letters of administration on the estate of James C. Brannon, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Richard F. Mauldin has applied for letters of administration on the estate of J. C. Mauldin, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—James Mitchell has applied for letters of administration on the estate of Mary Frost, deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else letters will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—John M. Holbrook, guardian of James H. Holbrook, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in January next, why said guardian should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Mary A. Robbins, administratrix of estate of Elizabeth Knight, deceased, represents that she has fully discharged the duties of her said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned, to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said administratrix should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-3m-sat

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—John W. and Martin Ball, administrators of estate of Peter Ball, deceased, represent that they have fully discharged the duties of their said trust, and pray for letters of dismission. This is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in March next, why said administrators should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-3m-sat

GEORGIA, Fulton County—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, Dec. 9, 1892—The appraisers appointed upon application of Johnie A. Dollar, widow of C. E. Dollar, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children, having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, Fulton County—Court of Ordinary, Chambers, December 9, 1892.—The appraisers appointed upon application of Clara J. Green, widow of J. M. Green, deceased, for a twelve months' support for herself and minor children having filed their return, all persons concerned are hereby cited to show cause, if any they have, at the next January term of this court, why said application should not be granted. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Cornelius J. Simmons, administrator on the estate of Robert H. Jenkins, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—John C. Hendrix, administrator on the estate of Rudolph Kutzschan, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Samuel H. Burt, executor if the will of Susan Freeman, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec-10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Lewis S. Morris, administrator on the estate of Willis Swift, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec-10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—William H. Dean, guardian of Samuel C. Dean, minor, has applied for leave to sell the land of said minor. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN,
dec-10-17-24-31 Ordinary.

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY.—Ordinary's Office, December 9, 1892.—Julian A. Hutchison, administrator on the estate of Samuel Morrison, deceased, has applied for leave to sell the land of said deceased. This is, therefore, to notify all concerned to file their objections, if any they have, on or before the first Monday in January next, else leave will then be granted said applicant, as applied for. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
dec-10-17-24-31

GEORGIA, FULTON COUNTY—Ordinary's Office, November 11, 1892.—Benjamin F. Pim, as administrator of Anna E. Pim, represents that he has fully discharged the duties of his said trust, and prays for letters of dismission. This, is, therefore, to notify all persons concerned to show cause, if any they can, on or before the first Monday in February next, why said administrator should not be discharged from said trust. W. L. CALHOUN, Ordinary.
nov11 3m sat

Notice to Debtors and Creditors.

All creditors of the estate of L. D. Adams, late of Fulton county, deceased, are hereby notified to render in their demands to the undersigned according to law, and all persons indebted to said estate are required to make immediate payment.

December 6, 1892. EDWIN H. FRAZER,
dec 10-6t sun Administrator.

Why Will

You wait until the lastfewdays to make your Christmas selections? It is a poor plan. Early comers have the first choice and are assured prompt attention. We can suit you—we have got what you want. A call is all that's necessary.

Are you thinking of a Diamond or a watch? Prices are correct on these.

JULIUS R. WATTS & CO.,

JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
No. 57 Whitehall Street

NOTICE.

This is to notify my fiends and patrons that on December 1st the carriage and wagon business conducted by me at No. 35 and 37 West Alabama st. has been discontinued, having connected myself with the Standard Wagon Co., at No. 38 and 40 Walton st., where the public and friends generally are cordially invited to call at any time to see us. E. D. CRANE.

Buggies,	Farm Wagons,
Phaetons,	Road Carts,
Carriages,	Harness,
Landaus,	Lap Robes,
Victorias,	Horse Blankets
Two Wheelers.	Whips, etc.

Largest Stock, Greatest Assortment } IN THE SOUTH

STANDARD WAGON CO.

38 and 40 Walton Street.

Back of Postoffice.

Liebig Companys Extract of Beef

BEST

PUREST BEEF TEA CHEAPEST

INVALUABLE

nthe Kitchen for Soups, Sauce and Made Dishes.

nov12—dly wed n, r, last g mp

GAY'S

Is the place to buy the nicer things for your holiday gifts, such as

SMOKING JACKETS,
DRESSING GOWNS,
SILK SUSPENDERS,
SILK HANDKERCHIEFS,
FINE NECKWEAR,
KID GLOVES,
NIGHT ROBES,
SILK HAT TRUNKS,
SILK UMBRELLAS,
WALKING CANES,

And hundreds of other nice things you'll find when you get there.

Beyond doubt you'll find this to be the most elegant line of goods you ever looked upon.

18 WHITEHALL STREET.



20 Years of marvelous success in the treatment of MEN and WOMEN.

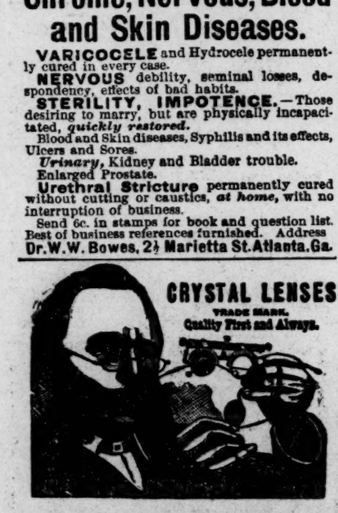
Dr. W. W. Bowes

ATLANTA, GA.,

SPECIALIST IN

Chronic, Nervous, Blood and Skin Diseases.

VARICOCELE and Hydrocele permanently cured in every case.
NERVOUS debility, seminal losses, despondency, effects of bad habits.
STERILITY, IMPOTENCE.—Those desiring to marry, but are physically incapacitated, *quickly restored.*
Blood and Skin diseases, Syphilis and its effects, Ulcers and Sores.
Urinary, Kidney and Bladder trouble.
Enlarged Prostate.
Urethral Stricture permanently cured without cutting or caustics, *at home*, with no interruption of business.
Send 6c. in stamps for book and question list. Best of business references furnished. Address
Dr. W. W. Bowes, 24 Marietta St. Atlanta, Ga.



GOLD SPECTACLES FOR CHRISTMAS.

Will exchange after presentation if the glasses do not fit. We have been doing this for several holiday seasons to the satisfaction of large list of patrons.
KELLAM & MOORE, Scientific Opticians, 54 Old Capitol, opposite postoffice.

2 YEARS OLD

ROSEBUSHES,

Finest varieties for the south.

$2.50 per Dozen.

Send for Illustrated and Descriptive Catalogue FREE. As usually

Choice Cut Flowers

Grown at our Extensive

Rosebank Green Houses,

Office and store, 10 Marietta street and the Aragon Hotel.
C. A. DAHL & CO

HE WILL RESIGN.

At the Next Meeting of the General Council Mr. Goodwin Will Quit

BEING CITY ATTORNEY OF ATLANTA

His Letter of Resignation Has Been Written, and Will Be Transmitted Next Monday—Who Will Succeed Him.

Mayor-elect Goodwin has written his resignation as city attorney, and will send the paper to the clerk of the council in a day or two.

Next Monday the resignation will be presented to the general council and will be accepted.

There seems to be no doubt about Mayor-elect Goodwin's successor as city attorney. Every one says that it will be Judge James A. Anderson, who has been assistant city attorney for years. But whether the election for Mr. Goodwin's successor will take place next Monday or not cannot be said. Some think it will, while there are many who say that it will not. It is a matter which belongs wholly to the general council. That body may decide to go into the election as soon as Mr. Goodwin's resignation is read. Then again it may decide to leave the attorneyship just where it is, and let the new council, which comes in the first Monday in January, take the job. The retiring members of the council do not appear to be taking much interest in the matter, and the chances are that they will let the new council have the whack at Judge Anderson's complimentary nominating speeches and unanimous vote.

That Judge Anderson will be the new city attorney is as it should be. He has made a most faithful and efficient assistant to Mr. Goodwin, and the promotion would be nothing more than a just recognition of the good work he has done. No man in the city knows half as much about the history of the litigation to which the city is a party as Judge Anderson, and it would take many long days of hard study to equip an attorney for the work. So thoroughly pleased are all with the judge's good work that no one has been found who will antagonize him.

For the position which Judge Anderson now occupies there are several candidates.

The Standing Committees.

Some of the slate makers, who never make a mistake, are now making out the standing committees for '93.

If they can make a list that will please Mr. Goodwin when he goes into the mayor's chair, and he will accept it, they will not only save him lots of work but will receive his thanks.

One of the hardest things that befalls a mayor after he steps into the chair is the appointment of his committees. The standing committees do the hard work outside of the council chamber, and if a mayor is fortunate in making his selections he saves himself much trouble. Mr. Goodwin has a good set of gentlemen from whom to select and will find the task before him one requiring much time and thought.

Will Report Monday.

The special committee having in hand the ordinance of Mr. Hill, changing the handling of Atlanta money, will make out its report today and have it ready for the general council Monday.

The indications are that the report of the committee will be adverse to the ordinance in its present form. The council will consider the report and may adopt it as presented.

It is more than likely that the matter will be recommitted and that the committee will take another whack at it.

The Annual Reports.

The officers about the city hall are now working on their annual reports which will be submitted to the general council at their first meeting in January. The standing committees of the council are working on their reports, too. Some of these reports will prove very interesting reading matter.

Pushing the New Buildings.

The committee on public buildings and grounds are pushing the work on the new house and the new fire department headquarters. The committee hopes that the buildings will both be ready for occupancy within the next sixty days. The old bell is now being placed on the tower of the new engine house and yesterday rang out an alarm for the first time. The sound of the bell was familiar music to all who heard it and many for a moment thought that the fire companies had moved into their new building. The bell rests in a cupola on top of the building and can be heard much further than ever before. It sounds louder and sweeter than when it occupied its perch over the old engine house.

HOME FOR THE HOMELESS GIRLS.

It Will Be Removed to Its New Location in About Two Weeks.

Just two weeks from next Saturday the Home for the Fallen Women will be moved into its new quarters on Simpson street.

The property belongs to the city and the home will be allowed to occupy it until its contemplated building is erected.

It is a large and comfortable building and is well adapted to the purpose.

The new building will be erected on the Atlanta and Chattahoochee road and work will begin as early as the 1st of next February.

It will cost about $7,000 and the plans are now being drawn by the architects.

Mr. Crittenden, the well-known philanthropist, will supply as much as $1,400 of this amount and the balance will be raised by popular subscription.

The home each year will be visited by Mr. Crittenden or by one of his representatives.

The income of Mr. Crittenden is $60,000 a year, and of this amount all except 5 per cent is devoted to the cause of charity.

He will ectrust the management of the home to local officers, and if the money on hand is not sufficient he will see that the deficit is supplied.

In the event of his death provision will be made for the maintenance of the institution.

Mrs. Joseph Hirsch has taken a decided interest in the movement and will add her endeavors to those of the other ladies who are seeking to raise the amount that is necessary to erect the building.

A lot of money has already been subscribed, while Messrs. Miles & Stiff have donated a handsome organ.

No Christmas and New Year's table should be without a bottle of Angostura Bitters, the world renowned appetizer of exquisite. Beware of counterfeits.

Union Pacific railway is the short line to Colorado, Utah, Montana, Idaho, Washington, Oregon, and California. For illustrated pamphlets, maps, rates, etc., address
JAMES F. AGLAN,
General Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

Oranges, Wholesale.
J. W. PHILLIPS & CO.,
dec16-8t No. 4 North Broad Street.

Phillips' Digestible Cocoa, nutricious as rich chocolate, easily digseted, delicious flavor.

Christmas for a Friend.

Bill Arp's new book is now in its fourth edition. No southern book of recent years has met with such a sale and such endorsement from people and press. Buy it for Christmas. Price $1.50, postpaid. Address Constitution, Atlanta, Ga.

We have two stores and the largest stock of beautiful holiday novelties in the city and our prices are positively lower than the same goods can be bought elsewhere, and in our stores you have beautiful new goods to select from. Maier & Berkele, Jewelers, 31 and 93 Whitehall street.

Registration books for County, Election, first Wednesday in January 1893, will close December the 20th.

BECK & GREGG HARDWARE CO,

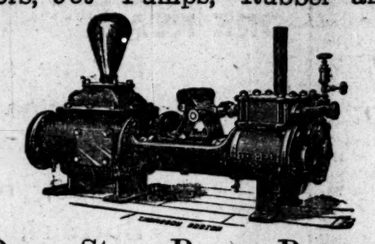
ATLANTA, GEORGIA,

SUPPLIES FOR RAILROADS,

Machine Shops, Mills, Mines, Factories and Contractors

IRON PIPE & FITTINGS

Brass, Iron and Water Valves, Inspirators, Injectors, Jet Pumps, Rubber and Leather Belting





Deane Steam Pumps, Reeves Wood Split Pulleys

WHAT BETTER CHRISTMAS PRESENT

Could you make to your wife than a nice Dinner Set or a fine Tea Set. We have them in all prices, from $6 up to $300 a set. Come at once and have one of these sets put aside for you, to be delivered Christmas Eve. Our assortment in everything appertaining to a first-class Crockery store is complete and prices very low.

HEADQUARTERS OF SANTA CLAUS!

TOYS! DOLLS! TOYS!

OUR ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR

A VERITABLE PARADISE for CHILDREN

We will keep open at nights until Christmas.

THE DRESDEN,

37 Whitehall and 30 S. Broad Streets.

FREEMAN JEWELRY CO.



EVENING CALLERS ARE WELCOME.

Open evenings till Christmas?

Because it is a public demand. We obey the vox populi whenever possible.

If the people did not care to come, if the store were not attrrative, then we would be free merely to open it during theHolidays'eason for the usual business hours.

But there are hundreds whose exacting occupations claim all the day. Unless the hours are extended they are deprived of all the store has to give them. For their sake it is kept open. And the pleased crowds will appreciate our obedience to public demand.

And we are also glad for all the added business it brings.

FREEMAN JEWELRY CO.,

25 WHITEHALL STREET.

The Willson Whisky Company

WHOLESALE.

41 Peachtree Street. Telephone 1006

Our stock of Whiskies, Wines, Brandies, Beers, Cigars and Tobaccos being now complete, we are prepared to offer the public special bargains. We have some very choice old Whiskies, both rye and corn.

OUR

Engraving Business

Will be continued,

AND DURING THE AUCTION SALES A SPECIAL DEPARTMENT WILL BE KEPT OPEN AT THE FRONT OF THE STORE, WHERE ORDERS FOR

Wedding, Reception —AND— Call Cards

WILL BE RECEIVED AND DELIVERED. WORK EXECUTED PROMPTLY AND IN THE LATEST STYLES.

J. P. STEVENS & BRO.,

JEWELERS.



Getting Over the Difficulty

of selecting a useful and highly acceptable Christmas Present is easily accomplished when you take a look at the extraordinary values

WE ARE NOW OFFERING

—IN—

Men, Boys and Children's SUITS AND OVERCOATS.

Don't Fail to See Them.

HIRSCH BROTHERS, 44 Whitehall Street.

SCIPLE SONS,

OFFICE, No. 6 LOYD STREET, ATLANTA, GA.

Fire Brick, Stove Thimbles,
Lime, Stove Flues,
Fire Clay,
Chimney Tops.
Sewer Pipe,
Plaster Paris
Plastering Hair.
Jellico Coal,
Blacksmith Coal,
Anthracite Coal,
Cements,

The Brown & King Supply Company,

ATLANTA, - - - GEORGIA.

SPECIALS! SPECIALS! SPECIALS!



WROUGHT IRON PIPE, FITTINGS,
VALVES, INJECTORS, EJECTORS,
STEAM PUMPS, etc.
Rubber and Leather Belting,
PACKING HOSE, etc.
Wood Split Pulleys,
SHAFTING,
Hangers, Boxes, etc.,
FACTORY SUPPLIES
of every description,
IRON and WOOD WORKING MACHINERY.



EISEMAN BROS

BARGAINS OF COURSE.

THAT'S A DECEMBER CERTAINTY

Eternal vigilance is not only the price of peace, but it's the price of any successful business effort.

The man who sleeps at his post is lost.

The Successful Clothier Must Anticipate the Future.

He Must Create Necessities.

He Must Educate Taste.

One hand on the plow, the other on the reigns of government, with eyes strained into the mists of the morrow, we can't look backward.

We are beating all former records, and we've had some big cash days at this Store. But that each day may be better than its forerunner we must be incessant in our efforts to create enthusiasm.

In the Merchant Tailoring Department there is a healthy saving for those who buy this week. The Suitings and Trouserings are in strong array and cutter and sewers were never in cuter trim—just the same.

10 PER CENT DISCOUNT ALLOWED.

We have too many Frock Cutaway Suits in sizes 33, 34 and 35. Want to close 'em out. They're marked at half price. The Clothing Bargain of the Century.

Have replenished all the regular lines and the stock now is as full, fresh and beautiful as hyacinths in May.

EISEMAN BROS

15-17 Whitehall Street.

NO BRANCH HOUSE IN ATLANTA.